NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXII. No. 23325. 報西林字 SHANGHAI, MONDAY, JANUARY 15, 1940 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

SOVIET CONSULAR INTERESTS IN SHANGHAI

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as from Monday, January 15, 1940, all matters pertaining to the prolongation of passports of Soviet citizens as well as to visas of foreign passports will be attended to by Mr. J. P. Sharikoff at the Offices of the Consulate General of the U.S.S.R., Whangpoo Road, 20 (Telephone 42220) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

T. KNUDTZON,
Consul General for Norway,
in temporary charge of the Consular Interests of the U.S.S.R. in Shanghai.

10240

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on account of transfer to other duties, the Power of Attorney issued to Mr. George Alfred Flynn as District Manager for The Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Shanghai, has been cancelled and recalled.

Similar Power of Attorney has been issued to Mr. Hans Adolf Bieling who has been appointed District Manager at Shanghai to succeed Mr. G. A. Flynn.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LIMITED
By: P. F. LEFEVRE,
Managing Director.

Shanghai, January 15, 1940. 10259

NOTICE

NOTICE IS GIVEN that Mr. T. B. BROWN, Jr., has resigned from this Office as from date of this notice.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES
R. A. KREULEN,
General Agent

January 15, 1940. 10257

SHANGHAI TELEPHONE CO.

Federal Inc. U.S.A.

NOTICE TO DEBENTURE HOLDERS

Twenty-five Year First Mortgage 6% Silver Debentures, Series A.
First Mortgage 6% Silver Dollar Debentures, Series B due 1957.
First Mortgage 6% Silver Dollar Debentures, Series C due 1957.

Pursuant to the Indenture and Trust Deed dated August 1, 1932, securing the above-mentioned Debentures of this Company, no transfers or exchanges of such Debentures will be made during the period from January 22, 1940 to the next interest payment date of such Debentures, namely February 1, 1940 (both days inclusive).

C. D. LONGHURST,
Secretary and Comptroller.

Shanghai, January 13, 1940. 10262

WHANGPOO CONSERVANCY BOARD

NOTIFICATION NO. 327

TENDER FOR COAL.

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply, for dredgers, tugs and launches, of Washed or Screened Nut Coal for a period of Six months of a maximum quantity of 600 tons per month, in accordance with a form of contract which will be supplied to tenderers on application at the Dredging Department, Head Office.

Delivery to be made to the Board's units within Harbour limits.

Sealed tenders marked "Tender for Coal" and addressed to the "Whangpoo Conservancy Board, Shanghai," must be sent in so as to be in the Board's hands on or before noon on January 20, 1940. Tenders should state maximum proportion of slack and must supply certified chemical analysis (including statement of ash content). They must also state the source of the coal.

Tenders must be valid for 40 days.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. Samples will be required but should not be sent until asked for.

WHANGPOO CONSERVANCY BOARD

Shanghai, January 15, 1940. 10260

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To-day's Events

JANUARY

15 For. Y. Lecture, "Elementary Photography" by Mr. R. V. Dent, F.R.P.S., F.R.M.S.
15 Shanghai Reel Club, Practice
15 Thermometer 8 deg. Fahr., Shanghai (1893)
15 Rendition of Tientsin Belgian Concession (1931)
15 Slovakian independence proclaimed (1939)

N.C.D.N. Broadcast: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
Station XMHD: 760 kilo., 395 metres

Coming Events

JANUARY

16 A.W.C.: Miss Peterson on 'India,' 4.45
16 Tuesday Evening Club, 7.30
17 B.U.S.C. Lecture: 'Air-Conditioning and Comfort,' Dr. W. Y. Lee, 114 Peking Road, 5.30
17 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
17 B. Zakharoff and V. Havsky in a Concert for Two Pianos, Lyc., 9.15
18 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
18 B.W.A. embroidery exhibition by pupils of Mrs. Schoenbek
18 For. Y. Debate: 'Divorce by Mutual Consent Should be Legalized'
20 Cathedral School Old Boys vs. School, Coronation Mem'l. Playing Field, 2.30
20 Shanghai Scottish Coy., S.V.C. Silver Jubilee Dinner, S.V.C. Club, 8
20 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
20 Grand Operatic Concert, Lisa Robitchek, Ernest Krasso, Lyceum, 9
20 B.W.A. Sports Section Dance, 9
21 Municipal Orchestra Concert, Lyc., 5.15
21 'Venus in Silks,' L. Opera, Lyc. 8.45
22 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
23 A.W.C.: Dr. Gardiner on 'Diet,' 4.45
23 For. Y. Lecture: 'Trans-Ocean Air Communications,' by Mr. F. J. Sanger
24 Cathedral School Old Boys' Assn. ann. gen. mtg., 219 Kiukiang Rd., 5.30
24 A.D.C. Club Evening, Lyceum, 9.15
25 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
25 Cradle bridge/mahjongg, S.I.B.C., 3
25 Royal Asiatic Society Annual Meeting
25 Chamber Orchestra, 1939, Third Concert, Eastern Theatre, 8.30
30 A.W.C. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
30 For. Y. Lecture: 'Chinese Religious Heritage' by Dr. C. B. Day
31 B.U.S.C. Lecture: 'Light,' Mr. Harold G. B. Perry, 114 Peking Road, 5.30

FEBRUARY

1 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
1 Ballet Russe gala performance of 'Tsar Maiden,' fantastic ballet, Lyc., 9
2 Grand Soirée, aid St. Tichon's, Arcadia, 9.30
3 Ballet Russe, 'Tsar Maiden,' Lyc., 9
4 Ballet Russe, 'Tsar Maiden,' Lyc., 2 & 9

Charge for items $2 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

51 Canton Road.

We take pleasure in announcing that Mr. T. B. Brown, Jr., has joined this office.

JAMES NICHOLS,
Manager for China

January 15, 1940. 10258

ST. DAVID'S SOCIETY OF SHANGHAI

(CYMDEITHAS DEWI SANT)

The Annual General Meeting of the St. David's Society of Shanghai, will take place on Monday, January 15, 1940 at 5.30 p.m. at the Metropole Hotel.

Tea will be served and a short social intermission will precede the meeting.

All Welshmen and women and their wives and husbands, are cordially invited to attend.

H. H. THOMAS,
Hon. Secretary.

10232

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- Sections of Harbour
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- Harbour Regulations
- Harbour Notifications in Force
- Quarantine Regulations
- Call Flags

Maps and Plans:
- Shanghai Harbour
- Hongkong Harbour
- Canton Harbour
- Dairen Harbour
- Shanghai House Flags
- Typhoon Indicator

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- International Signal Code
- Morse and Semaphore Alphabet
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CHINA HONG LIST 1940

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MAP OF SHANGHAI

A large map of Shanghai (65 inches by 32 inches) is being offered as a Supplement to the China Hong List at an extra cost of $3 per copy. It is published by authority of the Shanghai Municipal Council and sovers the following area:—

North to South: Civic Centre, Kiangwan, to Lunghwa.
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Let Us Go Our Way Fearlessly

Sermon Preached in Holy Trinity Cathedral By Bishop Curtis at Mattins January 7

TEXT:—"If God be for us whoever be against us?" Romans 8, 31.

I WANT to connect my text with the wonderful quotation used by the King at the end of his Christmas Day broadcast, a quotation that thrilled us all as we heard it; "I said to the man who stood at the gate of the years," Give me light that I may tread safely into the unknown," and he replied, "Go out into the darkness and put your hand into the hand of God. That shall be to you better than light and safer than the known way." We wish one another "A Happy New Year" in a conventional way but we know that in most ordinary ways it cannot be a happy New Year but that in a very real sense we go out into the darkness.

Yet here is the comfort of our text "If God be for us who can be against us," as we go out into the darkness and the unknown with our hands in His, that fact makes our darkness free from terror and lightens the unknown path. But it is a hour of great darkness into which we go in this year of our Lord 1940.

Horrors of War

The first element in the darkness is brought to us as we look back to our home land and see there as in the other countries of Europe our boys and young men whose numbers run into many millions standing before us like the gladiaters of old and crying old, "We who are about to die salute you." We know the horrors to which they go—the airmen to be burnt to cinders in their planes, or go hurtling to the ground unrecognizable lumps of clay, the sailors, torpedoed or mined, to be drowned hundreds at a time in their shell coffins, the soldiers to be blotted out by high explosive shells imprisoned like rats in their under-ground holes, yet there they stand the glory of our nations wonderful in their beauty and strength, just entering in the full power of manhood into the work and enjoyment of life, to the utter scandal of our Christian profession these millions of boys and young men stand there before us, as they willingly offer themselves because they feel it is their duty to do so, with eyes open to what lies before them. "We who are about to die, salute you."

A further element of the darkness is seen in the prognistication of our Ambassador to the United States a day or two ago when he pointed to the early spring of 1940 as the time when a fierce onslaughter must be made by enemy forces by land and sea and air. As we take a line through the happenings of these latter days in China, in Abyssinian, in Spain, in Poland, in Finland we know that these air attacks mean danger for all our dear ones at home, the old and the young, women and children, no body really safe from the murder and the bombing from the air.

Anti-Christ Elements

And yet a further element of darkness is added to the gloom when we think not merely of the physical suffering that lies ahead but when we consider the make up of present day Germany and Russia and the large "Anti-Christ" elements visible there: "We wrestle not against flesh and blood, but against principalities against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world against spiritual wickedness in high places.": the spirit of anti-Christ is abroad and intensifies the darkness of the fear that lies before but we who trust in God rejoice in the words of St. Paul, "there hath no temptation (trial) taken you but such as in common to man," but God is faithful who will not suffer you to be tempted above that ye are able but will with the temptation also make a way to escape that ye may be able to bear it." "A way to escape" not that we may avoid the danger but "that we may be able to bear it." So as our hands are in the Almighty's this is better for us than light, this is safer for us than the known way: We go forth into the darkness of the new year with the words of our text on our lips—"If God be for us who can be against us?"

How is it?

Now we must ask ourselves "How is it we have come to such a pass as this?." "How after from a thousand to nearly two thousand and years of Christian teaching can we be still in such a darkness?" "How twenty years after the horror of 1914-18, when each of these years should have done as much as a century before to make it impossible, are we involved in what seems likely to be an even more horrible denial of our Lord's teaching and hope?"

Our Christian Slackness

The answer is very simple, it is just this, we have failed to implement in our actions the Christian sentiments to which we pay life service. We speak of the anti-Christian atmosphere in Russia and Germany but what of ourselves? Twice our Lord said words that we sometimes turn into an excuse, "He that is not against us is with us," and "He that is not with us is against us." We say excusing the slackness of our present day Christian living. "Well we may be slack in the performance of our Christian duties but at any rate we are not actively against the Christian profession." But to me these words of our Lord are full of judgment against our slackness, there may be excuses, He seems to say, for the heathen and for them "not to be against us" may be to be "for us" but read our Lord's denunciations of the scribes and Pharisees those who knew the will of God and did it not and can we fail to understand that for us members of Christian nations in our slackness the thunders of our Lord's denunciations come. "You who inherit all the blessings of centuries of Christian teaching and treat them as matters of unimportance while you surrender yourselves to the lusts of the flesh, the lust of the eyes and the pride of life, it is you to whom I point when I say—he that is not with us is against us.

It is you slack careless living members of the Christian Church who are also an incarnation of the Spirit of anti-Christ." "He that is not with us is against us," so comes the darkness as we fail to implement our Christian profession in the conduct of our daily tasks.

Apostate Democracies

Mr. Midleton Murray in his thought provoking book, "The Price of leadership,"—which we all should read and ponder on speaks of our nations "sharing in a Christian civilization that has forgotten God and dares not remember Him," and he speaks of us as "apostate democracies." Democracy professes to defend the Christian values, and above all the right of man, each individual man, made in the image of God to freedom of thought and work and deed. But for its Christian basis democracy has no meaning, there are no rights for man except in Christianity. Yet just when we have reached the manhood of our democracy and have attained to the point when each man and woman is proclaimed politically on an equality by being admitted to the responsibility of the vote. We sit more carelessly than ever to our essential Christianity. Mr. Murray says that the chief political problem in Europe today is to establish the authority of God; the essential need of each individual Englishman today is to hear the voice of Christ; and as the Englishman is sometimes at a loss to know what is the call of true patriotism. His uncertainty will only be resolved when he hears the voice of his country in agreement with the voice of Christ.

What Can We Do?

And so we ask "What can we as individual do about it?" to which the answer, though not easy, is simple. "As the darkness has come because we have not implemented our Christian faith so it will be dispelled as we wholeheartedly seek so to do."

In the story of Abraham's pleading for Sodom and Gomorra we read that judgment fell on those cities which would have been averted if ten righteousness men could have been found there. So when a worth while proportion of those who profess and call themselves Christians wholeheartedly implement their Christian faith war will automatically come to an end. And these Sundays after Epiphany of which this is the first set before us in a series of pictures from our Lord's life in the Gospel for each Sunday what this implementing of the Christian life means. Today's Gospel shows us the twelve year old Jesus discovered by Mary and Joseph. He says, "Did you know that I must be in my Father's House (in the things of my Father)?" There is the plan of a Christian life "busied and occupied in the things of God our Father." And with these words on His lips our Lord goes down to Nazareth and is subject to Mary and Joseph in the village home. For eighteen years "subject to them" "in the things of my Father" plot out the years of home life and the years as a working carpenter, and in next Sunday's Gospel we see to what this hidden life has led. Mary wishes to help the household of Cana in its marriage feast difficulty and she turns naturally (taught by those hidden years) to Jessus and says to the servants "Whosoever He saith unto you do it," ("Whosoever—"do it" what lessons for our learning!), and when they do His bidding it is found that some thing better than the best imagined" results, as it always will for those who do His bidding. And the Gospel for the third Sunday leads us on.

Go Forth in His Name

We see our Master approached by a leper-doubtless few of you know much of the essential loathsomeness of leprosy, at any rate until these later years; nothing more loathsome, is capable of imagination and in answer to his plea for cleaning our Master not only says "Be thou clean" but sending a thrill of utter honour through these who stood by, He stretched out His hand and touched him. And it is that touch of His that cleansed the leper which sent a challenge to His followers and which now nerves our healing services, our doctors our nurses, our social workers, to go forth as He did and in Christian love stretch forth their hands in His name to cleanse and to heal even those who to our national feelings are utterly and entirely loathsome.

And that same Gospel brings forward the Roman centurion, a member of army of occupation of that government that shrank from no cruelty to stamp its will upon its subject provinces: yet to our Lord, he is one of these who from north and south and east and west may sit down with Abraham and Isaac and Jacob in the kingdom of heaven. What a lesson for us in these coming days or years of war as to how to think of our enemies that so God's kingdom may be built up in the days that will follow the war!

And as we read the Gospel so we have that wonderful Chapter Romans XII read as the Epistles Sunday by Sunday—may I suggest that we take time to study these Gospel and Epistles with great care to help us implement our Christian Faith?

As our Lord praises the centurion's faith, St. Paul says to us, "If thine enemy hunger feed him, if he thirst give him drink: for in so doing thou shalt heap coals of fire on his head. Be not overcome of evil but overcome evil with good."

God's Work

And as our Lord is seen after eighteen hidden years of village life helping the village household at Cana, so St. Paul's bids us be "not slothful in business," "serving the Lord.....Mind not high things but condescend to men (or conditions) of low estate." The great essential of our Christian life in any situation is that we are "about our Father's business," "serving the Lord." All the work of the world in so far as it concerns the welfare of men is God's work, let us do our part however lowly or however seemingly important in a humble yet in the heart thrilled attitude of those who are "workers together with God."

His Wonderful Gift

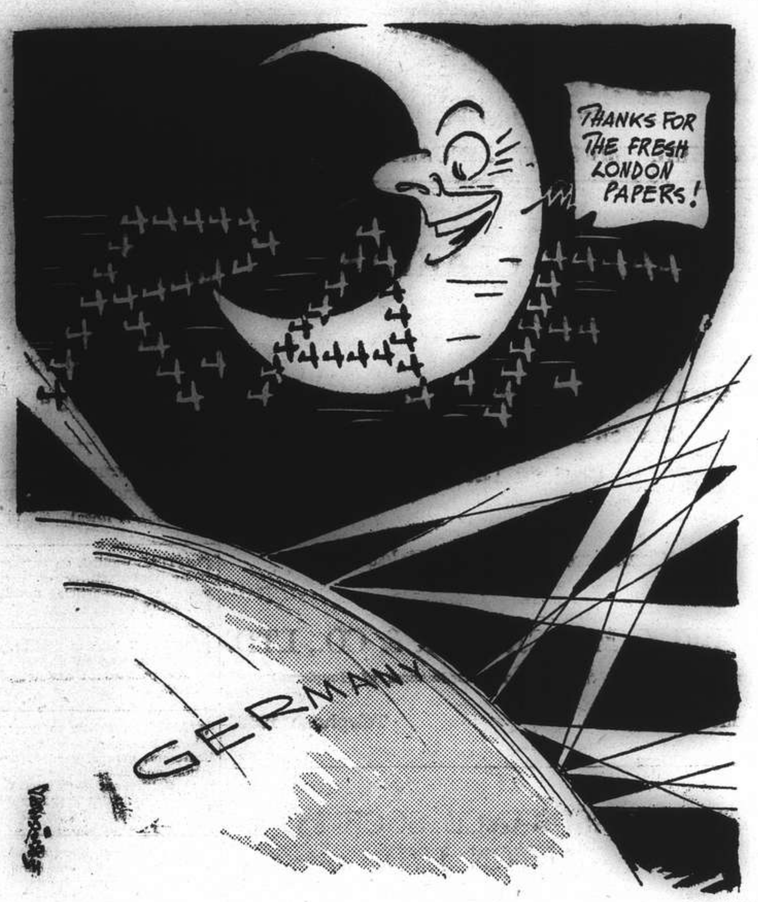
But all these Epistles and Gospels are summoned up in the Epistle for this first Sunday after Epiphany and the root of all our implementing of our Christian faith is made plain here in Romans 12 verses 1-5. We have the Christmas bells still ringing in our ears, we have been with the shepherds on the hillside listening to the heavenly hosts heralding the message of "Glory to God and peace to men," we went with them to Bethlehem and saw the infant Saviour in the manger, and we were present only yesterday at the feast of the Epiphany, when the wise men from the East brought their gifts and their worship to our Saviour and theirs; and as this mystery of the Incarnation, God's wonderful gift of His own Son to be the Saviour of the world, is viddily present to our minds. St. Paul cries out "I beseech you therefore brethren by the mercies of God (this gift, this Incarnation, this Redemption) that ye present you bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable to God which is your reasonable service." Our reasonable service, "logical," the world suggests, the result of our reasoned reaction to God's unspeakable gift, is this taking ourselves, the whole circle of our daily duties which occupy these bodies of ours in which we for the present serve God, and offering ourselves a sacrifice to Him, henceforth only occupied in living unto God, doing His will.

How can this be done the second verse tells us, there must be a renewing of our mind, a second birth that Christian Baptism of water and the Spirit which is God's gift to us in His Church, implemented in our daily living by that Holy Spirit for whom we specially pray at our Confirmation "that we may daily increase in the Holy Spirit more and more," and be continually stirred to fresh activity as at each celebration of the Holy Communion, called to the feast as those who truly and earnestly repent us of our sins and are in love and charity with our neighbours and intend to lead a new life, following the commandments of God and walking from henceforth in His holy ways, we go on as we contemplate our Saviour's gift of Himself for us and to us to offer "ourselves our souls and bodies to be a reasonable holy and living sacrifice" to God.

Here is the implenting of our Christian faith so that St. Paul says, elsewhere If any man be in Christ he is a new creature; old things are passed away, behold all things are become new."

God Will Help Us

"Be not confirmed to this world but be you transformed by the renewing of your minds." Here St. Paul makes a great contrast; the word "form" that underlies the "conformed" in the Greek, is something like an actor's mask and his suggestion is that for us Sons of God to "play the worldly" "is utterly unbecoming, our enternal worth cannot be bounded by the transitory things of this world, but we must be "transformed;" here the word means "corresponding with the truth of things," and living here and now and going on unto all eternity more and more being "transformed," "reflecting as from a mirror the glory of the Lord we are being "changed into the same image from glory to glory as by the Spirit of the Lord." "Now are we the Sons of God and it doth not yet appear what we shall be but we know that when He shall appear, we shall be like Him for we shall see Him as He is." This then is the one thing essential claimed from every Christian as a contribution to the new world that God will help us build up, where war and all evil will be no more, and which will assuredly be built up when a sufficient number of us Christians fully implement in daily life our Christian faith. So with this hope in our hearts let us go our way fearlessly into the darkness of the year that lies before us, for if our hands are in the hand of God that will be to us better than light and safer than he known way—and "If God be for us," it matters not who is against us.



BY SAPAJOU

In The Dark Of The Night

Japanese Army in North Not Anti-American

Peiping, Jan. 14.

"The Japanese Army in North China has no intention of engaging in any activities leading to an anti-American movement or anti-American ideas in any respect," declares a statement issued here by the North China Command.—Reuter.

Fifty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF JANUARY 15, 1870

The General Council of the University of Edinburgh has by a large majority decided on the admission of women to medical study in classes to be held specially for their benefit. Women are to be permitted to matriculate as medical students, to attend the classes arranged for them, and to receive such certificates of attendance as will qualify for the final examinations. Thus, at last, in Britain there is a university from whose doors women are not turned away. The Edinburgh University is to be congratulated on the step which has just been taken, and the career of those who enter now as female students will be watched with much interest, both by the friends and opponents of the movement.

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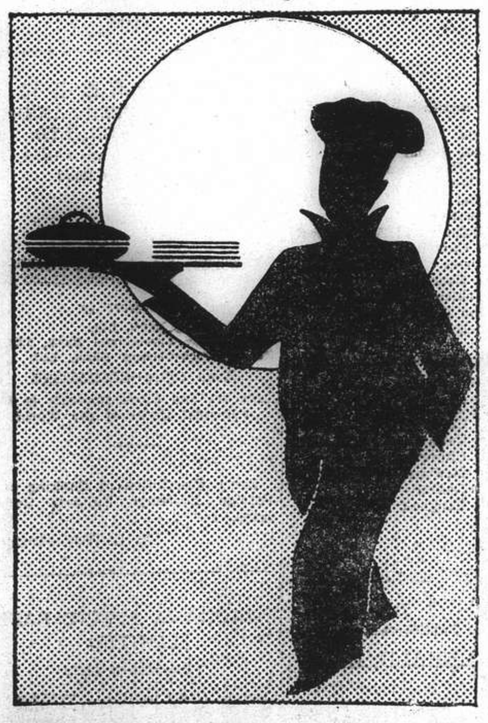

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In Rear Salesroom—Now On View

On Tuesday, January 16, 1940 at 9.30 a.m.

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In Main Salesroom—Now On View

On Wednesday, January 17, 1940 at 9.30 a.m.

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4 Power's 90 Column Key Punches for perforating cards for Tabulating Machine, 1 Power's Tabulator with Wire Translators
1 Samas 90 Column Hand Punch
10 "Remington" Accounting and Book-Keeping Machines (4 Electric carriage)
1 "Remington" Vertical Accounting Machine, 1 "Remington Noiseless" Typewriter
62 "Ditto" Duplicating Machines, 1 "Ditto" Rotary Machine

and

4 Bales Indian Tobacco (Water damaged), 110 Rolls Lead covered Wiring
A Quantity of Flour Mill Rollers, Ship's Lights, Thick Rubber Sheets, Motion Picture Film Box Containers, Steel Flanges, Elbows, Tees and Seat Frames, Gauge Cocks, etc.

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Hat and umbrella stand, Blackwood teapoy sets, Side and round table, Stools, Fancy velvet-covered double spring drawing room suits, 5 pieces, Library table, Curio cabinet, Walnut-stained flat top desk, Revolving chairs, Book case, Carved teakwood modern-style dining room suite complete, Silverware cabinet, gilt-framed wall mirrors, Table clocks, Modern-style walnut stained bedroom suites, Single and double bedsteads, Peiping carpet and rugs, Lacquered Jade-inland high screen, Wall panels, Old Chinese porcelain, Bronze, Jade, Carved ivory and imported ornaments, Finely-cut glass E.P. and crockery ware, Curtains and sundries.

also

Fine tone steel-framed upright piano, Telefunken and Philco 6 tubes radios, 1 table Singer sewing machine, 1 pair Zeiss field glass and 1 camera, 1 Mappin & Webbs canteen set, 184 pieces, in cabinet, 1 Remington typewriter, 1 set 12 satin-wood-inlaid blackwood arm chairs and teapoys, Ing moh top round tables.

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WOMAN'S PAGE

Where Were They Then?

The leaders of war-ridden Europe today—the men who have lost self in the terrific issues for which they stand—were just "the little men" of August, 1914. When war broke out in 1914 it was a personal matter to them. As individuals they must each have wondered if they would ever see the end of it.

Lowliest of them all was Adolf Hitler, the odd sign painter and "café political" of Vienna, who wept when the patrons laughed at him too much. He had big ideas, that village lad, even then. They call him a genius or a madman now. In 1914 they just thought him unhinged when they bothered to think about him at all.

When Germany declared war on August 2, 1914, Hitler was living in poor lodgings at Munich. That first night of war he knelt in his bedroom with the tears streaming down his cheeks, thanking God that he was alive at such a momentous hour.

He walked in uncanny exaltation. He did not want to fight with his own Austrian Army. He despised the Austrians. It was the Germans who were capable of mighty achievements. He wrote a petition to King Ludwig of Bavaria pleading for the honour to be a private soldier in his army.

As soon as the postman had handed him the favourable answer to his request on the morning of August 4 Hitler left everything and hurried to barracks with more happiness in his heart than any German soldier. He became quite a good private. They gave him the Iron Cross—and made him a *gefreiter* (corporal). He was not temperamentally fitted for higher rank.

* * *

A French School Teacher

M. Daladier, in August, 1914, was a Government school teacher. His friends knew the young man had political ambitions. So had a good many other Frenchmen of his age. War broke out. Daladier was a Reserve sergeant; he hurried to the barracks of the 158th Infantry Regiment. It was to be just a soldier's war for him.

Joseph Stalin had already made his mark, but he was in a lowly enough position at that moment of the outbreak of war. He was a political prisoner sweating in a Siberian mine. He was a revolutionary agitator, he had organized assassinations, persuaded others to take part in outbreaks against authority. In his own way he had great courage and tenacity. Authority considered Stalin cold-blooded and dangerous, and the revolutionary party looked on him as a useful disciple, without a conscience—a nice tool. Nobody thought of him as the man who might be the most remarkable leader Russia has so far produced in the whole of her history.

* * *

A Royal Midshipman

In a sense, King George VI was in a lowly position when the Great War broke out. He was an 18-year-old midshipman on board H.M.S. Collingwood. Of course he was Prince Albert, but nobody thought of him as that. Everybody called him "P.A." until they forgot what it stood for. The life of a midshipman in the gunroom is quite a hard one. "P.A." was a very ordinary kind of midshipman as far as human contacts went.

He was a bit shy because he stammered. However, the men respected him because the captain had said that he was the best midshipman at handling a boat. That is pretty high praise from such a quarter, and there is no doubt that "P.A." was quite a useful and unassuming young man, who more than anything else was anxious to play an ordinary and unprincely part in what was to come.

At the time the Collingwood was on manœuvres. She joined the Grand Fleet at Scapa Flow. It was not so long before the Collingwood with "P.A." aboard was to take part in the Battle of Jutland. "P.A." was by that time a sub-lieutenant in a fore gun turret.

* * *

Italian Socialist

Signor Benito Mussolini was a newspaper editor at Milan in 1914. Young Benito was about the fiercest Socialist Italy had ever known. He was rather like a tiger. He had raised the circulation of "Avanti," his newspaper, fivefold in two years. It was he who did so much by his inspired writings in "Avanti" to bring Italy into the war on the Allied side. He was to serve as a private and subsequently a corporal of Bersaglieri. He was a brave soldier.

"Tiger" Gort, British Commander-in-Chief in the Field, was a twenty-eight-year-old subaltern in the Guards when the ultimatum to Germany expired on that fateful midnight. He was a keen young officer, but perhaps he was not entirely anxious to go to war, for he had only been married three years before.

* * *

Romantic Figure

"Tiny" Ironside, Chief of Imperial General Staff, is the nearest today to a Lord Kitchener. He is a figure of romance. Before the 1914 war he was chiefly distinguished for having disguised himself as a Boer after the South African War and served in the German African Colonial Army, where he was decorated. He was an artillery captain of thirty-four when war broke out, and was attached to the General Staff of the B.E.F. in France.

Admiral Forbes—our Jellicoe of today—was a commander of thirty-three when the first German war came. Young as he was, he was considered a very brilliant officer, and several senior officers had shown considerable interest in his career. He had just completed two years' experimental work at the gunnery school at that time, and was immediately appointed as second-in-command of the Queen Elizabeth, the first of the oil-fired 15-inch-gun battleships.

* * *

Pioneer Military Aviator

In 1913 a subaltern of twenty-eight in an Indian Gurkha regiment was called home to become one of the first pilots in the newly-formed Royal Flying Corps. In 1911 when home on leave he had learnt to fly at his own expense, and he earned the 144th flying certificate to be issued in this country. His name is now Air Chief Marshal Sir Cyril Newall.

In 1914 Newall was still a subaltern, and with that rank went to France with the B.E.F. He was one of those pioneer military fliers who did the early reconnoitring, and developed that remarkable system of air combat which earned so much admiration and wonder in the first years of the war. He made his name as a fighting airman.

A name which means everything to millions of Poles today is that of Marshal Smigly-Rydz. In 1914 young Edward Rydz was a keen student of the Cracas Academy of Arts. He was also a second-lieutenant of the Austrian Army Reserve; for Poland at that time was split between Austria, Russia, and Germany.

On August 13, 1914, young Edward Rydz was called from his art studies to help train the newly-formed Polish legion. At that time the legion consisted of only three companies, and grim Pilsudski was the commanding officer. Edward Rydz looked so youthful and pink-cheeked that he was afraid his men would not respect him. He did not shave on the morning he went to the barracks, nor ever again till the end of hostilities. His beard made him look a lot more impressive.

* * *

Fleet Commander

In August, 1914, a young French naval lieutenant reported at his depot for duty. His name was François Darlan. He was a jovial, rather ugly, heavy-jowled fellow, always smiling. He looked as if he could take a few hard knocks cheerfully or jump into a dangerous breach still smiling, but he didn't look like one of the world's future great commanders. Today he commands the French Fleet, and has probably brought it to a pitch of efficiency that it has never known before.

The key-man of the Allied side is General Marie Gustave Gamelin. He is looked upon in France as we regarded Kitchener in 1914. Of all the leaders today he was the only one who held anything like an exalted position in 1914. He was then a junior general officer of the French General Staff, and his advice was highly valued by all the great French leaders.

Grand Soiree In Aid of St. Tichon's Orphanage

Strong Array of Patrons and Other Supporters

The esteem in which the work of St. Tichon's Orphanage is held is well reflected in the following lists of those who are interesting themselves in the coming Grand Soirée which is to take place at the Arcadia on February 2 at 9.30 p.m., when the proceeds will go towards the expenses of the orphanage:

Patrons: M. M. Baudez; Sir Victor Sassoon, Bart; Brig-Gen. E. B. Macnaghten, C.M.G., D.S.O.; A. S. Henchman, Esq.; M. Speelman, Esq.; Com. L. de Luca. Patronesses: Lady Maze; Mme G. W. Boissevain; Lady Calder-Marshall; Mrs. E. F. Stanton; Mme J. Barraud; Mrs. J. M. Doyle.

Committee: Mme J. Barraud (*chairman*); Mr. J. Kindness (*hon. secretary*); Mrs. J. M. Doyle; Mme A. Jaspar; Com. L. de Luca; Mrs. W. C. Worden. Assisted by: Mme G. Cattand; Mme. Coquelet; Mrs. Underwood; Mr. J. R. Kale.

Once guests enter the Arcadia ballroom they can rest assured that there will be no bothering of them to buy this, that and the other thing in aid of the good cause. There will be one raffle only, in which there will be three prizes—two beautiful frocks and a jade necklace which will make a proud possession for whoever is its lucky winner.

One hundred and fifteen little foreign children, either orphans or destitute and without their natural protectors, and left alone in this great city, have no one to care for them but St. Tichon's Orphanage. The responsibility for these little lives is a tremendous one to have assumed, but one which could by no means be refused and which must be carried on with. One who knows the children says that if only people could see them everyone's heart would be softened. All, therefore, who are inclined to support the Grand Soirée in its effort to raise the funds which are so much needed in order to make the future of these little ones reasonably safe for a time can be sure that they are helping one of the best of good works.

The arrangements for the Soirée are in such excellent hands that all who attend will certainly enjoy themselves.

Patrons of St. Tichon's Soiree

Lady Maze

M. M. Baudez

Mme J. Barraud

Britain's Women At War:

No. 5: The "Fire-Girls"

By Daphne Clare.

One of the most important precautions taken by Great Britain before the war began was the planning of a fire brigade service six times the strength of the peace time organization.

Incendiary bombs are a very unpleasant weapon of modern warfare. The damage they start must be dealt with quickly and effectively by trained people. So all over the country the local authorities augmented their regular brigades with an Auxiliary Fire Service for which they enrolled volunteers but which did not actually begin to function until war was declared.

Women as well as men were eligible, and since this article is about Britain's "fire-girls" I shall deal only with their part in the scheme.

You see them everywhere, these fire-girls—navy blue uniforms cut on military lines, red piping, A.F.S. monogram in red and peaked caps set at a jaunty angle.

There are 5,000 of them in London alone. And they are known as the "A.F.S. girls" or the "Fire-Girls."

The part they play in the work of the fire brigades releases men for the actual fire fighting. For the women take no part in fighting the flames. There are only two categories—drivers and watch-room girls.

The drivers are women who can already drive a car and have licences. They drive staff cars to take officials quickly from station to station, to carry despatches and to maintain communication if telephones and other means were disorganized. They also drive light vans.

How They Work

In the watch room the girls' work is more complicated. The watch room is the key to the whole station. Half a minute's slackness there may mean lives lost or serious damage to property that could have been avoided.

Two telephones must be constantly attended—one a private line to the local regular fire station, the other an "outside" phone which brings in fire calls and maintains contact with the brigade while they are out fighting.

Every message which comes through has to be accurately entered in a book. It is work that needs a cool head, quickness, and above all, accuracy.

The wrong name of a street, a wrong interpretation of a request for additional equipment, would mean minutes lost.

Besides this there is the "mobilizing board" to be marked up so that administrative officers coming into the watch room can tell at a glance what is going on.

The "board," a large one hanging on the wall, shows the name of every street in the area covered by the station, the number of every fire alarm, where it is situated and the type of apparatus allocated to it.

Coloured discs hung on tiny hooks show where apparatus is at any given moment, either during the course of a fire or while the brigade is standing by. Above the board a large map of the district shows every street and the position of every fire alarm. Fags on coloured pins are used to mark on the map the position of a fire in progress.

For their work the girls had a long and careful training before the war, and they are constantly having stiff "refresher" courses at several training schools. Although they are not intended to do any fire fighting they have had lectures on its history, on modern methods, and on the use of every kind of modern fire equipment. Ordinarily two girls in the watch-room are enough, but during an air raid warning the number is increased to five or six.

Cheerful Young Women

The A.F.S. is a cross between a military and a civil organization. Girls are volunteers and a week's notice on either side terminates the contract. They must, however, live on the fire station premises, and this means a life very similar to army life.

Since by far the greatest number of stations are now auxiliary ones, set up in schools or other suitable premises, the living accommodation is necessarily improvised. In the first few days of war many girls were sleeping on bare boards. Now every girl has her own mattress which she keeps with her if she is transferred. But many are still without beds.

In one converted school in London the girls have laid each mattress on four kindergarten tables. They are lucky if they have cupboards for their clothes. Sometimes there is a bath, sometimes not.

But in spite of the handicaps there are no complaints and everybody is very cheerful. There is a war on, so they are ready to do their bit and make the best of it.

They are on duty for two days, then off for one. They generally work a six hour shift, though on some station they may do as much as four hours on and four hours off throughout the twenty-four. In addition to watch-room duty they take it in turns to do the "housework."

Generally there is a cook to prepare meals, but she must also be trained in watch-room work so as to be able to take a turn if necessary. The kitchen is staffed night and day getting hot drinks and snacks for those on duty.

The salary for everybody is at present £2 a week, including the Deputy Commandant, who sleeps in her office.

If England ever has to stand up to serious bombing raids, the A.F.S. girls will keep their end up in reducing the danger of serious fires.

B. W. A.

Monday, Jan. 15.—Badminton.

Tuesday, Jan. 16.—Hospital Aid Department 9 to noon.

Wednesday, Jan. 17.—Red Cross Work 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Knitting 9.30—11.30 a.m. and 4.45—6 p.m.

Thursday, Jan. 18.—Red Cross Work at 1238 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon.

Friday, Jan. 19.—Red Cross Work at 1238 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon. Badminton.

Saturday, Jan. 20.—Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m. Badminton. Sports Dance.

The Sports Section are holding a Supper Dance at Headquarters on Saturday, January 20, from 9 p.m. to 1.30 a.m. By kind permission of Lt.-Col. Wolfe Murray, D.S.O., M.C., the band of the Seaforth Highlanders will provide the music. Tickets are $5 each and may be had at the office or from a member of the Sports Section Committee.

On Thursday, January 18, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m., a very interesting exhibition of handwork by the pupils of Mrs. F. Schoenbek has been arranged. A small charge of 50 cents admission is being made which will go towards Headquarters Fund. We recommend that members and friends interested in needlework and other handicrafts should see this exhibition.

A. W. C.

Tomorrow (Tuesday) at 2.45 p.m. there will be a meeting of the Membership Committee; at 3 p.m. a meeting of the Executive Committee; at 4 p.m., tea; at 4.45 p.m. a lecture on India by Miss Peterson, illustrated by lantern slides.

Joint Committee of S'hai Women's Organizations

The Joint Committee of Women's Organizations will hold their next meeting on Wednesday, January 17, at the residence of Mrs. G. Vajda, 147 Route Magniny, when they will be entertained by the Danube Countries Women's Association.

Miss Maud Russell, of the International Staff of the Y.W.C.A., will give a talk on "Changing Conditions in West China." She has just returned from a journey westwards, and her experiences and impressions should be most interesting.

Children Adopt a Warship

Scheme for Providing Comforts

Children of five to seven years of age of the Northallerton Council school have started an adoption scheme which will enable comforts to be sent to a particular ship at sea. They have been given permission by the Admiralty to adopt H.M.S. Hood, and have now begun knitting parties to provide mittens, scarves, and other comforts.

The adoption was arranged by the Royal Naval War Comforts Committee at the special request of Miss M. A. B. Weighell, headmistress of the school. This is the first warship to be adopted in this way. The children are writing letters to accompany the knitted gifts, and are saving their pocket money to send cigarettes. The Royal Naval War Comforts Committee is making plans to arrange similar adoptions if they are specially asked to do so by schools or other organized groups of knitters. An application to knit comforts for men on a minesweeper has been received by the committee and efforts are being made to allot the work to a particular vessel.

The work of the committee, it was explained, is to see that comforts are evenly distributed, and ship adoptions could be arranged accordingly if the wish were expressed by knitting groups. Wristlets, scarves, seaboot stockings, and helmets are badly needed. Socks are not so much in demand as these other comforts.

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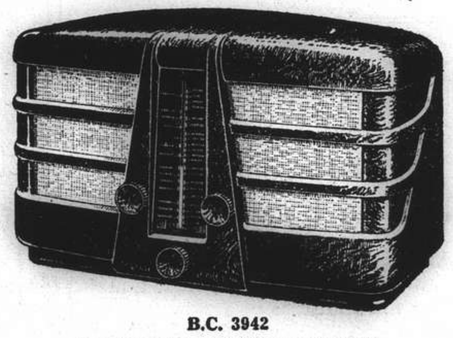

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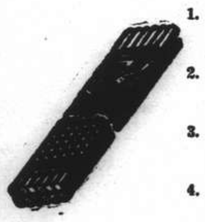

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Light Horse, Seaforths and American Troop Races

Point to Point Events Won by Abbott, Capt. Powell And Clark; Many Spills and Wrong Turnings

By "The Chaser"

THREE Point-to-Point events were held yesterday morning when the two mounted units of the S.V.C. and the Seaforths held their annual races. The Light Horse were the first to start and the race was won by Lance Corporal Abbott on Bobby (Y) who was followed home by Sergeant Elles on Diamond King (Y) barely two lengths separating them. They were well ahead of the rest who trailed by nearly half a mile at the finish. Mr. Arnold on San Carlo (Y) was third and Trumpeter Duncan Fraser on Off Chance (Y) fourth. Captain Powell won the Seaforths' race on Hillingson (Z) and beat Mr. Martin on Gimme (Z) by a length and a half while Mr. Hammond Chambers was third on Sweet Morn (Y). The American Troop event was won by S. J. Clark on Highland (Y) while George Lacks on Glen Muick was second and Cox on Sparrow Hawk (Y) third.

Lance Corporal Abbott started with a handicap of two and a half minutes but was up with Sergeant Elles at the Garden of Eden Wade and from there they galloped round the whole way together. When they reached the bottom of Six Tree Line they were so far ahead that it was nearly two minutes before Sergeant Browne on Breezylight and Trooper C. O. Cumming on V.O.S (Z) came in sight and they in turn were nearly a quarter of a mile ahead of the next.

Trooper Cumming lost a few precious minutes when he made the mistake of galloping over Springfield's Bridge instead of taking the Platform and had to pull up and come back to take it. Trooper Lewis put a number of riders off when ne fell at the New Dry Cut after Springfield's Platform, causing a number of refusals. Among those who came to earth early in the hunt was Trooper Mirams who came down before the Garden of Eden Wade and fell flat on his face; apart from a few minor bruises he was unhurt and was up "gain a minute later to continue the race.

Capain Maitland came down at Potter's Platform and broke a stirrup leather and rode the rest of the race with only one leather. He finished well in the picture and was in fact seventh.

At Monument Line Mr. Arnold, who was third, thought he was leading the field as Lance Corporal Abbott and Sergeant Elles were so far ahead that they were completely out of sight. Mr. Arnold was followed by Sergeant Hodgman, Lance Corporal A.A. White and Trumpeter Fraser who soon passed Mr. Arnold and took the lead. He was gradually drawing away from them and was nearly thirty yards in front when his pony refused Monument Jump which caused him to loss nearly a hundred yards. He was up with Arnold again at Six Tree Line but his effort tired him and he could not pass him and finished fourth.

Seaforths' Race

Captain Powell, the winner of the Seaforths' race started with a minute and a half handicap, but had no difficulty in passing Mr. McCullough on the Cad as the latter found trouble early when his pony refused to look at the second jump. He found Mr. Hammond Chambers in trouble at Monument Road when Sweet Morn would not take a small jump to get on to the Road.

After passing Mr. Hammond Chambers on Monument Road Mr. Martin on Gimme (Z), a three minute man, was the only one ahead of Captain Powell who also passed the latter but not until Hyde Park Corner. Mr. Martin came on strongly again towards the finish and just failed to beat Captain Powell by a length and a half.

Major Rodger of the American Troop had hard luck yesterday when he "technically" won the American Troop race, coming in well in front of the rest. But unfortunately, he thought the race was over when he passed the flags at Light Horse Finish and dismounted instead if carrying on to finish at the American Troop Finish about a quarter of a mile further on.

Controversy Over Result

A controversy arose after the race as to whether Major Rodger should have been called the winner for although he did pass the flags first with lengths to spare and undoubtedly would have been able to maintain his lead for the extra distance of about a quarter of a mile (barring falls) as his pony was going the strongest at the end, the fact nevertheless remained that he did not complete the given course. Blame cannot be shouldered entirely by Major Rodger, however, as the flags at the Light Horse Finish were not removed and planted at the correct point—the American Troop Finish—and it is the rule that the first past the flag is the winner.

On the other hand, Captain Allman specially pointed out before the race the exact course and finish and the six riders following Major Rodger all carried on to finish at the correct point, although the positions of the spectators and flags were misleading.

The following are the complete Cards for the three Point-to-Point races.

Light Horse

1. L. Corporal Abbott on Bobby (Y-
2. Sgt. Elles on Diamond King (Y-
3. Mr. A. E. Arnold on San Carlo (Y)
4. Trumpeter D. Fraser on Off Chance (Y)
5. L. Cpl. A. A. White on Malenki (Y)
6. Sgt. Hodgman on Nearco

Seaforths

1. Capt. Powell on Hillingdon (Z)
2. Mr. Martin on Gimme (Z)
3. Mr. Hammond-Chambers on Sweet Morn (Y).

American Troop

1. Cpl. S. J. Clark on Highland (Y)
2. Cpl. G. Lacks on Glen Muick (Y)
3. Cox on Sparrow Hawk (Y)
4. P. Kops on Blue Ridge (Y)
5. Capt. N. F. Allman on Ball Run (Z)
6. M. Marcus on New Pony (Z)

The Course

The course of the Light Horse and Seaforth Point-to-Point was as follows.

Start—behind Sanitarium, line of jumps to Wade at Garden of Eden, cross jump to Six Tree Line, Six Tree Line, Springfields Platform, Dry Cuts to Hyde Park Corner, Potter's Platform, Moleskin Line, Moleskin Bridge, Monument Road to Monument Line, Monument Jumo, Twin Platform to Six Tree Line to Finish—Light Horse Finish. The Course of the American Troop Point-to-Point was as follows. Star—at Hospital Finish, south West of Sanitarium, take three jumps on high ground and on through Garden of Eden Wade, Monument Road, right handed over cross jump to Six Tree Line, take this line and bear left at end of line to Springfield Bridge straight across bridge over small jump bear left over Potter's Platform, again bear left over small ditch and bear left on to high ground and straight into corner of creek, sharp right over Moleskin Line straight on to Moleskin Wade. Take eighter Bridge ro wade straight on across Monument Road to Monument Line, Monument Line and two Platforms sharp left over small jump, Six Tree Line continue on over Light Horse Finish, bear snarp left over two jumps and to Finish—American Troop Finish.

Sensational Play By Italian Goalie

French Bombardment Fails To Upset Mainenti; Final Score of Four-Two

Displaying better marksmanship then their opponents, the Italian Navy repeated their performance of three weeks ago when they defeated the French Forces before a big crowd at the Race Course yesterday in a reply in the second round for the Tsz Ling Cup by the score of 4-2. The game was thrilling from the beginning to the end and although the Italians dominated in the first half, the French came back strongly in the second and attacked furiously. Only the brilliant goalkeeping of Mainenti saved the Navy from a defeat: the goalie displayed anticipation seldom witnessed in Shanghai and his saves were nothing less than sensational.

The Italians pressed continuously in the first half and the crowd was thrilled by the quick raids of the Italians into the French territory. The French, on the other hand, were kept on the defensive in the first half, but attacked with force in the second when they were trailing 3-1. The winners showed speed and accuracy in shootting, but Abato and Martinetto did not display the form of three weeks ago and allowed the French forwards through on many occasions. Pastorino, the left wing, was the best of the forward line and his centres were well executed. The same player scored the last goal of the match by going alone through the whole French defence. For the French, Collet was a tower of strength, while Kuinker on the right wing was ever dangerous.

ITALIAN NAVY:—Mainenti, Abato, Martinetto, Pigilone, Gandine, Tosolino, Moretti, Cumis, Pesce, Assini, Pastorino.
FRENCH FORCES:—Setti, Collet, Roussel, Leonie, Dinh, Vingh, Kuinker, Peniguel, Demail, Heloyan, Le Bras.

Beautiful Save

The French were the first to attack the Italian goal and Le Bras shot at the goal, but Mainenti effected a beautiful save. In the sixth minute they scored their first goal when Le Bras centred and Demail put the ball into the right corner of the net.

The Italians attacked and Pastorino nearly scored, but Collet took the ball away. Pastorino forced a corner from Roussel, but the ball went behind. The Italians drew level ten minutes later when Cumis received the ball from Moretti and lobbed it over the advancing goalie.

The French Forces attacked and Kuinker went through, but his effort was nullified by Le Bras who was offside. The Italians scored their second goal when Assini received the ball and beat Roussel. The inside left scored into the corner of the net, giving the goalie no chance whatever. A minute later, Setti was called upon to negotiate with a drive by Assini. The goalie caught the ball, but turned it into the net for the Italians' third goal.

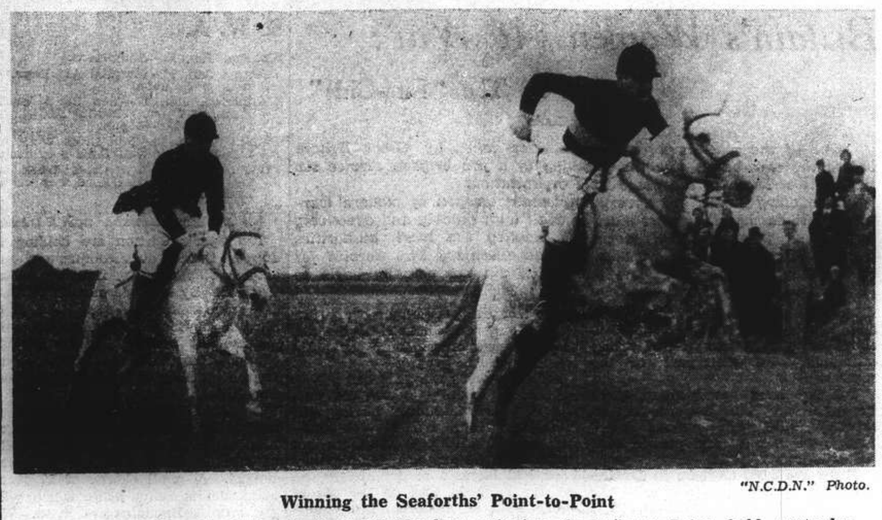
The French came to life and the next few minutes saw them attack furiously, but Mainenti was unbeatable in the goal. Dinh shot a fast grounder, but the goalie saved it, going to his knees.

Collet Stops Winger

The Italians attacked on resumption and Moretti started a pretty movement on the right, but Collet stopped the winger before the latter had a chance to shoot. The French took the initiative into their hands and held the ball in the Italian territory. Kuinker shot at the goal and Mainenti dived to stop. Cumis headed wide when he received from Pastorino and the ball was returned into play. Martinetto gave away a corner to stop Kuinker, but the winger failed to make full use of it.

The French decreased the score to 3-2 when Kuinker received the ball from Heloyan and scored with a grounder from within a few feet. The winger drew the goalie out and put the ball into the right corner of the net. The Italian goal was then bombarded by the French, but Mainenti rose to the occasion and his saves were brilliant.

A few minutes before the end of the game, Heloyan was fouled just outside the penalty area, but Collet, taking the free kick, drove into the crowd. The ball returned into play and Pastorino raced past Leonie to score with an oblique shot into the far corner of the net to bring the score to 4-2. The game ended a few minutes later with the French attacking, but unable to penetrate the beautiful keeping of Mainenti.



"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Winning the Seaforths' Point-to-Point

Capt. J. A. C. Powell of the Seaforth Highlanders winning the Point-to-Point held yesterday morning in the Western District.

Lido Pass Severe Test in Defeating Saints

Crack Chinese Still Unbeaten with Imposing Lead in 1st Division; Suen Nets Two

LAUNCHING a furious attack within a short space of about ten minutes close to half-time and coming back with three smart goals, Lido kept clean their record in the First Division of the Shanghai Football Association League yesterday morning at the Canidrome by defeating St. Francis Xavier's by 4-2. The School team battled courageously from the very beginning and were on even terms with the league-leaders until the first goal was scored against them. Then they broke down under the attack and yielded two more before finding their feet again.

There is no denying that Lido showed superiority in virtually every phase of the game. They matched the Schoolboys in speed as Foyn, probably the fastest winger in Shanghai, was given no chance to streak his way towards the goal. The watchful eyes of N. Z. Lee, star left-back, were always on him. K. S. Suen, Lido's captain, played one of his best games this season as he was always on the spot. He opened scoring and then shot the third one with a beautiful first-timer taken on a volley. C. T. Tsao, the clever outside-left, countered the second goal and the fourth one. A penalty was converted by V. K. Hyui.

The two shots fired into the Chinese goal came late in each half. Two minutes before the interval L. K. Chang, the right-back, miskicked to allow Mike Karolitch to score the Saints' first goal. Three minutes before the end of the second session Willie Petterson put through a hook shot.

Following were the teams:—

LIDO:—T. U. Loh, N. Z. Lee, L. K. Chang, Z. H. Nyien, N. L. Meng, Z. Z. Tsiang, C. T. Tsao, K. S. Suen, K. H. Waung, V. K. Hyui, C. S. Woo.

S.F.X.:—Kabbert, Garwood, S. Schultz, Edwards, Greenberg, Kuel, Karolitch, Petterson, K. Schultz, Tuttleman, Foyn.

School Look Promising

Kicking off against the eastern goal, the School started off with a rush. The ball went into Lido's territory and the defenders were kept busy. Loh was called upon to effect a few saves. The Chinese forwards' play was time and again broken up by the Saints' defenders who did fine work in the goal-mouth.

Foyn was given several good passes from his team-mates but his efforts went for naught. From a corner, Loh was seen making a good save from Petterson who drove a high shot from point-blank range.

Tsao dribbled his way through, beating S. Schultz with clever footwork, but he had the misfortune of driving straight to goalie Kabbert.

Gradually Lido applied pressure. A scramble took place in front of the Saints' goal. Waung shot straight to the keeper. The ball bounced back to Suen who drove a powerful one way out of the goalie's reach. However, the School had a miraculous escape when the ball hit Greenberg's head and was finally cleared by the backs.

Keeping on with the attack, Waung and Suen each grounded a weak one for Kabbert to clear. Hyui hit the outside of the net on a fine solo run, taking the ball from midfield and carrying past the defence lines with only the goalie to beat.

In about the 30th minute Greenberg was accidently kicked by Hyui. The Saints' pivot fell down and lay flat on the ground. Play was suspended for about half a minute. Upon the resumption Woo took possession and lobbed a high one towards the goal. A melee ensued and it resulted in Suen trapping the ball over the goal-line.

Suen nearly scored a second one with a first-time volley from a centre from Woo. The shot missed the left-hand post by a scant foot or two. However, before many minutes had elapsed Tsao beat Kabbert with a fast grounder following some clever dribbling by Suen.

Foyn Begins Roving

From the resultant kick-off the Saints raided Lido's area. Foyn roved around the field but the tactics failed to puzzle the opposing defenders as he was kept away from the goal by careful guarding. Petterson tried a fine lob right in the goal-mouth to see Loh just manage to tap it to the side for Chang to clear.

In the 39th minute Suen scored a grand shot with a beautiful first-time volley from a pass by Tsao. Three minutes later Chang miskicked and permitted Karolitch to pick the ball up and beat the advancing Loh with a grounder.

The second half saw the Chinese forwards start a fast raid right after the kick-off. Play was confined to Lido's left flank where Tsao was conspicious by his fine ball control. He left S. Schultz standing practically every time.

Foyn was playing at the centre berth and he almost beat Loh with a pile-driver from twenty yards out. The goalie just managed to stop the shot and he cleared before Schultz could get his boot to it.

Hyui Nets Penalty

In the 16th minute Meng sent a high shot towards the goal. Greenberg was caught handling inside the back area. Hyui, taking the 12-yard kick, made no mistake to put Lido 4-1 ahead.

A wing-to-wing play, started by Tsao, almost enabled Woo to increase the margin. The outside-right cut in only to drive against the advancing Kabbert. Hyui missed a fine chance shortly afterwards. Garwood tackled him in the nick of time near the goal and the shooter drove wide.

Nyien left the field owing to a leg injury. His absence put the Saints back to life and the latter succeeded in keeping the play in Lido's half. Five minutes later Nyien returned but the School team continued to have the upper hand. Three minutes before the end, Petterson tried a hook shot with his back to the goal. The ball swerved into the top corner of the posts.

Soccer Results Here At a Glance

The results of the football games played in Shanghai yesterday were as follows:—

FIRST DIVISION
Lido 4, S.F.X. 2

RESERVE DIVISION
Police 8, Lusitano 1
A.S.F. 1, S.F.X. 1

SECOND DIVISION
Rowing Club 2, Sokol 0
Parks 5, U.T. Party 2

THIRD DIVISION
Maccabi 5, Judeans 0

RESERVE CUP SEMI-FINAL
S.R.C. 3, Lido 1

TSZ LING CUP 2ND RD.
Italan Navy 3, French Forces 2

Results of English League Football

London, Jan. 13.

Results of Divisional League matches played today are:—

SOUTH B

Brentford 4, Aldershot 3
Fulham 4, Southampton 1
Portsmouth 1, Chelsea 2
Queen's Park Rangers 2, Bournemouth 1
Reading 1, Brighton 0

SOUTH A

Arsenal 4, Millwall 1
Charlton 1, Tottenham 5
Clapton Orient 1, Norwich City 1
Southend 3, Crystal Palace 1
Watford 3, West Ham 1

MIDLAND

Birmingham 3, Leicester 3
Luton 6, Northampton 2
Walsall 0, Coventry 2
Wolverhampton 2, West Bromwich 0

EAST MIDLAND

Sheffield Wednesday 0, Rotherham United 1

NORTH WESTERN

Bolton 3, Oldham 0

SOUTH WESTERN

Bristol City 1, Torquay United 3
Cardiff City 1, Newport County 0
Plymouth Agyle 2, Bristol Rovers 0
Swindon Town 4, Swansea Town 1

SCOTTISH EASTERN

Aberdeen 8, Cowdenbeath 1
Arbroath 1, Alloa 1
Dundee 2, East Fife 0
Dunfermline 2, Hibernian 1
Falkirk 4, Dundee United 2
Hearts 3, St. Johnstone 0
Raith Rovers 6, St. Bernards 0
King's Park 1, Stenhousemuir 1

SCOTTISH WESTERN

Aidrieonians 5, Motherwell 2
Celtic 1, Ayr United 3
Hamilton Acads 2, Albion Rovers 1
Kilmarnock 1, Clyde 2
Morton 2, Queen's Park 2
Queen of South 1, Rangers 2
Third Lanark 2, Dumbarton 1 (when abondoned)
Partick Thistle v. St. Mirren postponed.

The results of other matches were:
Everton 4, Tranmere 4
New Brighton 1, Liverpool 4
Accrington 2, Barnsley 1
Blackburn 1, Manchester City 2
Blackpool 0, Leeds 1
Chesterfield 5, Bradford 0
Huddersfield 1, Grimsby 0 (when abondoned)
Lincoln 4, York 3
Notts Forest 0, Birmingham 1
Preston 2, Stoke 1
Rochdale 2, Sheffield United 0
Newcastle 3, Gateshead 1.—Reuter.

Show of Power by Hockey Club

Senior Eleven Score 12 Goals; Pote-Hunt, Cole And Kendall Shine

Scoring twelve clear goals against the United "B" on the Race Course yesterday afternoon, the Shanghai Hockey Club "A" team completed the fixtures in the first half of the League without a single defeat. The Club countered five shots in the first half and then added seven more upon the resumption.

Capt. J. R. Cole, the Club centre-forward, was again the chief scorer, netting five times while J. W. Pote-Hunt and I. H. Kendall, the two inside-men, each put three shots into the net. The last one was made by H. A. Crickmer, who changed positions with Cole in the last ten minutes.

The United fielded four players on the "C" team and started with only ten men. The eleventh player appeared after the Club had piled up a substantial lead of 4-0.

Play in the first part of the second period was fairly close. Although attacking almost all the time, the United goal was quite well protected by the defenders. The latter collapsed towards the closing stages and the lack of resistance enabled the winners to score one goal after another until the final score reached twelve.

Seaforths Down United "A"

A lone goal scored by Davis in the first half enabled the Seaforths to defeat the United "A'," who played with only ten men. The soldiers were stronger in both attack and defence and the weakened United team could only make sporadic raids.

Play started with the United attacking as the army eleven were slow to settle down. The four-men forward line of the civilians failed to beat the opposition and their efforts went for naught.

Midway in the period Davis went through and beat goal-keeper Jones with a fast shot. The latter did a fine job between the posts and effected some good saves. Waldmann and Pate, the two fullbacks, also played a sterling game and it was due to the performances of these three men that the score was kept down to the minimum.

Torquay Overwhelms Newton Abbot 17-0

London, Jan. 14.

Torquay defeated Newton Abbot by 17-0 yesterday in a Rugby Union match. All other encounters were cancelled.—Reuter.

HAI-ALAI

TO-DAY at 7.30 p.m.

Events 1-8:	Events 9-16:
1. URANGA	1. GURIDI
2. ESCORIAZA	2. SOLOZABAL
3. RAFAEL	3. GUERNICA
4. CUBANO	4. ALBERDI
5. LACA	5. PRUDENCIO
6. FERNANDO	6. OSA

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GANTRY
THE BLIND HORSE
Racing Sensation of the Age!
with
EDITH FELLOWS · JAMES McCALLION · Directed by WILLIAM McGANN
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FRONTIER MARSHAL
with
RANDOLPH SCOTT · NANCY KELLY
CESAR ROMERO · BINNIE BARNES
JOHN CARRADINE
a 20th Century Fox Picture
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Fast Japanese Rugger Fifteen Outplay Seaforths But Lose

Civilians Show Tremendous Speed ; Only Hard Tackling Saves Scots ; Exciting Play

IN about the finest game of rugby football seen in Shanghai this season, the Seaforth Highlanders just managed to defeat the senior side of Shanghai Nipponjin (Japanese Civilians) at the Race Course yesterday afternoon by eight points (one goal and a try) to six (two tries), but the Japanese, in defeat, the most unlucky losers of the year and looked far better than their doughty rivals. After their splendid debut a week ago, the appearance of the Japanese yesterday against a senior local fifteen was awaited with interest and their display showed that they can match the best Shanghai can offer. On a dry ground they will probably beat any Shanghai side, their speed and handling being up to a standard that has not been seen in this town for many a long year.

Playing a seven-man pack and packing 3-2-2 they shoved the eight-man scrum of the Seaforths all over the place in set tussles, the ball being put in and coming back like lightning for their eight outsides to go through one movement after another like streaks of wind.

These Japanese can play rugby and they are up to every trick known. They play fairly, they play hard and only bad luck prevented them winning yesterday. It was rather surprising, however that they asked for 25 minute halves for had they played the two extra five minute periods they would, in all, probability, have reversed the final result.

Taking scrums instead of lines-out the Japanese pack paved the way with their splendid hard work for their outsides to threaten the soldiers line again and again and they delighted a large crowd with a good exhibition of football. Having an extra outside—a five-eighth—and getting the ball back more often than the Highlanders, the soldiers were hard put to it to prevent the additional back making his presence felt in smooth, fast-handling movements. The Scots tackled like demons and it was only their never-say-die spirit that kept their adversaries from chalking up a big score.

Every man on the Japanese side was good but outstanding was the hooker Yano and the left-winger, Koyakumaru. They did excellent work for their team and the latter's terrific speed scored both Japanese tries and only splendid Scottish tackling prevented him from getting through again.

For the Scots Walmsley played a clever game at full-back. R. D. Maclagan, Alexander and Rainey did well among the outsides although the second named was inclined to be selfish and lost a certain try through holding on to the ball.

I. A. Maclagan, Ainslie, Veasey and Waud performed well among the forwards but the fact that the Japanese packed about a yard lower than the Scots had its very natural effect in set-scrums.

SEAFORTH 1ST XV:—Pte. Walmsley; Pte. Cowan, Pte. Alexander, Lieut. R. D. Maclagan, L/Cpl. Smith; Pte. Rainey, Pte. Cameron; L/Cpl. Crow. Sgt. Veasey, Pte. Richardson, Cpl. Waud, Lieut. I. A. Maclagan, Sgt. Ainslie, Cpl. Knowles and Pte. Woodhead.

SHANGHAI NIPPONJIN 1ST XV:—Kijima; Koyakumaru, Miki, Komiya, Sakurauchi; Ogawa, Murayama, Sakamoto; Tohyama, Yano, Eguchi, Idoh, Maekawa, Inouye and Maesushita.

Referee: Mr. Barraclough.

Invaders Driven Back

Right in the first minute the Japanese forwards took the ball close to the Seaforth line, but good foot rushes gradually drove the invaders back to their own territory where play took place for a number of minutes. The Japanese endeavoured to get their backs moving on several occasions and though they had the ball very often, first-time tackling by the soldiers kept them penned in their 25. A kicking duel between the rival full-backs then took the eye and then the Japanese with a series of determined well executed threes' movements swept up the field to threaten the Scots' line.

Twice they were well placed when they were penalized for offside and the chances that were just around the corner were lost. Feet-up and the resultant penalties also did not help the Japanese in their drive for points. The Scots then drove them back to their own line, but a splendid movement among the Nippon in outsides that gained fifty yards had the soldiers' defence in a tangle and a try appeared imminent, but coming into their own, the Highlanders gradually repulsed every attack although it has to be admitted that the Japanese were certainly playing far better football.

Rainey Sold a Dummy

After 20 minutes Rainey sold a dummy and broke through but was pulled down in the Japanese 25 after making at least 30 yards. A scrum resulted and Cameron, the Seaforths scrum-half, went through on his own, sold a dummy and placed the ball between the posts to place the soldiers three points to the good. Crow missed a very easy kick.

In the next minute the Japanese broke away and Okawa went through the Scots' defence like lightning, but chased by Smith, he unaccountably went over the dead-ball line behind the posts and a chance of levelling the score was wasted. Again before the interval the Japanese were over the Scottish line but Walmsley touched down in time to prevent what appeared to be another certain try.

Within thirty seconds of the resumption Koyakumaru gathered from a maul and leaving the defence literally standing ran 20 yards to score far out and level the total. His effort was not improved upon.

Japanese Dominate

The Japanese had all the better of the play in the next ten minutes, delightful passing movements that gained yards and yards only being pulled up by good tackling by the defenders who at this period of the game were very hard pressed. The soldiers did once take the ball over their opponents' line, but nothing came of the effort. In the 12th minute, in the finest movement of the game, the ball was heeled like lightning by the Japanese from a set-scrum ten yards in their own half. The ball travelled right across the line to Koyakumaru who made no mistake to score another unconverted try to place the Civilians ahead.

The soldiers fought hard after this reverse and quickly Alexander came into his own. Selling three dummies he left the defence standing but although he gained 30 yards he was caught from behind when he should have passed to Cowan who was backing up well. Thus a certain try was thrown away.

Five minutes later Alexander did the same trick but this time was not as well supported as he might have been. A scrum resulted in the Japanese 26 and Cameron slung the ball out to the left for Smith to go over far out for a try. The winger appeared to knock-on when receiving but there was no doubt that his scoring effort was good despite the protestations of the Japanese defence. Crow's kick hit the far post and then rebounded for a goal to secure what proved to be the winning points.

The Scots piled on the pace in the closing minutes but it was the Japanese who threatened to score before the whistle went, they being deep in Scots territory when a fine game terminated.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Near the Finish of the American Troop Race

Maj. H. D. Rodger leading near the finish of the event followed by Cpl. Steve Clark and Cpl. G. Lacks.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Big Trophy For Light Horse Winner

Mrs. H. Maitland presenting the Ralphs Challenge Cup to C. N. Abbott who won the Light Horse Point-to-Point held yesterday morning. Capt. Maitland is in the middle of the picture. The Cup was originally presented by Lieut. Ralphs who commanded the unit from 1912 to 1914.

N.Y. Yanks Headed For Pitfall

Baseball Champions Will Break Themselves Without Help Says Veteran

Albany, N.Y. Jan. 5.

The New York Yankees are headed for an unavoidable pitfall that will end their long victory streak, according to Johnny Evers, who's seen it happen.

Evers was the spindly middleman of the famous infield combination that made "Tinker-to-Evers-to-Chance" a household phrase 30 years ago when the Chicago Cuss were the unbeatable team.

Kibitzers of the hot stove league are suggesting the Yankees be broken up for the good of baseball. The New York club, by clinching pennants and World Series trophies four years running, are making the major league championship a foregone conclusion before the seasons start, they say.

"Ridiculous!" snorted Evers, in an interview.

"They'll break themselves without outside help," he asserted.

Yankees Lucky

"The Yankees have had fine luck. They've so far escaped the two bugaboos of a record-breaking baseball team—injuries and deadlocked holdouts. But one of these two things will catch up with them."

Evers contends that despite superlative management, training and safeguards, Murderers' Row sooner or later will succumb to one of these ailments while another team climbs to the throne.

"It was the same with us on the Cubs," he recalled. "We had a smooth, clicking team that chopped off the National League pennant in 1906, '07 and '08 and set a record or two besides.

"We had Tinker, Chance, and Johnny Kling, a Buffalo boy who I think was the best catcher in baseball history.

"In '06 we won the pennant with about 116, a record that hasn't yet been matched. We were so far ahead a bunch of us regulars took a September vacation so the rockies could play in the remaining 24 or 25 games scheduled."

Lost Despite Odds

That vacation cost the Cubs the series with the White Sox. The returning regulars were out of form. The team lost despite 10 to 1 odds in their favour, Evers said.

"But," he added, "1909 saw us go overboard. Kling held out over salary differences and stayed out all season. I had gotten a one-year leave of absence for my honeymoon, but was recalled in June. Still, Kling wasn't there and we wound up in second place although winning 105 games.

"The team everybody thought couldn't be beaten was licked that year. The present Yankees may suffer the same with the loss of a key man.

"When Kling came back in '10 we won the championship again, but our streak was broken."

Better Care

Injuries still are a big threat to major leaguers, as much as in the days of the "dead" ball, yet clubs like the Yankees are better organized and cared for, Evers asserted.

"Modern major league baseball pampers its players a little. In the old days a batter would sometimes purposely stick out his arm or shoulder to be hit by a pitched ball so he could get on base. A fellow might be knocked unconscious by a pitched or batted ball and return to the game.

"They don't any more. A player with a scratched finger is out until the injury heals. Their increased value to their clubs has something to do with it, of course."—United Press.

Rugby League Matches Postponed

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 14.

All matches in the Rugby League were postponed yesterday.—Reuter.

Tung Wen Run Over Club XV

Collegians Pile Up 43 Points Over S.R.U.F.C. Second Team

Tung Wen College again! Scoring just as they pleased and when they liked the fast moving Japanese team turned the Race Course yesterday afternoon into a veritable track-meet by scoring 43 points (five goals and six tries) against a Club 2nd XV that in return did not manage to tally a single point. As can be imagined from such an overwhelming victory the Japanese ran rings round their opponents and some difficulty was experienced by the large crowd of onlookers in keeping an exact count of the points as they came along with monotonous regularity.

The Collegians played excellent football, the ball being flashed back to the outsides with a regularity that must have disconcerted each and every Club player. The outsides, when in possession, then saw to it that tries were the result and their efforts, to say the least, were certainly pleasing from a football point of view. Their handling, clever running and passing were up to the usual high standard expected of this team and their task was made all the easier by the pitiful endeavours of the Club, whose backs and forwards seemed to have forgotten even the most elementary rules of the handling code.

TUNG WEN COLLEGE:—Hara; Uchiyama, Yoshimura, Tanda, Ikeda; Inoue, Akabori; Matsuura, Maki, Shimizu, Kaite, Hino, Maeda, Murakami and Ishida.

CLUB 2ND XV:—Pte. Moody; Pte. Rowberry, O. P. Edwards, K. Okimoto, L/Cpl. Riley; A. Thomas, B. A. St. Louis; J. W. Chapman, J. B. Blaikie, D. M. Wheeler, G. L. Hinds, J. R. Harling, Pte. Bland, W. K. Corneck and F. March.

Referee: Mr. Silby.

Nice Bout of Passing

The Japanese adopted attacking tactics from the start but missed a number of opportunities of opening the score early on, dropped passes telling the tale. In the 12th minute after they had had matters all their own way, however, Maeda went over far out after a nice bout of passing. Hara failed. A minute later, the Club took the ball up to the Japanese line. Uchiyama their intercepted a club pass and ran fifty yards before being pulled down by Moody. He transferred to ball to Inoue who ran a similar distance to place the ball under the posts for Hara to convert.

Japanese Take Over

The Japanese then took command with a vengeance and penned the Club in their own half completely. Five minutes later Matsuura made a 30 yard run to score under the posts and Hara again made a good kick. Yoshimura scored another try before the interval for Hara again to convert to place the Collegians 18 points to the good.

The second half was a rout. There is no other word for it. Within five minutes Akabori went over, while later Ikeda repeated the trick after a nice movement among the backs.

Other points came with regularity from Uchiyama, Ikeda, Ishida, Akabori and Hara and with the last named converting two of the tries the final score added up to the nammoth total of 43. Try as they might the Club players could do not the slightest thing against a far better side and they retired well beaten.

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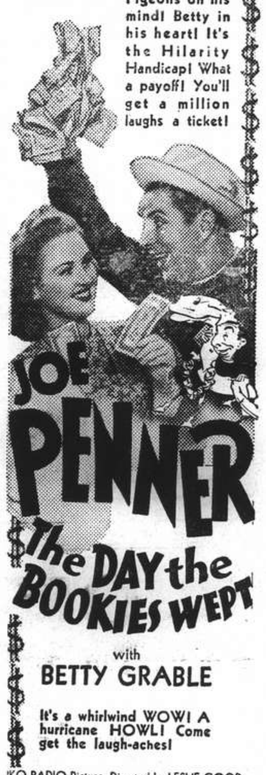

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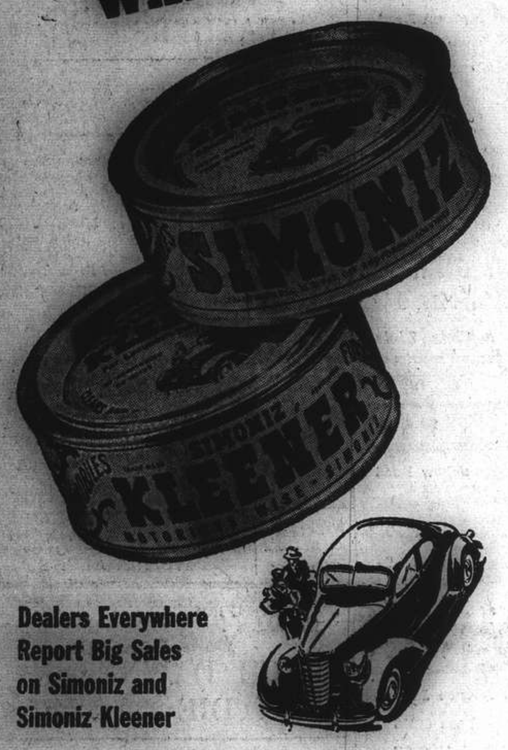

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BIRTH

REYNOLDS.—On January 14, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to STELLA, wife of Ronald U. Reynolds, a daughter.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

GEN. ABE RESIGNS

What was regarded on Saturday night as inevitable actually occurred yesterday morning, when General Nobuyuki Abe, after consultation with his colleagues, submitted the resignations of the Cabinet to the Throne, receiving the Royal command to continue in office until his successor had formed a Government. It was not expected when General Abe accepted office at the end of August that his Government would be anything more than a makeshift. The new ministry was then regarded as "flat and lacking in vitality," despite the fact that General S. Hata's acceptance of the position of Minister for War added some strength to General Abe's Cabinet, which was later reinforced by the appointment of Admiral Nomura to the Foreign Ministry. During the four-and-a-half months in which he held office, General Abe sought to bring about an improvement in Japan's foreign relations, following the reverse which the Cabinet of his predecessor, Baron Hiranuma, had received when Germany betrayed the Anti-Komintern bloc by signing a non-aggression pact with the Soviet. The appointment of Admiral Nomura to the Foreign Office was a definite step in the direction of improving relations between Japan and the United States, and the fact that up to the present no very great improvement has been effected, is by no means due to any fault of the Abe Cabinet, but rather to the legacy which preceding ministries had left him. In this connection it may be pointed out that General Abe's downfall is not to be attributed to any radical modification of Japan's foreign policy, for apart from endeavouring to create a better atmosphere in which to deal with neutral Powers interested in China, he pursued the same policy vis-à-vis of the China Incident as had been adopted as far back as Prince Konnoye's ministry. When it was divulged that a large number of Diet members called upon General Abe to resign, threatening to propose a vote of non-confidence in the Diet should he insist on remaining in office, it was at first thought that General Abe would be able to control the situation.

It was indeed hoped in some quarters that that would prove to be the case, but once he had been advised by his own War Minister that it would be advisable for him to relinquish office, it became clear that an important section of the Army was behind the recalcitrant members of the Diet, and the fate of General Abe's administration was sealed. Despite the difficulties which it was apparent were ahead of him, General Abe went straight to the task of endeavouring to solve as many of the outstanding problems with which Japan was confronted as quickly as possible. On September 12, the headquarters of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in China was announced. Three days later, following months of fighting on the Manchoukuo-Outer Mongolian border Soviet-Japanese hostilities were terminated by a truce. October saw the attention of the Japanese Government being drawn to the strained relations between itself and Washington, and though Admiral Nomura strove manfully to bring about a readjustment between the two countries, especially in face of the impending expiration of the American-Japanese Treaty of Commerce and Navigation, including the announcement of the Japanese intention to reopen the Yangtze to international navigation up to Nanking, all efforts to bring about agreement concerning a new treaty, or at least a *modus vivendi*, have failed. There is now very little prospect of the latter now being reached before the date of the expiry of the Treaty, namely January 26. Nevertheless, it is not the failure of General Abe's foreign policy which has led to the present situation, thought it is reported that one of the criticisms levelled against him was his "fawning diplomacy" towards the United States. The real cause is more likely to be found in the internal problems which have arisen, and some doubt as to the ability of his Cabinet to solve them. Since his assumption of office difficulties, which his predecessors escaped, have arisen. The outbreak of the European war caused the Government to take drastic steps imposing control over stock market transactions, while storage charges, rents, salaries, wages, insurance rates and processing charges were frozen in order to prevent war boom inflation.

In addition to these severe tests to which the country was being subjected, drought in Korea and Japan led to a poor rice crop, and shortage of water for industrial and power concerns, increasing the demand for coal, and reducing the amount of that fuel available for household use. Restriction of the use of rice for brewing purposes followed, and over and above all this the nation faced the prospect of another huge budget for the coming financial year. It is consequently understandable why so many feared that General Abe, who had no previous experience as Prime Minister, should come to be regarded as not quite the man to lead the nation through its present difficulties. The seriousness of the situation may best be observed in the very definite reluctance of the likely men to succeed to the tasks which General Abe has been obliged to relinquish. It is quite clear that whoever does succeed to the premiership will be faced with the heavy responsibility of having to make very grave decisions, and the next Prime Minister of Japan will have to be a strong man in himself, and command the widest possible support from all parties, civilian as well as the services. The developments of the next few days will be watched with anxiety as well as interest. It is to be assumed that whoever takes office will adhere to policies already decided upon with regard to China, but it will also be hoped that the policy which General Abe was following of endeavouring to improve relations between Japan and the third-party Powers with interests and rights in this country will be adhered to. It would indeed be a thousand pities if the good work which has been done during recent months were undone by any reversal of policy in this particular respect. The formation of a strong Cabinet capable of solving the problems with which Japan is beset, is of paramount importance, and, if the next Premier succeeds in bringing about unanimous support for himself and his ministry, there appears to be no reason why the future should not bear as much promise of all-round-betterment, as General Abe's sought to effect.

Tsingtao Improvement

The report appearing in another column, to the effect that Mr. D. Kato, Japanese Consul-General, has announced that as from yesterday another shipping berth in Tsingtao harbour, as well as two additional godowns, will be made available for Third-Power vessels, is most welcome reading. It is noted that these facilities will not be suspended unless military necessity obliges, and it is to be hoped that this will indeed be the case. The concession which has been made, it is true, will not solve all the difficulties which foreign shipping concerns experience in Tsingtao, but anything which can be done to improve the handling of sea-borne cargo at the port must be welcomed as a step in the right direction. It has fortunately been the case that military necessity in Shantung has not shown itself to be particularly pressing for some time past, and it is to be hoped that the Japanese authorities will not hesitate to offer further harbour facilities as the situation improves. For a considerable period the vessels of Third Powers have experienced very great difficulty in carrying on their business with Tsingtao, a large proportion of them being wholly unable to use the small accommodation which up to the present has been made available to them, and though by the opening of the new berth that accommodation has been doubled, there are still facilities existing in the harbour which it is felt could without inconveniencing the Japanese military be opened up. That it is to be hoped will eventually be done, for the more that is done to remove the impression that discrimination is being applied against Third-Power shipping the better will be the situation all round. This new development strengthens the hope that the Japanese promise to open the Yangtze as far as Nanking will also be implemented in the near future. That, it may be depended upon, would undoubtedly produce a good impression abroad, and especially amongst those people who insist that their only concern in China is to trade, and to conduct their business which has been built up by long and honourable industry.

Mercy or Judgment

Amongst those who foresaw the development of flying was the poet Cowper who as long ago as 1783 discussed the possibility and speculated as to how the discovery of the art of flying would ultimately come to be regarded:—

'Should the point be carried, and man at last become as familiar with the air as he has long been with the ocean, will it in its consequences prove a mercy, or a judgement? I think, a judgement. First, because if a power to convey himself from place to place, like a bird, would have been good for him, his Maker would have formed him with such a capacity. But he has been a groveller upon the earth for six thousand years, and now at last, when the close of this present state of things approaches, begins to exalt himself above it. So much the worse for him. Like a truant schoolboy, he breaks his bounds, and will have reason to repent of his presumption. Secondly, I think it will prove a judgement, because with the exercise of very little foresight, it is easy to prognosticate a thousand evils which the project must necessarily bring after it; amounting at last to the confusion of all order, the annihilation of all authority, with dangers both to property and person, and impunity to the offenders. Were I an absolute legislator, I would therefore make it death for a man to be convicted of flying, the moment he could be caught; and to bring him down from his latitudes by a bullet sent through his head or his carriage, should be no murder. Philosophers would call me a Vandal; the scholar would say that, had it not been for me, the fable of Dædalus would have been realized; and historians would load my memory with reproaches of phlegm, and stupidity, and oppression; but in the meantime the world would go on quietly, and if it enjoyed less liberty, would at least be more secure.'

And now mankind asks whether after all it is not a judgment instead of the mercy Cowper suggested it might just as well be. There are undoubtedly those who are impressed by the swiftness with which mankind can travel all over the globe since aviation first commenced, and will seek to show that the convenience which the aeroplane has proved to be more than justifies its existence. But there is that evil genius of mankind which quickly recognized the aeroplane as a most potent weapon for doing harm, and more energy has been devoted to making the machine an efficient weapon of warfare than to any other recent discovery. As a pursuit of peacetime aviation has much to be said for it, but in war it has become a horrible weapon though fortunately not quite so destructive as it was at first feared it might be.

A COUNTRY DIARY

Weihaiwei, Dec. 29.—Walking close to the seashore and trying to sort out the sea-birds (which are really not very numerous here now that the fishing-boats have finished their main season) I got another excellent view of a Cormorant which was standing on a rock drying his outstretched wings in that magnificent attitude which always reminds me of a church lectern. I tried to make up my mind as to what this bird exactly was; and having no books of reference to consult, I came to the conclusion that it must be that particular type of Cormorant known as a Shag, because of its size and the brilliant green sheen of its plumage. And this led me into a train of thought as to how unfairly this really grand bird has been treated by those responsible for avian nomenclature. Could anyone think of an uglier name than "Shag"....a word redolent of a very cheap and most evil-smelling tobacco! And on top of this its scientific name is the ugliest one I know: all Cormorants (of which the Shag is one) are known as *Phalacrocoracidae*, and the bird I was looking at is, I think, labelled as *Phalacrocorax pelagicus*: but the nomenclators must have weakened at some time and so, to make up for a bad start, gave it the resounding name (with a little compliment thrown in) of Resplendent Shag.....which really sounds much better. To be called a Cormorant is not so bad, for that is really a (somewhat incorrect) combination of *Corvus* and *mare*, meaning a sea-crow, but I can see no excuse for "shag" unless it is a corruption of the "sac" or pouch in which the bird receives its catch....for the English word, shag (or shaggy) means rough and hairy, which the cormorant is *not*. And as I thought thus, this beautiful bird slid away like green-black shadow over the surface of the deep blue sea.

IN PARENTHESIS

Parrot

A BERLIN parrot says "Heil Hitler!" The bird resolved long ago that it would have to do something to counteract the unfortunate impression caused by the shape of its beak.

* * *

Athlete

MOTHER: "Do you think that Junior will forget all that he learned at college?"

Father: "Well, I hope he forgets part of it. I still don't see how he could earn much of a living rowing up and down a river."

* * *

Sent on Leave

THE Sergeant-Major dashed angrily into the men's sleeping quarters crying: "Up men, it's five minutes past six. You're five minutes late."

A voice from under the blanket said, "What an Army! If I were five minutes late at work, they'd send me home for the day."

* * *

Careless

A BUS conductor handed in three gas-masks found on his bus at the Lost Property Office.

Clerk: How many masks have you found?

Conductor: Three.

Clerk: Two, surely!

Conductor: I tell yer, three.

Clerk: Well, where's your own?

Conductor: Crikey, I've left it on the bus.

* * *

What About the Chips?

HEARING about Scots fishermen going out in boats and collecting fish killed by explosions in the Firth of Forth, a Scot remarked:—

"Ah, weel, the Edinbury folk wull hae tae write tae Hitler, and tell him the next time he bombs the Forth tae use incendiary bombs, and then the fisher lads ah'll their fish cooked."

* * *

Economy

ONE Scotsman was seen pouring a strange mixture into his whiskey, which beforehand he had always taken neat. When asked what it was and why he was mixing the drink, he replied: "It's anti-freeze mixture. I'm thinking that if I take enough of it, I won't have to buy a winter overcoat."

* * *

Not Reported

IN his contact with exalted ones and officials, the French journalist is insistent on his rights and emphatic about his privileges. There is a sublime story about a war correspondent who, when a general refused him permission to follow certain operations in the Franco-Prussian war, replied, "Very well, General, there will be no allusion in my paper to this battle!"

* * *

Special Trenches

A FELLOW was trying to dodge military service.

"I'm afraid my short-sightedness will prevent me from doing any actual fighting," he said.

The M.O. replied, cheerfully: "That's okay, old chap, We've got special trenches for the short-sighted ones. Right up close to the enemy—you just can't miss seeing 'em!"

* * *

"Somewhere"

WONDERFUL were the mistakes made during the last war by troops sailing for unknown destinations. A private in a north Country regiment, supposing he was bound for the front, on being disembarked in Ireland thought he had arrived in France, so he wrote to his father saying: "We have arrived safely and the village people seem to understand all we say to them."

* * *

Weighty

AN inspector paid a surprise visit to a village school. The teacher, who was of decidedly corpulent build, proceeded to question the children.

"Now, children, tell me in what way I resemble a clock."

The responses soon came.

"Please, miss, you have a face," "You have hands," and so on.

Then came the question: "Tell me some ways in which I do not resemble a clock."

There was a long pause; then piped a small voice: "Please, miss, you have no spring."

* * *

Confinement

To protect its staff, London's Bank of England last winter built an underground air-raid shelter. Recently, bank members in charge of Air Raid Precautions sent an elaborate health questionnaire to all employees to find out if they could withstand prolonged imprisonment in the narrow, crowded shelter. Among the questions: "Do you suffer from claustrophobia?"

To the amazement of A. R. P. organizers, 95 per cent of the women employees answered, "Yes." Calling in the chief of the women's division, the organizers asked her if she had explained to the girl exactly what claustrophobia meant. "Oh, yes," said she, "I told them it meant being afraid of confinement."

* * *

Contagious

WHY is laughter so contagious? Only once have I seen a big hall full of men every one of whom was laughing till he felt a pain in the back of the neck. After two minutes we would fain have stopped but were wholly unable to. Undergraduates with a sprinkling of dons, some quite elderly, and a few women. What were we laughing at?

A noted female mesmerist named Mme Card gave a public performance—it was in the autumn of 1874—when she selected about eight of the audience, hypnotized them, ranged them in a semi-circle on the platform and told them severally that there was some screamingly funny joke on and they must laugh. They obeyed, not brusquely or as one sometimes sees, with the mouth contorted and the eyes grave but gradually; beginning with a fatuous smile, then with a crescendo of indescribable merriment, an intoxicated ecstasy of laughter closely imitated by some 300 helpless spectators.

At the close of the entertainment not a soul could tell you what we had been laughing at.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	37.0	Max.	50.0
Same date, 1939	Min.	32.5	Max.	56.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	34.7	Max.	48.2
Same date, 1939	Min.	28.4	Max.	58.3

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 13th:—Low and rising pressure over China: falling over Japan. Variable winds along the China Coast. Cloudy weather with rain in places.

State on the morning of the 14th:—Fine and colder weather. Northerly breezes. Pressure rather low and rising.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy and cold weather with local snow and fresh north-westerly to northerly winds around Shantung: with morning mist and rather strong north-westerly to north-easterly winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Mrs. Glassford (I.C.)	$10.
Dr. Tirinnanzi	20.
Mrs. A. M. Lockhart (Helvetia)	$5.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Guenter	10.
Miss L. S. Von Meyenburg	10.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Leslie	10.
S. Stiner	20.
J. Piffaretti	20.
In memory of Mrs. Norman Rutherford	
R. E. Kadoorie (Ass'd British Charities)	$10.
In memory of Mrs. Mary Botelho	
Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Remedios and family (St. Vincent)	$20.
Miss Martina Oliveira	2.
P. S. Oliveira	3.
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. B. Remedios	10.
Organizacao Nacional	10.

Admiral Yonai To Head New Tokyo Cabinet

Accepts Emperor's Command to Form Ministry After Resignation of Abe Govt.; General Hata Previously Mentioned for Office

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

ADMIRAL Mitsumasa Yonai, former Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Third Fleet in Shanghai and thrice Minister of the Navy in successive cabinets, tonight was commanded by the Emperor to form a cabinet to succeed the Abe Government. This refutes earlier speculation that the Emperor would command General Shunroku Hata, outgoing Minister for War, to form a cabinet. If Admiral Yonai succeeds his cabinet will probably not have such an unhappy period of office as that of his predecessor.

Inheriting from the Konoye and Hiranuma Governments the task of further strengthening semi-totalitarian war economy throughout the country, members of the Abe cabinet displayed mediocrity and ineptitude, arousing increasing hostility among all classes—the capitalists, industrialists, bureaucrats, politicians and the masses. Faced with declared opposition among the majority of members of the Lower House, the Abe Government was forced to resign. A move to defeat the opposition by dissolution of the Diet would have obviously delayed the passage of the vital ten billion yen budget, while there were many indications that a general election would have resulted in a Lower House even more strongly opposed to the cabinet than the present house.—Reuter.

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

Admiral Yonai, who is now a member of the Supreme Military Council, was summoned to the Palace by Admiral Saburo Hyakutake, Grand Chamberlain, late this evening. Immediately upon arrival at 7.15 o'clock he was received in audience by His Majesty, who directed him to organize a Government. The high naval officer was understood to have accepted the command. He left the Imperial Palace at 8.05 o'clock.

Establishing his headquarters at the official residence of the Minister of the Navy on "Ministry Row" in the heart of the Capital, Admiral Yonai immediately plunged into his task of shaping a new Cabinet. Late tonight,

Admiral Yonai

sources close to Admiral Yonai announced that the Premier-designate had succeeded in filling various Cabinet posts as follows:

Navy—Vice-Admiral Zengo Yoshida, incumbent.

Foreign Affairs—Mr. Hachiro Arita, who held the same portfolio in the Cabinets of Mr. Koki Hirota and of Prince Ayamaro Konoye.

Mr. Sotaro Ishiwata, Minister of Finance in the Cabinet of Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, would serve as Secretary-General of the Cabinet, it was further announced.

The Imperial summons to Admiral Yonai followed an audience granted by His Majesty to Mr. Kjrahei Yuasa, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, at 6.40 o'clock when the latter nominated the naval officer as a suitable successor to Gen. Abe. Mr. Yuasa was commanded by the Emperor this morning to select a suitable candidate for the Premiership.

Prince Saionji Assents

The Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal was understood to have sought an audience after being advised by his secretary, Marquis Yasumasa Matsudaira, that Prince Kimmochi Saionji, the last of the "genro" or elder statesmen, had approved the nomination of Admiral Yonai. Marquis Matsudaira left Tokyo at 2.23 o'clock this afternoon for Okitsu, where Prince Saionji's villa is located. He arrived at Shizuoka at 5.47 o'clock and proceeded at once by motor car to call on the aged prince. Having secured the assent of Prince Saionji to the nomination, Marquis Matsudaira was believed to have telephoned Mr. Yuasa to that effect.

Japan's third "war cabinet" tendered its resignation "en bloc" this morning ending a chequered career of four and a half months. Following an emergency meeting of his Government at 9.15 o'clock this morning, Premier Gen. Nobuyuki Abe, 65-year-old "general who never went to war", proceeded to the Imperial Palace at 9.45 o'clock when he submitted the resignations of the Cabinet to the Throne.

Received in audience by His Majesty, Gen. Abe was commanded to continue in office until his successor had formed a Government. The Emperor was understood to have sought the views of Mr. Kurahei Yuasa, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, regarding suitable candidates available as a Prime Minister in succession to Gen. Abe.

(Continued on page 8, col., 4)

Nomination Causes Surprise

General Hata Was Believed Likely to Create Cabinet; New Premier's Career

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

The nomination of Admiral Yonai by Mr. Yuasa, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, came as a surprise it being generally expected that he would recommend Gen. Shunroku Hata, Minister of War in the outgoing Cabinet, to the Throne. Gen. Hata was received in audience by His Majesty at 7.55 o'clock this evening. He returned to the official residence of the War Minister at 8.20 o'clock.

This is the first time since Admiral Keisuke Okada served as Premier from July 8, 1934 to March 9, 1936, that a naval officer has received the command to form a Cabinet. A native of Iwate Prefecture in Northern Japan, Admiral Yonai is 59 years old having been born in March 1880. He attended Morioka Middle School which has among its graduates Admiral Koshiro Oikawa, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, who is now in Shanghai, and Lieut.-Gen. Seishiro Itagaki, former Minister of War and now Chief-of-Staff of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to China.

Tall and handsome, he was a leader among the youths of his age. His swaggering gait was the object of admiration and imitation by lower classmen. Usually rather taciturn, he broke into loud laughter when amused. This trait he retains still today. Amiable despite his silence he is generally regarded as being free from political bias.

Commanded Leading Battleships

After graduation from the Naval Academy he passed the stiff examinations to the Naval Staff College in Tokyo. He later served successively as captain of the cruisers Kasuga and Iwate and the battleships Fuso and Mutsu, the latter one of the two largest vessels in the Japanese Navy.

Other appointments included Chief-of-Staff of the Second Fleet, Commander of the Chinkai naval fort and a period of duty on the naval General Staff. As Commander-in-Chief of the Third Fleet he was in Shanghai following the First Shanghai incident of 1932. He then served as Commander-in-Chief of the Sasebo and Yokosuka naval bases.

In December 1936, he reached the pinnacle of active Japanese naval service when he was appointed Commander-in-chief of the Combined and First Fleets, the key unit in Japanese naval defence.

Appointed Minister of the Navy in the Cabinet of Gen. Senjuro Hayashi on February 2, 1937, he remained in that post until August 28 last year when the Government under Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma resigned "en bloc" assuming responsibility for the difficult diplomatic situation confronting Japan as a result of the non-aggression pact concluded between Germany and the Soviet Union. Prince Ayamaro Konoye was Premier from May 4, 1937 to January 4, 1938 between Gen. Hayashi and Baron Hiranuma. Following the fall of the Hiranuma Cabinet, Admiral Yonai was appointed a member of the Supreme War Council.

With Vice-Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto, now commander-in-chief of the Combined Fleet, as his vice-minister, Admiral Yonai is credited with having shaped Japan's naval policies of today.—Domei.

1940 Proclaimed "Year Of Tourism for U.S.

President Roosevelt Urges Inter-American Travel

Washington, Jan. 14.

President Roosevelt has proclaimed 1940 the "year of American tourism" in the United States.

The proclamation stated that since the European conflict prevented American citizens from travelling in Europe, it is important that American unity should be consolidated by a better knowledge of American and foreign countries.

President Roosevelt asked United States citizens and those of other American countries to join in a large-scale tourist movement to strengthen the ties linking these states.—Havas.

French Communist Tries To Reach Stockholm

Stockholm, Jan. 14.

French police advised Swedish authorities that M. M. Thorez, French Communist, is trying to reach Stockholm from Switzerland, the "Stockholms-Tidengen" reported last night. The French police warned against the establishment of Stockholm as European Comintern Headquarters, the newspaper said.—United Press.

End of Trade Talks with America Seen

International Reaction To Cabinet Crisis

Washington, Jan. 14.

The downfall of the Government of General Nobuyuki Abe, Premier of Japan, will be "regarded as terminating negotiations for the settlement of questions between that country and the United States," the "Army and Navy Journal" said yesterday.

"In that case a *modus vivendi* will not replace the Treaty of Commerce," the journal said. "Trade will continue under the handicap of a non-treaty basis and additional charges will be imposed by the United States on Japanese shipping and goods. Until Japan agrees to respect the Nine Power Treaty relations will be tense."—United Press.

Chinese Opinion

Chungking, Jan. 14.

While the news of General Abe's resignation caused no surprise among Chungking circles this morning, much interest is attached to his probable successor.

The Chinese press, in general, comments upon the confusion which exists in Japanese circles in the selection of a new premier. According to Chinese opinion, such confusion is only natural as it is believed that Japan has no immediate solution for meeting her domestic and foreign problems, particularly that of the termination of the Sino-Japanese hostilities.

Some Chinese circles regard the forthcoming cabinet, following that of General Abe's, as "Japan's last cabinet before the complete collapse of her adventure in China." It is the opinion of many Chinese here that the appointment of Prince Konoye is quite within expectation since they state "Japan, failing to achieve her aims in China by military measures, must now endeavour to liquidate the situation through political means, or through the co-operation of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, and Prince Konoye is regarded as the only fit person for that task."

It is stated that the reason why the Japanese Army is opposed to the appointment of a general on active service to the office of premier is because the Army is unwilling to take the blame for probable failure.—Reuter.

"Man of Action" Demanded

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

A man of action was demanded by the press here today to replace Premier Abe who resigned this morning.

Analyzing the state of public opinion in the country, the "Yomiuri" adopted the slogan "No Amateurs" and demanded "a leader." The man in the street, the paper added, who is usually indifferent to Cabinet changes, is evincing keen interest this time.

The "Miyako Shimbun" asserted that the main task of the new Cabinet will be to create more unity between the military groups and the people. The influential "Asahi Shimbun" noting the strong desire among the population for a powerful and able Cabinet, stressed that the new Ministry must be extremely competent in economic questions.

The organ of large financial interests, the "Chugai Shogyo Shimpo," expressed the ardent hope that the new Cabinet will effect a sweeping reorganization of the country's economic structure and deal with the fundamental causes of the present crisis.—Havas.

Paris Comments

Paris, Jan. 14.

In the opinion of French political quarters the Japanese Cabinet crisis reveals the unsettled state of Japanese politics as a result of the Chinese problem.

French observers point out that Japan is now at a cross-roads with extremists in favour of a rapprochement with Soviet Russia and of a strengthening of the Berlin-Tokyo axis. This would be tantamount to Japan's taking a position against Britain and France. Moderate quarters supported by business interests wish to maintain trade relations both with the Western Powers and with the United States as necessary of Japanese economy.

Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai's agreement to form a Cabinet was not commented upon as yet but Tokyo political quarters had considered that two men only could be the most suitable Premiers at the present time: Prince Fuminaro Konoye who enjoys great popularity, and General Shinroku Hata. The fact that these two statesmen refused to form a Government shows the gravity of the present crisis, French political quarters concluded.—Havas.

Canadian C.-in-C. Now In France

Paris, Jan. 14.

Major-General Andrew McNaughten, Commander-in-Chief of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, arrived in France a few days ago and is at present residing at the British General Headquarters. He is to make final preparations for the arrival here of the first Canadian detachments. The General served the Allied cause brilliantly during the Great War, being mentioned in dispatches three times. He was wounded twice.—Havas.

Resignation of General Abe's Cabinet

After an existence of a little over four months, the Japanese Cabinet headed by General Nobuyuki Abe has resigned, and is likely to be succeeded by a cabinet under Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai. Here is seen General Abe (in uniform) and leading members of his cabinet.

Nazi-Red Ties Now Grow Stronger

Paris Closely Watching Developments in Polish Ukraine and Bessarabia

Paris, Jan. 14.

According to a well-informed French source, there is now close collaboration between the German and the Soviet military authorities in the Polish Ukraine. This collaboration is being closely watched here.

Recent reports originating from Germany on the possible mediation by Germany in the Russo-Finnish war have raised the question here whether the object of such suggestions is not to distract Russia from north-west Europe and persuade her to envisage operations in the south-west.

Until recently, Russian troops alone held that part of Poland which prevented Germany having a common frontier with Rumania and made the export of petrol from Rumania to Germany difficult. There are now, however, German troops in this area. This fact, along with the presence of a German military mission in Moscow, is regarded here as a sign of close military collaboration.—Reuter.

Bessarabian Question

London, Jan. 14.

Hitler has informed Signor Mussolini that he can do nothing to prevent Soviet Russia from making an attempt to seize the Rumanian province of Bessarabia, the diplomatic correspondent of the "Sunday Dispatch" stated in that paper today.

The same correspondent declares that Italy, to obtain the Reich's agreement to the creation of a Balkan front, has advised Hungary to return that part of Burgenland province given Hungary after the Great War, to Austria.

The writer states that Hitler is opposed to the scheme of some of his advisers to throw Soviet Russia against the Allies in the Middle East, his General Staff having informed him that the Russian army needs at least six months intensive training before Moscow can attempt an action of such scope with any chance of success. The correspondent adds that precisely what Hitler does not want is the existence of an efficient Soviet army which could constitute a threat to Germany's eastern borders.

The "Sunday Dispatch" understands that M. Ivan Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador to Great Britain, has been instructed to call upon Lord Halifax, the British Foreign Secretary, and protest against reports appearing in the British press regarding the war in Finland which are damaging to Russia's prestige.—Havas.

Australian Cavalry Division in Camp

Contingents to Train On Larger Scale

Sydney, Jan. 14.

For the first time in Australia a military division has gone into camp as a unit in camp sites, grouped to permit divisional training of officers and troops.

The First Cavalry Division, comprising all Light Horse units in New South Wales, and two machine-gun regiments and an armoured car regiment, took up its new field quarters on January 10. The total number of troops in the division is more than 6,000. The First Cavalry Division will remain in camp until April 8 at Bowral, Mittagong and Moss Vale, with the machine-gun and armoured car regiments at Wallgrove, near St. Mary's.

This decision has been taken as training on a divisional basis is of vital importance in the preparation of Light Horse officers. The main attribute of the Light Horse is mobility, and this, to be effectively applied, involves the training of officers in the swift movement of troops on a large scale. Light Horse camps in Australia have so far been limited to training on a regimental basis, just as infantry training has been limited to brigade movements.—Reuter.

French Deputy to Urge Break with Soviets

Paris, Jan. 13.

M. Philippe Henroit, Rightist Deputy of the Union Republican Party, obtained yesterday the signatures of 110 deputies to his proposal that France sever diplomatic relations with Russia and abrogate the Franco-Russian mutual assistance treaty.

M. Henroit plans to introduce his proposals in Parliament in the form of a bill.—United Press.

Red Reinforcements Rally on Three Fronts in Finland

Helsinki Heavily Bombed; Soviet Raiders Cover Wide Area; Salla Fighting Resumes

Copenhagen, Jan. 14.

REORGANIZED and reinforced Russian forces yesterday threatened the Finnish troops on three fronts, while the Finns were trying to surround 40,000 Red troops on the Salla sector, Finnish dispatches from the front said last night. A Finnish communique issued at Helsinki said the Russians were threatening Finnish positions as far north as Petsamo, in the Salla sector, and on the south-eastern front, where the Finns repulsed a Russian attack at Aittajoki.

The most important Red action, according to the reports, was in the Salla sector, where fighting was reported 35 miles west of Salla and only twelve miles from the important town of Kemijaervi. Finnish positions were threatened at that point, it was said.

The reports indicated that the Russians received reinforcements after repairing the Leningrad-Murmansk railway and were much farther inside Finland on the north-central front than was previously indicated.

There has still been no official confirmation of reports that 18,000 Russian troops have been surrounded at Salla. Reports indicated that warfare on the Salla front was becoming static, with the question of Russian provisions probably the decisive issue. The Russians are dropping provisions from planes, the reports said. The reports said the Finns are fortifying the positions they have occupied at Suomussalmi.

The "National Tidende" reported that Finnish ski troops were fighting Russian forces in the Salla sector.

Finns Penetrate into Russia

Despite the fact that Thursday night was five degrees below freezing, Friday was almost like Spring. The Russians apparently profited by similar weather on the Petsamo front, the newspaper said, for they attempted an offensive there. The journal did not state the strength of the offensive.

On the Kuhmo front in central Finland, the newspaper said, the Finns penetrated as far as fifteen kilometres inside Russia, reaching Ruokhalajaervi (in a north-easterly direction from the Finnish town of Lieksa).

M. Antoine Moler, correspondent for the "Politikens" on the Suomussalmi front, claimed yesterday that he crossed the Russian frontier on Friday. It was believed that he was the first correspondent to do so since the war. He said he accompanied a caravan of Finn cars engaged in photographing bodies, abandoned war materials, and other things left behind by the retreating Russians. He said they were driving along the road when they suddenly heard shooting. The car stopped and the driver consulted his map. He could not find the road on the map and turned round and started back. Suddenly, a group of Russian soldiers appeared and asked for a lift. The driver immediately pushed his accelerator to the floor and the car shot forward. The Finns emptied their revolvers at the Russians. M. Moler said he dropped to the floor of the car as they speeded back toward Finland. "And I remained there until the photographers told me we were back in Finland," the correspondent declared.—United Press.

Toll of Raids on Helsinki

Helsinki, Jan. 14.

It was announced officially late last night that thirteen were killed and 71 wounded in yesterday's air raids, the first to be made on the capital by Soviet planes this year. Sirens were sounded at 1.45 p.m., immediately followed by tremendous explosions to the south-west, accompanied by heavy firing from anti-aircraft batteries.

Four hundred Russian planes participated in raids on various parts of Finland yesterday, it was revealed here today. The regions visited were principally in south-west Finland and the fighting zone on the Karelian Isthmus. Ports and rail junctions were again bombed. The "poor results" of the raids, it is claimed, were largely due to Finnish fighters and anti-aircraft batteries forcing the Russians to fly high, breaking up their formations. Finnish planes are stated to have successfully attacked Soviet columns on the march.

A communique issued here states: "It was a quiet day on the Karelian Isthmus yesterday. "On the eastern front, a Soviet attack was repulsed with heavy losses. The Russians made heavy air raids, especially against places in south-west Finland. About 400 planes participated. Some civilians were killed and fourteen wounded. There was some damage to property. Five Soviet planes were shot down and an unconfirmed report states that seven more were shot down."—Reuter.

Nazis Raise Embargo

Stockholm, Jan. 14.

Nazi authorities have raised the embargo imposed on a consignment of Italian arms destined for Finland, which were in transit through Germany. The arms were held up by the Germans last week, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Belga Agency.—Reuter.

No Italian Volunteers

Helsinki, Jan. 14.

Italian authorities here yesterday denied that Italian volunteers had arrived in Finland. They stated they had no knowledge of a so-called "Volunteer Legion" of Italian soldiers, which reports from abroad said, had arrived in Finland.—United Press.

Russo-Finnish Air Battle

Svanvik, Jan. 14.

A fierce air battle between Russian and Finnish planes climaxed a day of heavy Russian air activity over Salmijaervi yesterday. The results of the battle were not known but it was confirmed that three Russian pursuit planes flew over Norwegian territory during the battle.—United Press.

Helsinki Communications Cut

Stockholm, Jan. 14.

Communications with Helsinki were still bad yesterday because of a bad cut in the cable out of the Finnish capital since the air raid on Friday. It was reported that only one line was working out of Helsinki via Stockholm.—United Press.

Guam Project Stirs Controversy

Congressional Fight Expected Over Improvement Plan

Washington, Jan. 14.

Members of the House Naval Affairs Committee last night predicted a spirited Congressional fight when authorization for the improvement of Guam is presented to the House by the Committee, as it now seems likely that it will be.

The Navy is prepared to submit a formal authorization measure in the House in accordance with the demands of the Chairman of the House Naval Affairs Committee, Mr. Carl Vinson.

The Kentucky Representative, Mr. Joe E. Bates, told the United Press yesterday that such action would start a vigorous re-examination of the entire situation, although he indicated that he, personally, is sympathetic to the improvements at Guam.

Some Naval Affairs Committee members suggested that the Navy submit the Guam proposal to the Rivers and Harbours Committee instead of the Navy.—United Press.

Prince Paul Meeting King Carol Denied

Bucharest, Jan. 14.

Authoritative circles here categorically deny a report stating that a meeting is shortly taking place between King Carol and Prince Paul of Yugoslavia.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Flights Over Austria And Bohemia Described

British Newspapers and Leaflets Dropped Over Vienna and Prague; Patrols Over Heligoland

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 14.

"LONG distance British aircraft set out from France on Friday night to penetrate for the first time into Greater Germany, writes Reuter's Special Correspondent with the British Expeditionary Force. "They flew over Vienna and Prague and dropped pamphlets. It is understood they were over Austria shortly after midnight, and after circling over the capital, went on to Bohemia. Two hours later, they arrived back at a base somewhere behind the Maginot Line, undamaged by anti-aircraft guns or German planes.

"It is believed that the aircraft flew at a high altitude but came down to a low level over the cities to release leaflets. Other planes from England successfully reconnoitred north-western Germany. Patrols were also maintained over the Heligoland Bight. The flight is described as 'very uneventful.' This is particularly remarkable since conditions were as ideal for German counter-action as they were for reconnaissance."

"Pilots reported that Germany was very thoroughly blacked-out except for a large town near the Swiss border which was lit up almost like peace-time. Munich was fairly well lighted on the outward journey but was completely blacked-out on the return. The planes split up after flying over the greater part of Germany proper, some going to Vienna and others to Prague. Those going to Vienna were in the air nearly nine hours, long enough, at the speed at which they are capable, to have flown from England to America.

"One of the officers who 'paper-bombed' Vienna said the city was easily recognisable owing to the Danube. Houses alongside the river were well lit.

"Besides leaflets, the planes dropped English newspapers at Vienna. After Vienna, the planes flew over Bratislava and Frankfurt. One of the planes turned back owing to engine trouble. The engines of the others never faltered. One of the pilots declared: 'We could have continued flying like that for days,' Reuter's Special Correspondent concludes.

It is learned that the German plane shot down off the south-east coast of Scotland yesterday morning was a Heinkel. A launch picked up a German officer who reported that three members of the crew were killed.

The crew of a London steamer which reached a northwest port today stated they saw the German plane which flew over South Shields on Thursday brought down in the North Sea by British fighters. The German plane dived almost vertically into the sea and did not rise again.—Reuter.

Trawlers Want Armament

London, Jan. 14.

German bomb and machine-gun attacks on British trawlers during the last week, in which six trawlers were sunk, produced demands for defensive armament on fishing boats yesterday.

Fishermen, few of whom carry guns, are especially open to attack, it was said. The secretary of the North Coast Fishing Vessel Owners Association said, "since there have been so many cowardly attacks, the men have now requested as much protection as it is possible to give them." He added, "Our men are clamouring for guns, and they are ready to use them if they have to."

The trawler Flavia returned to a Scottish port on the east coast and reported that German planes had machine-gunned the vessel from a distance of 50 feet. Nine bombs were dropped, it was said, but all of them missed the Flavia. There were no casualties on board.

"The last bomb seemed like an aerial torpedo," the Flavia's skipper said. "I thought the ship's hull had blown out. A huge curtain of water was thrown up and the engine room was flooded and pipes burst."—United Press.

R.A.F. Ready to Reply To Any Nazi Attack

Bombing of Civilians Will Be Swiftly Retaliated

London, Jan. 14.

If Germany should bomb Great Britain from the air and cause death and injuries to the civilian population, the Royal Air Force is ready to take off at any moment and make use of this method of warfare against the Reich, the aviation expert of the "Sunday Chronicle" declared today.

The correspondent recalled that Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, stressed on September 14 last year that Great Britain would never resort to the bombing of women and children with the sole object of terrorizing the civilian population, on condition that the enemy should refrain likewise.

In reconnaissance flights over Germany during recent weeks, the R.A.F. knows exactly what targets to attack should a mass air attack on the Reich prove necessary, the writer concluded.—Havas.

Dutch Plane Reported Over Reich

Amsterdam, Jan. 14.

The announcement that a Dutch plane had flown over the German frontier near Nordhort today, thus violating German territory, was made this afternoon by the official German news agency.—Havas.

Major Nazi Drive Expected Soon

Paris Believes Reich May Mobilize All Her Men for 300 Divisions

Rotterdam, Jan. 14

The present large-scale restrictions on passenger train traffic in Germany may be the prelude to intensified military activity, according to a German source quoted by the Rotterdam paper "Maasbode" in a despatch from the Dutch frontier.

It is stated that inside Germany, the people generally expect a new military move as soon as the weather clears. The concentration of German troops along the Dutch frontier, which formerly ceased near Coalsfeld, has now spread out in a northerly direction so that the Westphalian town of Gronau is filling with soldiers and the railway station there is closed to traffic.

"Certain uneasiness is noticeable among the people in Germany, principally caused by the feeling that the German press and radio are withholding events of world importance," the despatch adds.—Reuter.

General Mobilization?

Paris, Jan. 14.

Reports from the West Front last night indicated that Germany may be preparing for intense military action.

It was reported that Germany is prepared to give general mobilization orders, because Chancellor Adolf Hitler is anxious to increase the active Army from 150 to 300 divisions.

Many frontier regions of the Reich, especially those fronting the Balkans, have been ordered to strengthen their defences, reports said. The Germans are making general military preparations to be ready by March 15, the normal spring manœuvre period.—United Press.

Heavier Bombardments

Paris, Jan. 14.

"There was increased artillery activity at various points between the Blies and the Rhine," states a communique issued here last night on the fighting at the Western Front. "Air forces have been active on both sides," it adds.

A quiet night was passed on the Western Front it is reported in a communique issued here today. The communique adds that a German aeroplane was brought down behind French lines yesterday evening.—Reuter.

German Communique

Berne, Jan. 14.

German planes continued their reconnaisance flights over England, France, and the North Sea yesterday, all returning safely to their base with the exception of one machine, the German General Staff announced in an official communique released in Berlin this morning. Anti-aircraft units succeeded in bringing down one enemy plane near Saint Ingbert.

During the night of January 12, the communique added, a few enemy planes effected reconnaissance flights over Germany. One British plane attempted to attack the Frisian Islands yesterday towards noon, the communique concluded.—Havas.

Lord Milne's Views

London Jan. 14.

In the next three months Hitler will throw the entire weight of the German Army on the Western front in an endeavour to break through the allied lines, Lord Milne declared in the "Sunday Chronicle" today.

A mass offensive is the only way for the Fuehrer to overcome his difficulties, Lord Milne added. If he waits too long, he will lose his chance.

Lord Milne does not believe that Hitler will refrain from attacking the neutral states if it is in his interest to do so. Nothing can save the Fuehrer and his regime except a military victory and it must therefore be expected that Hitler will try to achieve one, the writer said. It must also be expected, Lord Milne concluded, that Germany should fight according to the time-honoured German tactics of concentrating a maximum force at a decisive point of the enemy front.—Havas.

German Officials Now In Copenhagen

Scandinavian Assurances To Be Demanded

London, Jan. 14.

The "Sunday Graphic" reported this morning that a group of German officials arrived in Copenhagen yesterday by special plane.

The officials are believed to be high personalities and to have been sent by Field-Marshal Hermann Goering.

It is understood that their mission consists of obtaining assurances from the Scandinavian states that no Allied troops will be allowed to cross the territories of these states on their way to Finland. In exchange, they are said to be offering a guarantee that Germany will not invade Scandinavia and a promise that the Reich will obtain a settlement of the Soviet-Finnish conflict.—Havas.

Japan Might Have Been Forced Out of China If U.S. Had Been Aided

Mr. Paul McNutt Declares United States Stood Alone In Always Protesting Against Aggression and Wrong

Washington, Jan. 14.

Japan might have ceased fighting Japan if "other parties to the Nine Power Pact had insisted with the United States Department on the observance of the territorial integrity of China," Mr. Paul V. McNutt, Federal Security Administrator and former High Commissioner to the Philippines, said in an address today.

In a decade of international duplicity and brigandage rarely equalled, Mr. McNutt said, the United States has never once failed to protest against aggression and wrong. "There were times when ours was the only protest raised in the defence of the victims of tyranny," he declared.

Mr. McNutt traced the chain of events during the last decade. He pointed out that Italy's successful conquest of Ethiopia had the possible effect of "inducing Russia to deceive the democracies by their betrayal and giving Hitler the supreme chance to overrun Poland....That chain of cause and effect can never accurately be traced," he declared.

He said that the realistic nature of the United States' foreign policy is evidenced by its great preparation for the maintenance of peace and the strengthening of her land, sea and air defences.

"America is preparing for any eventuality," he declared. "Events of the past decade have convinced even the most sanguine idealists that a military and naval establishment second to none is the only insurance against war."—United Press.

Holland Recalls Officers and Men as German Troop Moves Develop

Military Precautions Intensified; Nazi Activity On Border and Flights Over Netherlands as Cause

Amsterdam, Jan. 14.

Although this morning's communique announcing the cancellation of all future leave for officers and men did not mention that those already on leave would be called back, it was learned that individual messages were sent requesting them to report for duty immediately. The papers received instructions not to comment in any way on the communique so as not to cause any concern among the population.

The sudden movement of German troops near the Dutch border during the past few days particularly in the vicinity of Nijmegen caused the Dutch authorities to take the military measures announced in this morning's official communique.

Since the beginning of November, when German troops gathered along the entire Netherlands border, no important changes have been noted and Holland grew accustomed to the presence of important German forces near her border. During the past few days, however, considerable activity took place on the German side of the frontier, fresh reinforcements being rushed to the border. Furthermore, German planes have been frequently flying over Dutch territory. Precautions have been taken to avoid the panic which overtook the frontier populations last November.

A movement of Dutch troops was observed yesterday near Nijmegen, and it is believed that Dutch troops are occupying all strategic positions. Military circles here point out that the intense cold and frozen canals do not hinder the Dutch defences which have been considerably strengthened of late.—Havas.

Belgians Requisitioned For Defence Work

New Measures Taken to Reassure Population

Brussels, Jan. 14.

Newspaper here state that during the night certain classes of reservists of the 1920-21 class were called up. A certain number of technicians are also said to have been affected.

The most important feature of the new defence measures is understood to be the requisitioning of certain workers to undertake work for national defence.

Although a few troops have been called up, it is believed that only a small part of the measures are of a military character. Certain measures have been taken with regard to supplies and similar matters.

The impression gained in political quarters is that the measures are taken to counteract certain nervousness on the part of the population, due partly to the recent press campaign against neutrals and partly to the recent flights of German aircraft over Belgian territory.—Reuter.

Anxiet Growing in Country

Paris, Jan. 14.

Reports from Belgium indicate that anxiety is growing in that country particularly in the Liege district, where troops are being maintained on an emergency footing.

Factories in the Meuse valley have been instructed to evacuate their supplies. The daily violation of the Liege district by German planes has caused the present precautionary measures.

Information from Holland stated that German spies are being arrested in that country. One of them concealed a broadcasting set in his car, and daily informed the Germans of weather conditions in Holland.—Havas.

THE CINEMA

Pride of the Bluegrass

Midge Griner .....Edith Fellows
Danny Lowman .....James McCallion
Col. Bob Griner .....Granville Bates
Judge .....Aldrich Bowker
Dave Miller .....Arthur Loft
Joe .....DeWolf Hopper
Willie Hobson .....Frankie Burke
1st Stranger .....Fred Tozere
2nd Stranger .....Edgar Edwards
Mack Lowman .....John Butler
Lonnie Jones .....Sam McDaniels
Beverly .....Bernice Pilot
Secretary to Board of Stewards .....Walter Fenner
and
Gantry the Great .....By Himself

Sometimes a picture comes out of Hollywood, without big stars, or publicity accompanying it, that makes a hit with the public. Such a picture is "Pride of the Bluegrass" which opened at the Cathay Theatre yesterday. It is a simple story of a great racehorse and two kids who believe in him, even when he goes blind. The story begins with the birth of the horse and tells of hardships which are overcome before he is entered in a race. The boy, played sincerely by James McCallion, a newcomer to the screen, saves the foal from a burning barn and gives it to Midge Griner, portrayed by Miss Edith Fellows, when he finds that everything is to be sold to pay his father's debts. Danny, the boy, is later given a job by Midge's father and convinces the latter that Gantry, now a fully grown foal, has the makings of a champion. Gantry wins his first race and from then on is the pick of the track, but loses the Kentucky Derby when he goes blind from blows received from Miller, trainer of Col. Griner's horses. Danny is thought to have thrown the race and is banned as a jockey. He is determined to clear himself and trains Gantry as a jumper when he finds out that the horse will run as well as previously if he is in the saddle. He wins the steeplechase and vindicates himself. The leads in this picture are well played by Miss Edith Fellows and Master James McCallion, but it's Gantry, the blind horse, who steals the honours, dominating the attention of the public in every scene in which he appears. The rest of the cast has been well chosen, with Mr. Granville Bates giving a good performance as the father of the girl. The programme is rounded up by three shorts of which "The Knight is Young," starring the tap-dancing Hal Le Roy, was the best.—I.M.

Japanese Steamer Sinks In Yangtze

Hankow, Jan. 14.

A Japanese steamer, the Sumei Maru, sank at 7.25 a.m. on January 10 at a point 25 miles from Hankow after two explosions. The steamer was on its way to Hankow. Japanese naval authorities attribute the explosions to old Chinese mines uncovered by the low river.

Reports of heavy casualties cannot be confirmed, while Japanese officials aver that the loss of life is very small in consequence of the upper deck remaining above the water.—Reuter.

U.S. Ambassador to Visit Hankow

Hankow, Jan. 14.

The United States' Consul-General here intimated today that Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, American Ambassador, will arrive at Hankow on January 29 with Rear-Admiral Glassford. They will leave for Shanghai on February 1. Mr. Johnson will be the first ambassador to visit Hankow since the Japanese occupation.—Reuter.

Swedish Troops on the March

Infantrymen of the small but well-equipped Swedish army are shown on the march near Stockholm during recent army manœuvres. The situation in Finland focusses attention on Sweden.

Soviet-Japan Trade Parleys Resumed

Negotiations for New Pact Now Under Way

Moscow, Jan. 13.

Negotiations for a commercial pact between the Soviet Union and Japan were resumed yesterday afternoon at a second meeting of diplomatic representatives at the Commissariat of Foreign Trade.

Representing Japan were Mr. Shigenori Togo, Ambassador to the Soviet Union, and Mr. Shikao Matsushima, Minister to Sweden. Soviet negotiators were M. A. I. Mikoyan, Commissar of Foreign Trade, and M. Yuri Kaganovich, Vice-Commissar of Foreign Trade. The meeting opened at 4 o'clock and lasted about an hour and a half.

M. Mikoyan presented Russia's proposals regarding a commercial treaty and Mr. Togo outlined the views of his Government. The interview ended with assurances from Mr. Togo that his Government would carefully study the Soviet proposals. A third meeting was expected to be held after Mr. Togo receives detailed instructions from Tokyo.

The first conversation was held on Wednesday, when the Japanese diplomats presented a tentative draft for a treaty and gave a detailed explanation of it.—Domei.

Germany Gave Reds Free Hand in Finland

Reich Expected Seveden to Submit to "Protection"

Stockholm, Jan. 14.

Commenting on the Soviet-Finnish conflict, the Berlin correspondent of the "Stockholm Tidningen" declared today that Germany gave Russia a free hand not only in the Baltic states, but also in Finland.

The German leaders were convinced that the conflict would prove to be an extremely short one and that Sweden would have to place herself automatically under the Reich's protection, as a result of Soviet conquest of Finland.

The correspondent added that Germany will not offer to mediate in the conflict, contrary to rumours current at present.—Havas.

Sir Stafford Cripps on Way to Chungking

British Labour Party Man Visiting China's Capital

Hongkong, Jan. 14.

Sir Stafford Cripps, the British Labour Party leader, left Kunming at noon yesterday for Chungking, according to a telegram from the Yunnan capital today.

Sir Stafford was accompanied by Mr. W. H. Donald, Australian adviser to Gen. Chiang Kai-shek. Sir Stafford and Mr. Donald flew from Rangoon on a Burma-Chungking plane. Mr. Donald had been in Rangoon since end of December reportedly to make arrangements with railway authorities of Burma regarding transportation of commodities through Burma.—Domei.

Robbers Loot House

Shortly before 7 p.m. yesterday a gang of seven men, one of whom was armed with a pistol, marched into 105 Sai Loh Lee, off Changping Road, held the occupants of the house at bay and made off with money and clothing valued at $200. Police from Gordon Road Station are investigating the robbery.

Hungary Maintains Revisionist Aims

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Budapest, Jan. 14.

Italo-Hungarian co-operation is based not only on identity of interests, but identity of opinions, states the newspaper "Pester Lloyd," in an article today. The newspaper emphasizes the peaceful nature of Hungary's revisionist claims, adding: "They are not just empty words, but stark reality."—Reuter.

Terrorist Victim Dies Of Wounds

Official Shot in Kulangsu Succumbs

Amoy, Jan. 14.

Six days after he was shot by terrorists in the Kulangsu International Settlement, Mr. Hwang Lien-feng, Councillor of the Special Municipality of Amoy and concurrently President of the Overseas Chinese Association of Amoy, succumbed to his wounds this morning at 10.50 o'clock. He was 57 years old.

Also wounded in the same attack was Mr. Lung Pai-ying, former Fukien delegate to the Kuomintang National congress. He is recovering. The shooting occurred in the night of January 8 while the two officials were walking near the Customs Club. Four bullets struck Mr. Hwang.

Despite a vigorous search by police of the International Settlement the slayers have eluded capture. Immediately after the incident Japanese naval authorities tightened restrictions on travel between Kulangsu and the mainland in an effort to prevent the escape of the gunmen.

On January 9 Mr. Goro Uchida, Japanese Consul-General at Amoy, requested Mr. L. H. Hitchcock, Chairman of the Municipal Council, to institute a search for the gunmen. He pointed out that the shooting was another case of anti-Japanese terrorism. Mr. Hitchcock gave assurances that all possible steps were being taken to apprehend the culprits. A reward of $250 was offered for the arrest of the terrorists or information on their whereabouts.—Domei.

Northern Rhodesia Joins Empire War Effort

Men for Air Force and Taxes for War Fund

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Lusaka, Jan. 14.

Northern Rhodesia is to send men for training in East Africa as air pilots and a scheme for sending volunteers for service overseas will also be proposed. This was revealed by the Governor, the Hon. John Maybin, at the opening meeting of the Legislative Council.

The Governor said that although the amount Northern Rhodesia was asked to contribute to Britain's war effort was £52,000, he has offered, on behalf of the Territory, £200,000.

The Governor foreshadowed that increased taxation to produce £60,000 would be required.—Reuter.

Refugee Committee Denies Red Front

New York, Jan. 14.

Officers of the Spanish Refugees Relief Committee last night denied the Dies Committee for the Investigation of Un-American Activities description of the organization as a front for Communist Party. The sole purpose of the Committee, they said, is to give non-political aid to 150,000 refugees in France and North Africa.—United Press.

Armed Robbers Steal Bike

Out for a Sunday evening spin along Rockhill Avenue at 7.45 p.m. yesterday one of Shanghai's many Chinese cycling enthusiasts found his way blocked by four pedestrians, one of whom pleasantly waved a pistol at him, just before he reached the intersection at Avenue Haig. To his dismay the cyclist was forced to dismount and relinquish his vehicle to the four foot-plodders, who also appropriated his "driving" gloves. Some time later the former bicycle rider limped his weary way into Bubbling Well police station and told his story to the police. The total value of the bicycle and the gloves amounted to $47.

Admiral Yonai to Head New Tokyo Cabinet

(Continued from page 7)

In a statement, the outgoing Premier attributed the Cabinet's decision to resign to a desire not to allow a possible delay in the conduct of Japanese state affairs to have "unexpected effects" upon the settlement of the China conflict, which, he said, had now entered its first stage.

While the members of his Cabinet had carried on their tasks diligently up to now, Gen. Abe said, "there is the fear that they may fail to reach a complete unanimity of views in the future execution of fixed policies in the methods for carrying on the administration."

Formed in the turbulent week that followed the conclusion of the Soviet-German treaty of non-aggression that formed the prelude to the outbreak of the Second European War, the Cabinet of Gen. Abe was confronted with the task of leading a nation confused in international outlook and troubled by increased economic ills at home.

The preceding Government, headed by Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, resigned "en bloc" on August 29, assuming the responsibility of having directed Japanese foreign policy along a channel which could no longer be followed as a result of the Reich-U.S.S.R. pact. The Hiranuma Cabinet had favoured close ties with Germany and Italy to strengthen the anti-Comintern camp.

Quick Work

Gen. Abe succeeded in organizing his Government in one day, the Ministers being inducted into office on August 30. With the settlement of the China Affair as its cardinal policy, the new Government launched into its task with vigour, presaging well for its success.

On September 12, the creation of the Headquarters of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to China was announced, while three days later, five months of sanguinary fighting on the border of Manchoukuo and Outer Mongolia was brought to an end by a truce negotiated in Moscow between Mr. Shigenori Togo, Japanese Ambassador, and M. V.I. Molotoff, Soviet Foreign Commissar.

The outbreak of war in Europe on September 3, caused the Government to impose stringent regulations on stock market transactions, while commodity prices, transportation and storage charges, rents, salaries, wages, insurance rates and processing charges were "freezed" at levels prevailing on September 18 to prevent "war boom" inflation.

American-Japanese relations came into the limelight when Gen. Abe asked Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, retired, to resign from his post as president of the Peers' School to assume the portfolio of Foreign Affairs. Admiral Nomura, who took the post on September 25, was chosen avowedly because of his wide circle of friends in the United States, where he had resided for many years, while on duty with the Japanese Embassy in Washington.

Attention was further drawn to the strained relations between Japan and the United States on October 19 when Mr. Joseph C. Grew, American Ambassador, delivered a "from the horse's mouth" address giving his impressions of the feeling prevailing in America against Japan obtained during his furlough during the summer.

Domestic Problems

Admiral Nomura launched into negotiations with Ambassador Grew on November 4 with a view to readjusting the relations between the two countries in the face of the impending expiration of the American-Japanese Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of 1911 denounced by the Washington administration on July 27. A second meeting was held a month later, while on December 18, at their third interview, Admiral Nomura announced Japan's intention to reopen the Yangtze to international navigation up to Nanking. Efforts, however, to reach an understanding for the conclusion of a new treaty or a *modus vivendi* were abortive up to the time of the Abe Cabinet's resignation.

At home, nature conspired with increased demands upon national economy arising from the China conflict, to put the country's temper to a severe test. A severe drought in south-west Japan Proper and Korea caused a poor rice crop, brought an acute water shortage for industrial and power generating use. This, in turn, forced the use of coal to generate the necessary power, further reducing the available amounts of the black mineral for household use. The Cabinet on October 6 ordered a restriction of the use of rice for brewing purposes and directed rice mills to produce only partially polished rice.

Dissatisfaction with the Cabinet for its alleged "fawning diplomacy" towards the United States and the various prevailing internal economic hardships came into the open on December 26 when 250 members of the Lower House cut through party lines to stage a private meeting where a resolution of non-confidence in the Government was adopted. Gen. Abe minimized this outbreak, contending that it was not representative of the people's temper.

Crisis Was Inevitable

A Cabinet crisis, however, appeared inevitable on Monday when Gen. Shunroku Hata, Minister of War, was reported to have urged Gen. Abe to give serious consideration to a possible resignation of the entire Government. Events moved rapidly thereafter, leading up to today's action. In the last two weeks of its existence, the outgoing Cabinet passed upon the basic formula for a settlement of the China conflict by the conclusion of peace with a new Central Government of China to be created with Mr. Wang Ching-wei as its central figure.—

With two Governments come and gone in one year, Japanese industrial, commercial, financial, and agricultural circles today looked forward to the creation of a strong Cabinet with a promise of longevity. Unanimous was the demand for the reform of bureaucratic economic control by allowing the people to have a greater voice in the conduct of planned economy.

Because of the prevailing conditions at home and abroad, the need of control was conceded. However, it was pointed out, the manner in which the bureaucrats had managed matters had given rise to unnecessary friction and confusion. Many makeshift measures had been adopted by officialdom, who had failed to lay down far-sighted, long-range policies whereby they could have secured the co-operation of the people in carrying out their objectives.

Creation of a "jig-saw puzzle" cabinet of politicians with little understanding of economic affairs should be shunned, spokesmen for industrialists declared. Experts should be included in the Cabinet so that a truly national government may be created, they said. Greater emphasis should be placed upon voluntary control rather than arbitrary, bureaucratic administration, they stated.

While allowing a priority to military needs, Japanese industry was anxious to produce more goods for general domestic and overseas consumption which would alleviate a shortage of commodities at home and secure much-needed foreign exchange abroad, they declared. Measures to prevent vicious inflation caused by a scarcity of commodities were urgently required, these spokesmen added.

A prerequisite for the realization of these desires, it was pointed out, was a long-term stabilization of the political scene, by continued progress in the settlement of the conflict in China and the adoption of efficient diplomatic policies for a readjustment of Japan's external relations.

Agricultural circles bluntly blamed the downfal of the Abe Cabinet upon its failure to realize the importance of farming villages in maintaining a successful war-time economy. A new Government, they said, would have to take into account the part played by agriculture in supplying the foodstuffs necessary to the nation.

The adoption of determined and rational policies, which would be well understood by the people, who are anxious to help in their execution, was urged so that national co-operation may be brought about in its true sense.—Domei.

Premiership Seen Favourable

Tokyo, Jan, 14.

Early comments in international circles here stress that Admiral Yonai, who has been entrusted with forming the new Japanese Cabinet was chiefly responsible on the Japanese side for the failure of the proposed military alliance with the Reich. Moreover, he is known to harbour moderate views towards Great Britain and the United States.

It is thus thought likely that his Cabinet will halt the drifting towards the Soviet which marked the last stages of the Abe Government and try to steer towards a normalization of relations both with Washington and with London. This policy would have the tacit encouragement of the majority of the Japanese population.

Meanwhile, the following explanations are given regarding the reasons why General Shinroku Hata was not entrusted with the formation of the new Cabinet despite earlier predictions. It is true that at the conference of army leaders this morning it was finally decided to lift the former ban against a General in active service assuming the Premiership. However, strong objections were voiced around the conference table by some army circles. According to these quarters it was to be feared that a delicate situation would arise in future if a Cabinet headed by a General in active service ever had to take decisions thought objectionable by the Army.—Havas.

France Buys New U.S. A.A. Shells

Washington, Jan. 14.

A new type of anti-aircraft shell, developed in the United States, has been made available to France, it is reported here. According to aeronautical officials, the shell is fired in the usual manner, but releases a parachute trailing hundreds of feet of shell tape, designed to foul propellers of aircraft.—Reuter.

50 U.S. Marines Transferred

Peiping, Jan. 14.

It is learned that fifty members of the United States Marine Corps attached to the U.S. Embassy Guard are leaving this morning for Chinwangtao en route for the United States after 30 months' service in Peiping. A replacement of fifty men are arriving tomorrow morning from the United States.

The report concludes that this movement is merely a routine transfer.—Reuter.

King Carol Confers With Prince Paul

London, Jan. 14.

The Rumanian Legation here last night confirmed reports that King Carol of Rumania had met Prince Paul, Regent of Yugoslavia, on Thursday at Sassnitz. The Legation declined to give any further information regarding the meeting.—United Press.

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64,000

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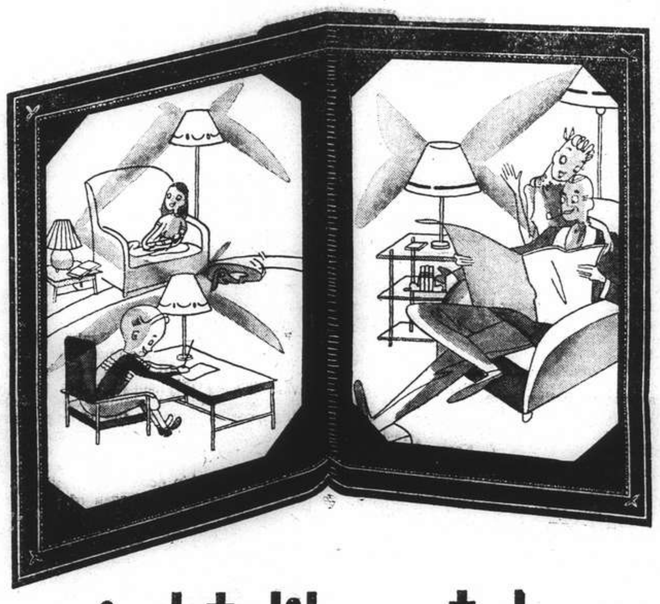
If your blood is impoverished you may easily fall victim to any one of many health ailments, such as digestive disorders, nerve troubles, premature ageing, insomnia, loss of weight and strength, rheumatic complaints, back pains, mal-nutrition, and the health disturbances which affect women.

If you are run-down, therefore, build up your blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills; you will surely be delighted with the early improvement in your condition and you will better be able to avoid colds. Chemists everywhere can supply Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.



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German "Victory" Terms Said Drafted By Herren Hitler and von Ribbentrop

All French, British African Lands to Be Handed to Reich; Alsace-Lorraine Must Be Returned to Nazis

London, Jan. 14.

The peace terms to be imposed upon a "defeated" France and Great Britain have already been drafted by Hitler and his Foreign Minister, Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the diplomatic editor of the "Sunday Chronicle" stated today.

These terms are to be made public in Germany shortly, and some quarters in Switzerland have already been informed of them.

The peace conditions are:—

1. All French and British territories in Africa are to be handed over to Germany.

2. France will have to give up Alsace and Lorraine to the Reich.

3. France and Great Britain will have to pay an indemnity in gold to cover the costs of war for the Reich.

4. Great Britain will have to grant the Reich the most favoured nation clause for trade in the Dominions and in India.

5. Special financial concessions will be granted by France and Great Britain to Germany to ensure the Reich's political and economic hegemony.

6. France will have to sign a 25-year treaty of alliance with the Reich.—Havas.

June in January

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FROM DAY TO DAY

PAYMASTER-Commander E. A. Jolley, British Resident Naval Officer, and Mrs. Jolley have left for home.

MESSRS. Harvey's Shipbuilding Works Ltd. have received the order to break up H.M.S. Mantis, sister ship to H.M.S. Bee which they broke up about one year ago.

THE usual Monday evening Bible Society Half Hour over the Christian Broadcasting Station XMHD will be taken by the Rev. Carleton Lacy, D.D. Subject: "Go Back to the Bible.'" Time. 8.30 p.m.

A GENERAL meeting of the French Ladies' knitting circle will take place at 3 p.m. today a 151 Route des Soeurs and will be presided over by Mme. Henry Cosme, wife of the French Ambassador. All ladies interested in this work are kindly requested to attend.

DR. H. H. Kung, Vice-President of the Executive Yuan and concurrently Finance Minister of the Chinese National Government, was host at a dinner party given in Chungking on January 10 for M. Alexandre S. Paniushkin, Soviet Ambassador to China, states a Chungking Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The following day, he entertained Mme. and M. Eminali Sipahi, Turkish Minister to China, the report states.

IT is learned that the American Ambassador, Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, is leaving Peiping for Chinwangtao this morning. He will be accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Lafoon. At Chinwangtao, they will board the U.S.S. Henderson en route to Shanghai. It is expected that the Ambassador will go to Chungking from Shanghai but the date of his departure has not been disclosed.

A TEA was served to the Shanghai Chapter of D.A.R. by the hostess, Mrs. C. H. Westbrook, 1331 Rue Lafayette, on Wednesday at 4 p.m. The regular monthly business meeting followed the tea. One of the projects of the Chapter is the rolling of bandages and making garments for refugee babies. A gift of $50.00 for this work from a friend in America, was reported. A letter from America told of the death of one of the Charter members of Shanghai Chapter—Mrs. Henry S. Roblee, who passed away October 30, 1939 at Sycamore, Ill. Following the business meeting, Mrs. Raymond Burns gave a most interesting review of the book, "Seasoned Timbers" by Dorothy Canfield Fisher.

TWICE within the early days of a war, first in 1915, and now again, Amesbury Abbey, has come into the market. In 1915, the property comprised in the present offer formed only the first of 89 lots, and the total area exceeded 10 square miles. Great though the historic and prehistoric and literary interest of Amesbury is, there was in the 1915 auction one lot of predominant importance, Stonehenge. Something of the significance of what Canon Rawnsley called "the sacred rampart of Salisbury Plain," is expressed by him: "None who approach within eyesight of the solemn company of circling stones but felt that God might indeed inhabit that temple made with hands, but He alone!" The hammer fell to a bid of £6,000.

The widespread criticism of Sir John Gilmour's appointment as Minister of Shipping has been largely assuaged by the choice of Sir Arthur Salter, M.P., as his Under-Secretary. For Sir Arthur is one of the most brilliant products of our Civil Service, and knows the shipping situation like the back of his hand. He spent his early years at the Admiralty, was transferred to the National Health Insurance Commission, and during the Great War became Director of Ship Requisitioning. After the war he made a great reputation at Geneva as an economic expert. He comes of an old-established Oxford boat-building family, is a quiet-mannered, soberly dressed bachelor, and as a relaxation devours detective stories at an extraordinarily rapid rate.

IT is a coincidence that the two most popular broadcasters on the war, Mr. Churchill and Major-General Sir Ernest Swinton, should both be occupying now the posts they occupied in 1914. The only difference is that Sir Ernest Swinton now broadcasts, whereas in 1914 he was known as "Eye-Witness," and actually accompanied the troops. Another coincidence is that they both played a dominant part in the production of the tank. Sir Ernest, in addition to serious text-books, has written some excellent stories about war. He specializes in curious pen-names. One is "Backsight—Fore-thought," and another, better known, is "Ole Luk-Oie," which is a Scandinavian fairy-tale name, meaning "Old Shut-Eye."

Mr. J. M. Keynes, whose plan for compulsory saving in wartime has startled, but not convinced, the City of London, is a man of many parts. He is probably the best known, as well as the most unorthodox, economist in the world. He is the bursar of a Cambridge college, directs a life assurance company, runs a theatre and restaurant, edits a paper, works a 300-acre farm in Sussex, and is a recognized authority on modern paintings. Ever since he resigned from the Peace Conference in 1919 as a protest against the reparations proposals he has sprung one surprise after another on his friends. Not the least of them was his marriage to Mme. Lopokova, the famous ballet dancer, in 1925.

DISTINGUISHED for his long and devoted service with the Honourable Artillery Company, the Earl of Denbigh, died suddenly on November 25, at the age of 80, at his home at Sunningdale. Lord Denbigh commanded the H.A.C. for 40 years—longer than any other colonel in its history. In the Great War, he went out to Egypt in command of the Brigade, in which the two first-line batteries were serving, and he was with them in their operations against the Senussi on the Western Front. In Boston, Massachusetts, Lord Denbigh was held in great affection owing to his prominent part in maintaining connection between H.A.C., and the Ancient and Honourable Artillery Company of Boston. The last named corps was founded 300 years ago by former members of the H.A.C. as a defence against Red Indians.

Sino-Japanese Air Conflicts

Kwangsi Battles Believed To Be Occurring; Furious Fighting in Hupeh

Chungking, Jan. 14.

The probability that aerial engagements are taking place in Kwangsi between the air forces of China and Japan is inferred in special issues of Chinese newspapers this mornign.

It is revealed that a "comfort" delegation will leave Chungking shortly to present gifts to units of the Chinese air force which are "winning repeated victories in the air."

The delegation, it is stated, will be headed by Mr. Chang Chi, the statesman who is alleged to have saved the life of Mr. Wang Ching-wei when he was nearly assassinated in Nanking in 1935.

The delegation will also include General Lu Chao, attached to the Military Affairs office of the National Government, Mr. Ma Chao-chun former Mayor of Nanking, and Mr. Kuo Mo-jo, famous Chinese poet.

No news of actual aerial engagements in Kwangsi has been published in the Chinese press, although it is unofficially claimed that eight Japanese bombers were shot down in a recent engagement above Liuchow.—Reuter.

Fighting In Hupeh

Hankow, Jan. 14.

Furious fighting raged yesterday in southern Hupeh as four Japanese detachments extended their lines in an effort to entrap several divisions of Central and Szechuen Armies along a tributary of the Lu River between Tsungyang and Tungcheng, according to dispatches from field headquarters received here last night.

On Friday, the Japanese penetrated the centre of strong Chinese positions on the heights of Shengjenshan, 24 kilometres southwest of Tsungyang. At dawn the next day, the Japanese forces pushed rapidly southwestward in hot pursuit of the retreating Chinese.

Three other Nipponese columns which crossed the Lu River on January 11 at places south of Tsungyang were co-operating in the pursuit movement. They attacked Chinese positions at Shengjenshan from the rear and continued to advance toward the Hupeh-Hunan border.

Results of fighting on January 12 and 13 were summed up as follows: Chinese dead left on battlefields 103; booty taken by Japanese, 19 light machine guns, 32 rifles, 30,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, 1,500 hand grenades. Five other Japanese units were pressing the Chinese along the Lu River in the area southwest of Tashaping, 32 kilometres south of Tsungyang.—Domei.

Rice to Be Offered To Shrine

Ceremony to Mark 2,600th Year of Japanese Empire

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

Passed from hand to hand across the length and breadth of Japan, packages of specially-grown rice will be offered to Kashiwara Shrine on February 2 in a novel observance of the 2,600th anniversary year of the founding of the Japanese Empire. Located in Nara prefecture, the shrine is dedicated to Emperor Jimmu. Japan's first monarch. The Imperial Reservists' Association will co-operate in this event.

The rice from the Hokkaido has already left the northern island, while the offering from Tokyo left the capital this morning for Kawasaki, half-way between here and Yokohama, the first stop on it slong journey.

Rice from Manchoukuo, China, the South Sea Mandated Islands, French Indo-China and Siam, will also be offered to the shrine.—Domei.

Fourth Marines Church

A large crowd attended the Fourth Marines Church Services held at the Grand Theatre yesterday morning, at ten o'clock, and heard the Regimental Band feature the suite, "Siguard Jorsalfer" by Grieg, in the concert following the morning services. The suite was played in three parts; "Vorspiel" (Introduction"; "Intermezzo" (Borghilds Dream) and "Huldigunsmarsch," (Triumphal March).

The Regimental Band under the able direction of Bandmaster MT-Sgt. L. E. Giffin opened this concert with the March "Olympia Hippodrome" by Alexander, after which the Overture "The Barber Of Seville" by Rossini was heard. This excellent programme closed with the Marines' Hymn and The American National Anthem.

In conducting the morning worship, Chaplain R. R. Marken preached on the theme, "Down and Out."

The services opened with the Prelude "Largo" by Handel, and the offertory "The Chapel In The Mountains" by Wilson. A clarinet Quartette "Reverie" by Stolter, was heard during the services.

"All Quiet on The Front"

"All may be quiet on the front," but the "poilu" will take no chances and keeps his eyes well fixed on enemy positions so as to report the slightest movement which may develop into a skirmish or even a sanguinary battle. Here, a French soldier is seen on duty in the garden of a farm-house near the German frontier. His rifle is slung over his shoulder but in case of need, it would be ready for action at a second's notice.

Tram Inspector Seizes Fleeing Robber

Russian Recovers Stolen Coat in Race Course Road

A Russian tramway-inspector, Mr. P. W. Golenpolsky, pursued a partly armed gang of Chinese robbers on Saturday evening and recovered the loot which had been taken by the bandits.

At 9.30 p.m., four Chinese held up a Chinese couple in Race Course Road at pistol point and stole the man's winter overcoat. The victim of the robbery raised an alarm and the Russian tram inspector who was in the vicinity chased the bandits, apprehending one man and retrieving the stolen overcoat. The arrested robber will be brought before the First Special District Court today.

Armed Robbers Make Large Hauls

Two robberies committed by armed men and involving loot above $1,000 in each case were being investigated by the Settlement Police yesterday.

At 6.45 o'clock yesterday morning a gang of four Chinese entered 23 Zang Kong Li, off Kaifeng Road, and stole $1,250 in cash and a watch. They escaped.

Another large haul was made by armed robbers on Saturday evening when six men went to House 18, Lane 284 Ningpo Road, and obtained plunder worth $1,105, consisting of money and jewellery. The bandits stole a police whistle from the Chinese watchman on duty in the lane and then escaped. No shots were fired.

New Bridge Handed Over

Built by the Central China Mining Company, a joint Sino-Japanese concern, Fengshan bridge spanning the Hsingwei River near Nanking was to have been handed over to the Kiangning District Government at a ceremony held at 11 o'clock on Sunday morning, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday.

The bridge, situated on Chungking Road linking Nanking and Molingkwan, replaces a structure which was destroyed by the forces of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek when Nanking fell on December, 1937. Work on the new span was started in October last year and completed on January 5.—Domei.

Chinese Merchant Said Kidnapped

Police Investigate Strange Story

Wang Cheng-ping, a rice merchant living at a Brenan Road address and with offices in Avenue Edward VII, was reported to the French Police to have been kidnapped shortly before noon yesterday on Avenue Edward VII, opposite the Ambassador ballroom.

Detectives immediately investigated the case and according to information available late yesterday afternoon, it appears that Wang was travelling towards the Bund in a rickshaw when a motor car suddenly halted in front of him, three unarmed men stopped the rickshaw and forced Wang into the waiting car which subsequently made off.

Reasons for the alleged kidnapping are still obscure and detectives are surprised at the fact that three unarmed men should be able to effect a kidnapping on a busy thoroughfare at a time when there is considerable traffic and that they should not have been challenged by their victim. Nevertheless, investigations are being continued on the basis of the clues so far in the hands of the police.

Japanese Professors Get Public Trial

No Secret Hearing For Band Of Alleged Radicals

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

Professor Hyoe Ouchi of the Tokyo Imperial University, two assistant professors of the same university and 17 other allegedly radical theorists were found guilty of violating the Peace Preservation Law when facing the Tokyo District Criminal Court on January 10.

These so-called popular front advocates were rounded up on December 1, 1937, and will be given a public trial. They have been released temporarily until a verdict will be returned against them at the impending trial. Other popular frontists who will stand trial will be those belonging to the so-called Professors' or Labour-Farmer group who are accused of having attempted to establish a popular front movement in Japan two years ago. The nucleus of this movement was to have been the Japanese Proletarian Party and the National Federation of Labour.

The list of those who will appear before the court, covers all the leading figures out of 400 who were arrested on the occasion of the wholesale purge two years ago.—Havas.

Shortage of Cereals In Peiping

Poorer Classes Suffer As Prices Soar

Peiping, Jan. 14.

Growing shortage of cereals is creating a serious situation in North China. This is partly due to the floods in the summer and partly to a shortage of railway freight cars. The situation, however, has greatly worsened because of arbitrary price-fixing and commandeering of stocks by the Chinese and Japanese authorities.

The present officially fixed price of flour in Peiping is around $8 local currency per bag, which is actually $1 lower than the price of flour landed at Tientsin, while almost non-existent free stocks are selling privately at $15 per bag.

Japanese residents receive their requirements from official organizations at the official price, but the Chinese population and particularly the poorer classes are unable to obtain any cereals at all, causing very acute distress.—Reuter.

H. M. Consul-General Departs Today

Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G., O.B.E., H. M. Consul-General in Shanghai who is retiring after 42 years in the British Consular Service, will make his official departure from Shanghai from the Customs Jetty at 12.10 p.m. today. British and other Consular officials, members of the British Community in Shanghai and other friends of the departing Consul-General will be on hand to bid him farewell. A guard of honour from the British Forces in Shanghai will be drawn up at the Customs Jetty to render military honours. Sir Herbert Phillips will sail from Shanghai in the ss. President Coolidge tomorrow.

Wharf Space Extended At Tsingtao

Third Party Ships Given Further Facilities

Tsingtao, Jan. 14.

Relaxation of Japanese military restrictions in Tsingtao Harbour will permit third-party ships to use Wharf No. 1 in the Big Harbour here, Mr. Denjiro Kato, Japanese Consul-General revealed here today. Two warehouses will also be made available to third-party trade.

The Japanese military and naval authorities announced in a joint communique yesterday that restrictions would be "further relaxed" immediately. The use of the wharf and warehouses will be subject to Japanese military rules, while this privilege may be cancelled in the case of military necessity "or suppended for third-party vessels found to have engaged in hostile action," Mr. Kato added. He remarked that these qualification were "only reasonable."

A portion of the Big Harbour was opened to third party shipping on March 25 last year subject to Japanese military regulations, he recalled.—Domei.

Unknown Planes Fly Over Liege Fortifications

Brussels, Jan. 14.

Several unidentified planes flew over the fortified positions of the city of Liege yesterday afternoon. Anti-aircraft batteries entered into action and the planes disappeared in an easterly direction.

It is also reported that a German tri-motor plane flew over the Verviers region yesterday at about 300 metres above the ground, the Swastika on its rudder being plainly seen. After cruising for some time, the plane headed for Germany and disappeared.—Havas.

Japanese Women Fight High Rentals

Leaving their pots and pans behind, women tenants of three apartment houses in north Hongkew came out of their kitchens Saturday to attend a mass meeting against a 35 per cent. raise in rents imposed upon them by the Cathay Land Company, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday.

Presided over by Mr. Kyutaro Sugimoto, the mass meeting held at the Japanese Christian Church on Darroch Road voted in favour of organizing a tenants' union to fight the increase in rentals. An executive committee consisting of five members, elected at the mass meeting, was scheduled to meet at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon to discuss steps to be taken.

Affected by the raise are 120 occupants of the apartments located above the Shanghai Co-operative Society, North Szechuen and Dixwell Roads; the Changchun Road Apartments, and the Dixwell Road Apartments.

Italy to Appoint New Minister to Japan

Rome, Jan. 14.

It is understood that Baron Mario Indelli, at present Italian Minister to Hungary, will be appointed Minister to Japan in the near future.—Havas.

Lesson Sermon

First Church of Christ, Scientist.

Sacrament is the subject of the Lesson Sermon read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, on Sunday January 14. Golden Text: Leviticus 11:45. "I am the Lord that bringeth you up out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: ye shall therefore be holy, for I am holy." Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from the Bible:—

"Then Jesus saith unto them, Children have ye any meat? They answered him, No. And he said unto them, Cast your net on the right side of the ship, and ye shall find. They cast therefore, and now they were not able to draw it for the multitude of fishes." (John 21:5,6.)

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy:—"Our baptism is a purification from all error. Our church is built on the divine Principle, Love. We can unite with this church only as we are new born of Spirit, as we reach the Life which is Truth and the Truth which is Life by bringing forth the fruits of Love,—casting out error and healing the sick Our Eucharist is spiritual communion with the one God. Our bread, "which cometh down from heaven," is Truth. Our cup is the cross. Our wine the inspiration of Love, the draught our Master drank and commended to his followers."

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KILLER... AND CHORUS GIRL HOUSEWIFE... AND HEIRESS

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"Will my husband come back...when I have my baby?"

"It's my eighth. I hope it's a boy...this time!"

"Havin' a kid'll ruin my career...and my figure!"

"My baby will grow up...without a mother's care!"

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A Drama As Big As Life Itself

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SPRING BYINGTON · Directed by Lloyd Bacon

Screen Play by Robert Rossen

Based on a Play by Mary McDougal Axelson

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Foreign Money Rates

London:		Jan. 13.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1⅛%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call Money		0¾%

New York: Closed.—Reuter.

Foreign Exchanges

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

		Closing Jan. 13.	
New York	402.50	Shanghai	5d
Paris	176.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Berlin	—	Hongkong	1/2 1/32
Amsterdam	7.50	Singapore	2/4 7/32
Brussels	23.80	Yokohama	1/2 3/32
Madrid	39.00	„ (buying)	1/2 3/16
Milan	77.50	Prague	—
Berne	17.85		

*—Unofficial rates.

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.20	Montreal	88.375
Spain	9.95	Brazil	5.10
Holland	53.54	Japan	23.49
Paris	2.25¼	Shanghai	8.00
Brussels	16.85	Hungary	17.60
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.72
S'zerland	22.43	Yugo Slavia	2.35
Sweden	23.82½*	Greece	0.73
Norway	22.72½	Bulgaria	Unq.
Denmark	19.32½	Finland	1.90

London	3.97⅛
„ Demand	3.96⅞
„ Bankers' 60 days bills	3.96⅞
„ Commercial 60 days bills	3.96⅞
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate	22.70
Buenos Aires Paper,	Unq.
Montreal on London	4.49 11/32

—Reuter.

Trade Balance Favourable

Tokyo, Jan. 13.

Exports of Japan proper to foreign countries during December exceeded imports by Y9,319,000, according to statistics released today by the Finance Ministry. Exports totalled Y234,398,000 while imports amounted to Y225,079,000.

Compared with the same month in 1938 exports showed an increase of Y62,724,000 while imports gained Y6,829,000. In 1938 the excess trade balance was on the import side in the amount of Y46,476,000 but this was changed into a favourable balance at the end of last year.

This favourable turn in Japan's trade was attributed to the effect of the European war which has brought increased demand for Japanese goods.—Domei.

Japanese-Egyptian Trade Talks

Cairo, Jan. 14.

Accompanied by the Japanese Commercial Attache, the Japanese Minister to Egypt, Mr. Masayuki Yokoyama, called today upon the Egyptian Trade Minister, Saba Hachi Bey, to discuss a possible development in the trade relations between Egypt and Japan. Invited by the Federation of Japanese Exporters, an Egyptian mission will leave for Japan probably early in March to visit factories and study means of extending commercial exchanges with Japan especially in cotton.—Havas.

Bombay Silver Stocks

Bombay, Jan. 13.

Stocks of Silver in Bombay on January 13, compared with the two previous weeks:—

Dec. 30 35,000; Jan. 6 40,000; Jan. 13 40,000 Bars.

N.B. The above figures include both English Bar and Indian Mint Silver.—Reuter.

U. S. Commodities

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, Jan. 13.

Cotton prices moved lower on liquidation, which, however, was quite well absorbed. Later, easiness prevailed on "spot" house and foreign selling. At the close, quotations were from 4 points down to 2 points up compared with yesterday.

The market for raw rubber futures ruled easier today on lower Singapore cables and liquidation, while the lower securities market was also a bearish influence. At the last call over, quotations were unchanged to 15 points down.

Trading in the Chicago Wheat Pit was featureless, with quotations declining on liquidation, selling and reports of favourable weather. At the final bell, losses from ¼ to ½ cent were recorded.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
Jan.	10.99-99 +02		
Mar.	10.92-93 —01		
May	10.65-66 —02		
July	10.25-25 —01	Mar.	19.01-01 —11
July (N.C.)	10.45 N —01	May	18.60-60 unc.
Oct. (N.C.)	9.66-67 —04	July	18.29-33 —11
Dec. (N.C.)	9.58-59 —04		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Mar.	1.92-93 +01 B/A	Mar.	1.63-63½ +08 B/A
May	1.96-98 unc. B/A	May	1.63½-64*+8½ B/A
Sept.	2.04-05 unc. B/A	Sept.	1.64-65 +09 B/A

*—Subject to confirmation.

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
May	98⅜-98¼ —½	May	57⅝-57¾ +⅜
July	96⅛-96¼ —⅜		

Winnipeg Wheat		New York Silk No. 1
May	86-86 +1⅛	closed

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Bombay Cotton Market

Bombay, Jan. 13.

Liquidation in the Bombay Cotton market broadened considerably during the past week, influenced by President Roosevelt's hopes for peace before Spring, although there was a considerable amount of switching and short-hedges from Broach April/May to July/August by a prominent shipper, the premium for the latter having widened to 8 rupees, indicating very large long speculative interests.

The crop was moving freely in the Oomra districts.

There has been little demand from Japan, and occasional purchases on French accounts were noted.

The market is becoming increasingly crop conscious, and, unless fresh incentives are forthcoming, a sagging tendency is expected to develop.—Reuter.

Franco-Spanish Trade Agreement

Madrid, Jan. 14.

A trade agreement between France and Spain is likely to be signed very soon, possibly today. Negotiations with Great Britain continue to make good progress.—Reuter.

New York Metals

New York, Jan. 13.

New York Metals: Antimony, Chinese, in carload lots (25 tons), f.o.b. New York, duty paid, 16½ cents per lb: unchanged. Tin, Straits, c.i.f., New York (25 ton lots) 47½ cents per pound, unchanged. Copper, Electrolytic, first hand. 12½ cents per lb., unchanged.—Reuter.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Statistical Data Concerning Leading Stocks

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Name of Stock (No par value except where indicated)	Dividends: Annual rate $	Dividends: Date of 1st quarterly payment	Book value	Earnings or Deficits: 5 yr Average 1928-30	1936	1937	1938	Yield on basis of price in %
Adams Express	0.25	Irregular	14	—	0.50	0.62	0.16	3
Allegheny Ludlum Steel	0.50	Irregular	21	—	2.13	2.10	D 1.04	2
Allis Chalmers	1.25	Irregular	32	—	2.27	4.42	1.44	3
American can 25	4	Feb. 15	46	6.29	5.80	6.08	4.35	4
Am. and Foreign Power	—	—		1.43	D 9.45	D 8.77	D 8.66	nil
Am. and For.P. $7 cum.Pref.	—	—	10	23.49	5.84	7.11	6.83	nil
Am. Locomotive	—	—	6	4.20	D 1.71	4.75	D 4.90	nil
Am. Radiator	0.30†	Irregular	11	1.84	0.70	0.68	D 0.08	3
Am. Rolling Mill	—	—	28	2.46	2.25	2.55	D 1.16	nil
American Smelting	2†	Feb. 28	35	7.27	6.85	6.54	3.24	4
Am. Tel. and Tel. 100	9	Jan. 15	127	1.30	9.89	9.76	8.32	5
Am. Tob. "B" 35	5	Mar. 1	24	6.00	3.71	5.04	4.89	6
Am. Waterworks	—	—	10	2.80	1.52	1.14	0.38	nil
Anaconda Copper 50	1.25	Irregular	58	4.97	1.83	3.62	1.10	4
Atch., Top. & S. Fe 100	—	—	160	19.16	1.56	0.60	0.83	nil
Auburn Automobiles	—	—	28	9.72	D 6.67	D15.00	D 1.73	nil
Baltimore and Ohio 100	—	—	126	11.36	0.85	D 1.20	D 6.04	nil
Barber Asphalt (10)	0.25	Irregular	32	—	1.14	1.91	D 0.85	2
Barnsdall Oil 5	0.90	Feb. 1	8	—	1.01	0.85	1.26	7
Bethlehem Steel	1.50†	Irregular	117	7.06	2.09	7.63	D 0.70	2
Boeing Airplane 5	—	—	10	—	0.32	0.45	D 0.77	nil
Borg-Warner 5	1.10	Irregular	16	—	3.57	3.63	D 0.01	4
Bklyn. Manh. Tran.	—	—	79	6.78	0.30	4.09	D 1.25	nil
Canadian Pacific Rly. 25	—	—	40	3.11	0.04	0.30	D 0.32	nil
Case, J. I. 100	—	—	154	14.53	12.36	13.98	8.89	nil
Chase Nat. Bank 13.55	1.40	F.A. 1	32	4.04	2.24	2.03	—	3
Chesapeake & Ohio 25	2†	Jan. 1	51	5.87	5.72	4.43	2.62	5
Chrysler 5	5.25†	Irregular	40	4.69	14.25	11.66	4.32	6
Columbia Gas and Electric	—	—	16	2.08	0.53	0.57	0.31	nil
Commercial Credit 10	4.00	Mar. 31	29	—	6.08	7.10	4.60	8
Commonwealth & Southern	—	—	5	0.67	0.13	0.18	0.08	nil
Consolidated Edison	2	Mar. 15	52	4.50	2.32	2.17	2.09	6
Consolidated Oil	0.80	Feb. 15	18	—	1.18	1.48	0.55	10
Continental Oil	1	Jan. 30	17	0.64	1.78	2.97	1.00	4
Corn Products 25	3	Jan. 20	34	4.41	3.86	2.52	3.17	5
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	2	Mar. 15	21	nil	2.42	3.95	3.75	11
Douglas Aircraft	3	Irregular	21	1.50	1.74	1.90	3.76	4
Dupont de Nemours 10	7	Mar. 15	42	5.17	7.54	7.27	3.75	4
Eagle Picher Lead 10	0.20†	Irregular	14	—	0.74	0.40	—	2
Electric Bond & Share 5	—	—	21	2.15	0.17	0.42	0.18	nil
Elec. Bond & Share $6 Pref.	6	Feb. 1	30	—	6.42	7.31	—	9
Flintkote	—	—	13	—	1.75	1.50	1.21	nil
General Electric	1.40	Jan. 25	11	1.81	1.52	2.21	0.90	4
General Motors 10	3.50†	Mar. 12	19	4.88	5.36	4.38	2.17	6
General Railway Signal	—	—	16	7.99	0.17	1.58	D 0.85	nil
Glidden	—	—	22	—	3.29	2.62	D 0.29	nil
Goodrich Rubber	1	—	24	2.09	4.03	D 2.25	0.14	5
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	1†	Irregular	27	5.12	3.90	1.95	1.34	4
Great Northern Ry. Pfd.	—	—	157	9.47	3.99	4.04	1.09	nil
Greyhound	1.10†	Jan. 1	9	D0.16	1.50	1.59	1.43	7
Int. Nickel	2	Mar. 30	14	0.85	2.40	3.31	2.09	5
Int. Tel. and Tel.	—	—	30	3.45	0.63	1.60	1.10	nil
Kennecott	2	Mar. 30	54	3.67	2.36	4.60	2.10	5
Loew's Inc.	2	Mar. 30	34	6.71	6.73	8.47	4.65	6
Montgomery Ward	1.25†	Apr. 15	26	2.51	3.63	3.41	3.50	2
Nat. City Bank N.Y. 12½	1	F. A. 1	25	4.12	2.10	2.00	—	3
Nat. Dairy Products	0.80	Jan. 2	12	3.58	2.01	1.53	1.69	5
National Distillers	2	Feb. 1	21	—	3.81	3.86	3.85	8
Nat. Power and Light	0.60	Mar. 1	22	1.74	0.99	1.36	1.28	7
New York Central	—	—	142	12.63	1.79	0.99	D 3.13	nil
North Am. Aviation 1	1.40	Irregular	2	—	0.001	0.14	0.55	5
North American Co. 10	0.90	Jan. 2	21	4.47	1.74	1.95	1.55	4
Pacific Gas and Electric 25	2	Jan. 16	30	2.83	2.55	2.71	2.47	6
Pacific Lighting	3*	Feb. 15	19	2.70	3.88	4.10	4.18	6
Packard Motors	—	—	3	1.11	0.47	0.20	D 0.12	nil
Paramount Pictures 1	0.15	—	17	—	1.18	1.96	0.84	2
Pennsylvania Railroad 50	1	Irregular	89	7.01	2.94	2.07	0.84	4
Phillips Petroleum	2	Mar. 1	8	3.69	4.02	5.42	2.03	5
Public Service of N.J.	2.50	Mar. 30	35	3.15	2.80	2.61	2.34	6
Pure Oil	0.25†	Irregular	22	1.77	1.63	2.15	0.38	3
Radio Corp.	0.20	Irregular	nil	1.32	0.21	0.41	0.30	4
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	2	Jan. 1	4	3.04	2.93	2.82	2.37	5
Schenley 5	—	—	45	—	7.05	5.04	2.46	nil
Sears Roebuck	4.25	Mar. 16	30	5.03	5.60	5.58	4.18	5
Socony Vacuum Corp. 15	0.50†	M. S. 15	44	—	1.38	1.82	1.29	4
Southern Pacific 100	—	—	123	10.19	3.84	0.20	D 1.81	nil
Standard Brands	0.47½	Jan. 2	90	1.53	1.11	0.73	0.62	7
Standard Gas & Electric	—	—	4	6.59	D 0.99	D 0.86	D 2.23	nil
Standard Oil of N.J. 25	1.25*	J. D. 15	0	3.47	3.73	5.64	2.86	2
Texas Gulf Sulphur	2	Mar. 15	49	5.21	2.56	3.02	1.81	6
Union Carbide & Carbon	1.90†	Jan. 2	15	3.40	4.14	4.81	2.77	2
Union Pacific Railway 100	8	Jan. 2	38	17.53	8.20	6.15	6.62	6
United Aircraft 5	2	Irregular	8	—	0.76	1.52	2.05	4
United Airlines 5	—	—	7	—	0.26	D 0.52	D 0.66	nil
United Corp.	—	—	2	0.55	0.19	0.22	0.07	nil
United Gas Improvement	1	Mar. 23	11	1.29	1.09	1.09	0.99	7
U.S. Rubber 10	—	—	24	nil	3.31	2.21	0.43	nil
U.S. Steel	—	—	147	12.90	2.91	8.01	D 3.79	nil
Vanadium	1†	Irregular	29	4.59	0.40	2.22	0.61	3
Warner Bros. Pictures	—	—	18	1.84	0.75	1.48	0.41	nil
Westinghouse Elec. 6.50	3.50	Feb. 28	70	7.22	5.67	7.53	3.38	3

*Plus extras D Deficit E Est †Dividends are for the latest four quarters

New York Stocks

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, Jan. 13.

Irregular conditions prevailed on Wall Street today, with most issues finishing from fractions to about one point lower, while a few ended the day on the upside.

A downward tendency prevailed throughout the morning, due principally to reports of a let up in business activity and rumours of renewed foreign liquidation.

The turnover today amounted to 420,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	146.05	144.99	145.19	—0.77
20 Rails	30.78	30.53	30.60	—0.14
15 Utilit.	25.38	25.16	25.21	—0.04
40 Bonds	—	—	89.86	—0.07
11 Commod.	—	—	60.55	—0.25

	Jan. 12	13		Jan. 12	13
Adams Exp	8	8	Jones & L	59¼	*57¼
Alg Lud	18¾	19¼	Kennecott	35¼	35¼
Alld Stores	8½	7⅞	Lak F & M	4	4
Allis Chal	38⅜	36¼	Libbey O F	49¼	48¾
Alum Ld	98	99	Lockheed	28¼	28⅛
Amer Can	114	114¼	Loew's	34⅜	34¼
Am Cyan	32⅝	32⅜	Mack Trks	25⅜	25¼
Am For Pr	2⅛	2	Martin G	36⅛	36⅛
„ $7 pfd	24½	23¾	McK & R	*16¼	*16⅛
Am G & E	*38¾	*38	Monsanto	105½	104¼
Am Loco	18⅝	19¼	Mont Ward	51	51
Am Metal	23½	23	Nat Avian	11¾	11¼
Am Radtr	9½	9⅝	Nat City B	*28¼	*28¼
Am R Mill	15½	15¼	Nat Dairy	16⅝	16⅞
Am Smltg	48	47½	Nat Dist	23⅛	23¼
Am Sug R	18⅞	19¼	Nat Gyp	11⅛	11⅛
Am T & T	169⅝	168⅞	Nat Lead	20	20
Am Tob B	87¼	*86⅝	Nat P & L	8½	8⅝
Am Wtrwks	11⅛	10⅞	Nat Steel	69⅝	69¼
Anaconds	27¼	28	Nat Supply	8⅝	*8¼
Atchison	22¾	22⅝	N Y Cent	16⅝	16⅝
Auburn	2	2⅛	Niag Hud	5⅛	5⅝
Bald Loco	15⅝	15¼	N A Avia	23¼	23¼
Baltimore	5⅝	5¾	N Am Co	22⅞	22¼
Barber	14	*13⅞	N Pacific	8⅝	8⅝
Barns Oil	12½	12¼	O I Glass	61	61
Ben Avian	28	27⅛	Pac G & E	33	32⅞
Beth Steel	74⅛	73¾	Pac Lightg	49¼	*49
Bliss	13⅝	13	Packard	3⅛	3¼
Boeing	21⅞	22	Paramount	7¼	7⅜
Borg War	23¼	23¼	Penn R R	22	21⅞
Briggs Mfg	20⅛	20¼	Phelps	36	35⅝
Bkn M Tr	14¼	14¾	P & R Coal	*0⅝	*0⅝
„ $6 pfd	51½	51	Phil Pet	39⅞	39⅞
Budd Mfg.	5¼	5¼	Pitts C & I	8	*7⅞
Can Pac	5	5	P S of N J	40	40
Case J I	70¼	*70	Pullman	28¼	27¼
Chase N B	*34¼	*34	Pure Oil	8⅜	8¼
Celanese	28	27⅞	Radio	5⅞	5⅝
Ches & C	40	39¼	Reading	15¼	14¾
Chrysler	82⅞	83	„ 1st pfd	*25¼	*25¼
Clim Mlyb	35⅞	36	Rem Arms	*4⅛	*4⅜
Colts	79⅞	80¼	Rep Avian	5⅝	5⅝
Col G & E	6½	6¼	Rep Steel	20	20
„ 6% pfd	90	89½	Rev C & B	13¼	12¾
Com Credit	47⅞	47	Rey Tob B	40¼	40⅞
Com & Sth	1⅛	1½	Richfield	7⅞	7⅝
Cons Edis	30¼	30½	Safeway	45	44⅝
Cons Oil	7½	7⅝	Schenley	12⅝	12½
Cont Can	43¼	42¼	Sears Roeb	82	81⅞
Cont Oil	22½	23	Shell U Oil	11⅞	*11½
Copwld St	15½	*15¼	Socy-Vac	11⅞	11⅞
Corn Prod	62½	*62¼	Sthrn Pac	13⅝	13⅝
Curtis Wr	9½	9⅝	Sthrn Rly	30½	30¼
„ "A"	28½	28⅞	Sperry	42⅞	43
Deere & Co	20⅝	20⅝	Spicer	30	*30¼
Dist Cpn S	18⅝	18¾	Std Brands	6⅞	6⅞
Douglas	76½	76½	Std G & E	2½	2⅜
Du Pont	179¾	177½	Std Oil C	25¼	25
Eag P Lead	10⅝	10⅛	Std Oil N J	43¼	43⅝
Eaton Mfg.	30	29⅝	Stone & W	11⅛	11¼
Elc A Lite	36	36	Studebaker	9⅝	9⅝
Elec B & S	7⅛	7½	Swift Int	31½	31
„ $5 pfd	60¾	60½	Techniclr	14	13⅞
„ $6 pfd	68¼	67	Tex Cpn	44¼	44
E P & Lt	32½	32¼	Tex Gulf	33¾	33¼
Fisk Rub	13¾	14	Transamer	5⅝	5⅝
Flintkote	18⅝	18¾	Tw Cent F	12¼	12
Gen Am Tr	53½	53½	T C F pfd	*24⅝	24½
Gen Elec	38⅝	38¾	Un Carbide	83⅞	82
Gen Motor	51⅞	51⅝	Un Pacific	93½	93¼
Gen Rly	16	*16¼	Un Aircraft	44¼	44¼
Gen T & R	21½	21	Un Air L	14⅝	14¼
Glidden	17¼	17½	Un Corpn	2½	2⅝
Goodrich	18	17¾	„ $3 pfd	38⅝	38¼
„ $5 pfd	*64	64	Un Gas	1⅞	1⅞
Goodyear	22¾	22⅝	Un G Imp	14½	14⅝
Gt N I Ore	17⅝	17¼	U.S. Ind Al	23	22¼
Gt N Rly	23½	23⅝	U S Rubber	37	37⅛
Gt W Sugar	*27½	27¼	„ 8% pfd	111	109⅝
Greyhound	16½	16⅝	U S Steel	60½	60
Herc Pow	89	88	Vanadium	30½	30
Homestake	59	60	Walworth	5⅞	*5⅝
Int Harv	57	55¾	War Bro Pic	3⅝	3⅝
Int Nickel	36⅝	36⅝	West Elec	109	108
Int T & T	4⅜	4⅜	Woodward	22¼	22⅝
Johns Man	72½	72			

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	61	*61
Baltimore & Ohio	27¼	26¼
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	18⅜	18½
„ „ 6½% 1957	*15⅛	14
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	91⅛	91
Erie R.R. 6s 1967	15½	15½
Int. Tel. & Tel.	43¾	43¾
New England Gas & Elec.	68⅛	66½
Republic of Colombia	29½	29
„ „ (1928) 6s '61	30⅜	29
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	48⅛	47
Stand. Gas & Elec.	67	68½

*—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices declined irregularly today on a slight turnover, rounding out a week of weakness which sent prices to the lowest levels since November 20, 1939. Some leaders ruled slightly firmer just before the close, but the majority ended the day lower. Favourable sales reports sustained mercantiles; steels had fractional losses; and, minor gains were noted in American Can, Anaconda Copper, North America and Sperry Corporation.

Japan Foreign Trade Shows Increase

Turnover of Y.7,060,000,000 Marks All Time Record

Tokyo, Jan. 14.

The foreign trade of the Japanese empire registered a phenomenal increase for the year 1939, according to a survey published here a few days ago. The total turnover reached 7,060,000,000 Yen, marking an all time record and an increase of 23 per cent., over 1938.

While an increase of 36 per cent., was registered in the export total, imports increased by some 10 per cent.

Exports Exceed Imports

Moreover, Japanese exports exceeded imports by no less than 800 million Yen, thus realizing a positive trade balance for the second consecutive year. In this connection it is pointed out, however, that the surplus for 1938 was only 60 million Yen.

While these returns may be viewed as satisfactory, it must not be forgotten that the gain thus achieved will only partly contribute towards Japanese foreign exchange balance.

It must be remembered that the Empire's trade is directed into two distinct channels: to the so-called Yen-block nations including Manchoukuo and occupied China, and to other countries which may be termed 'pure foreign trade,' yielding foreign exchange.

While exact figures have not yet been made available, well-informed quarters put the proportion of 'pure foreign trade' at a little over one-half of the total exports, while most of the imports come from these same countries.

The passive balance for 'pure foreign trade' is this believed to amount to approximately 500 million Yen for 1939.

Far from being considered unfavourably, it is pointed out that this balance indicates a steady diminution as against 570 million for 1938, and nearly a billion Yen for 1937, the first year of the China incident.

Due Increased Prices

The remarkable increase in the total turnover and the decrease of the passive balance towards foreign countries is attributed by well-informed observers mainly to the increase in world prices, which largely made up for the slight contraction noticeable in volume.

This tendency is well illustrated by two important items, raw silk and raw cotton. Whereas the value of exported silk showed an increase of 20 per cent., for 1938, the total volume diminished by nearly 100,000 bales. A similar trend was registered in the raw cotton field.

Observers also point out that rigourous economy enforced at home, also contributes towards an improved balance for Japan, because consumers goods are released for exportation to a greater extent.—Havas.

Drive to Tap Small Savings

New Savings Certificates With Increased Interest; 3 Per Cent. Defence Bonds

THE Government's drive to tap small savings was launched by Sir John Simon in the House of Commons recently, and was explained by him in a national broadcast. Two new "tap" securities have been created, and are now on sale. First, there is a new series of National Savings Certificates carrying a slightly higher rate of interest than the series which they replace. As in the past, there is a limit of 500 on the number of certificates which any one person may purchase. Secondly, the Government is offering seven-year Defence Bonds in denominations of £5, carrying 3 per cent. interest payable half-yearly. The bonds are repayable at 1 per cent. premium seven years after purchase, or earlier at par on six months' notice. There is a limit of £1,000 on individual purchases, states the "Financial News."

Sir John Simon, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, made a statement in the House of Commons recently on the Government's war borrowing programme.

He began by recalling that in his Budget statement he said that, when the time came for borrowing for the expense of the war, it would be found that various kinds of loan would be offered appropriate for different types of investor.

The date has not yet arrived, he said, to issue a loan on the open market, but I have now to announce that two securities are now on sale, which have been designed to enable all citizens even of small or very moderate means to make their contribution.

The first of these securities, he added, will be a new issue of National Savings Certificates for assisting to finance the war which will replace the current issue henceforward.

The new issue will be on exactly the same lines as the present, and will carry with it the same benefits in such things as exemption from income-tax. A certificate can be encashed at any time.

Purchase Price Unchanged

The purchase price of the new certificates will be unchanged at 15s., but the interest will be slightly increased so that the certificate will accumulate to 17s. 6d. after five years and to 20s. 6d. after the full period of ten years. [The value at the end of each year after the first will be 3d. higher than the present certificate.]

Subject to a few exceptions, into which I need not enter, no individual may hold more than 500 Savings Certificates of whatever issue. The House will appreciate that that restriction must be continued. Anyone of any income can buy Savings Certificates, and if they could be bought in unlimited amounts, their freedom from income-tax would make them much too expensive a method of borrowing.

Defence Bonds

The Chancellor then said: I now come to a second security, which is of a novel kind. There are a great number of people, many of them by no means wealthy, who already hold the maximum of 500 certificates, and I hope that there will be a great many more persons who reach that limit before long. I must provide some method suitable to their circumstances to enable them to lend fresh money to the State.

The new security will be known as a Defence Bond, and will be purchasable in units of £5. It will be on sale tomorrow and until further notice. It will be issued at par, and will bear interest at 3 per cent. per annum, and it will be repayable seven years from the date of purchase at a premium of £1 per cent., if not cashed before.

It will be repayable at par plus any accrued interest at any time after six months' notice, and special arrangements have been made to enable the bondholder, in case of private emergency, to obtain repayment at once, subject to an adjustment of the interest then payable.

The interest on this bond will be subject to income-tax, but tax will not be deducted at the source, so that bondholders who are not subject to income-tax at the standard rate will escape the formalities necessary to secure repayment of tax.

Special Privileges

In view of the special privileges attached to these bonds, no individual will be allowed to hold more than £1,000 of the new Defence Bonds, but he may purchase up to £1,000 worth of the bonds in addition to holding the maximum of 500 Savings Certificates. If he does not hold 500 Savings Certificates, or even if he holds no Savings Certificates at all, there is nothing to prevent him purchasing up to £1,000 worth of the new bonds, but in such a case, the course which will usually pay the investor best is first to make up his holding of Savings Certificates to the maximum of 500 and then to put additional savings into the new bond.

The new Certificate and the Defence Bond will be on sale tomorrow at Post Offices, savings banks and joint-stock banks throughout the country.

As in the last war, continued the Chancellor, the campaign throughout the country in support of these issues has been entrusted to the National Savings Movement. The Movement, with its many thousands of voluntary workers, has already responded enthusiastically to my request.

Ulster's Plans

The Government of Northern Ireland has undertaken to issue a new Ulster Savings Certificate, on terms identical with those of our new National Savings Certificate, and to relend 75 per cent. of the gross proceeds of sale to the Imperial Exchequer.

Mr. Keynes' Plan

After the Chancellor had finished his statement, Mr. W. Leach (Lab., Bradford Central) asked whether the proposals made by Mr. J. M. Keynes had been considered.

Sir John Simon replied that he had no communication to make on that subject.

How Campaign will Operate

This new national savings drive should prove much more effective than that in the last war. Then the machinery had to be created for the purpose; now it is ready to hand, and the authorities have had twenty-three years' continuous experience of working such a scheme. In the last war moreover, no attempt was made to absorb popular savings by these means until early 1916.

There are now 12 commissioners and 50 assistant commissioners throughout the country, all paid. The campaign will be conducted through 1,200 local committees, 120,000 voluntary workers and 40,000 local savings groups. The organization is already established and may be expected to increase rapidly.

Six Issues in 23 Years

The issue of savings certificates was first begun in the last war. These were known as the War Savings Certificates and were designed, as in the present case, to bring the small man's savings to the assistance of war finance.

During the period from 1916 to 1921 £339,100,000 was subscribed under the war savings scheme. This represented 12½ per cent. of the total receipts from all forms of "tap" issues of Government securities and some 6.7 per cent. of the receipts from all internal forms of war borrowing other than floating debt.

After the war period the scheme was continued, the title of the certificates being changed to National Savings. In all there have been six issues. In recent years the annual growth has been in the neighbourhood of £60,000,000.

The total number of certificates issued up to end-October was 1,428,397,000, including the conversion issue of 1932, and their value was £1,120,785,000.

Of this total there remained invested at end-September last £377,700,000, with accrued interest estimated at £140,300,000.

Details of Issues

The first issue covered the period from the introduction of the scheme in 1916 to April 1, 1922. The purchase price per certificate was 15s. 6d. and it attained a value of 20s. in five years, interest rate £5 4s. 7d., and 26s. in ten years, interest rate £5 6s. 2d. The number of certificates issued totalled 575,610,000, and their value was £446,098,000.

The second issue ran from April 1, 1922, to September 29, 1923. The purchase price per certificate was 16s., and it attained a value of 20s. after five years, interest rate £4 11s. 3d., and 26s. in ten years, interest rate £4 19s. 6d. The number of certificates issued totalled 92,200,000 and their value was £73,760,000.

The third issue ran from October 1, 1923, to June 30, 1932. The purchase price per certificate was 16s. and it attained a value of 20s. after six years, interest rate £3 15s. 9d., and 24s. after ten years, interest rate £4 2s. 9d. The number of certificates issued totalled 434,109,000 and their value was £347,287,000.

War Savings Conversion

Then in 1932 came the conversion issue offered to holders of the first issue. The offer was in line with the reduction in the interest rate on War Loan and covered the war savings. The purchase price of the conversion certificates was 16s. and they attained a value of 20s. after six years, interest rate £3 15s. 9d., and 24s. in ten years, interest rate £4 2s. 9d.

This was similar to the third issue, but the intermediary interest rates were more attractive. The number of certificates issued totalled 58,559,000 and their value was £46,847,000.

The fourth issue ran from August 2, 1932, to May 31, 1933. The purchase price of each certificate was 16s., and it attained a value of 20s. in seven years, interest rate £3 4s. 9d., and 23s. in ten years, interest rate £3 7s. 1d. The number of certificates issued totalled 49,070,000, and their value was £39,256,000.

The fifth issue ran from June 1, 1933, to February 28, 1935. The purchase price of each certificate was 16s., and it attained a value of 20s. after eight years, interest rate £2 16s. 6d., and 23s. after twelve years, interest rate £3 1s. 5d. The number of certificates issued totalled 67,999,000, and their value was £54,399,000.

The sixth and last issue was opened on March 1, 1935. The purchase price of each certificate was 15s., and it attained a value of 17s. 3d. after five years, interest rate £2 16s. 8d., and of 20s. after ten years, the interest rate over this period being £2 18s. 4d. The number of certificates issued to end-October last totalled 150,850,000, and their value was £113,138,000.

U.S. Steel Exports To Far East Decline

Washington, (Airmail):

United States exports of iron and steel to the Far East declined during October and those to Europe, especially to the United Kingdom, increased correspondingly, according to official figures released by the Department of Commerce.

Aggregate exports were up, totalling 255,081 tons, as compared to 244,933 tons in September. The value in October was $16,835,795 as compared to $15,481,546 for September. The figures for October 1938, were 201,473 tons valued at $11,463,580.

The United Kingdom took 29 per cent., of the total, importing 74,632 tons as compared to 51,879, or 21 per cent., of the total, in September.

The Far East took 49,607 tons during October as compared to 69,743 tons for the previous month.—Havas.

U.S. Trade Gains In Argentine

Survey Shows American Gains; Britain Declines And Germany Slumps

An analysis of Argentina's foreign trade for the first ten months of the current year shows the remarkable changes wrought by the war situation in commerce with the United States, Great Britain and Germany. The salient feature is that trade with the United States has jumped ahead, while that with Great Britain has declined and the interchange of goods with Germany has slumped in recent months to a fractional part of its normal amount, states J. G. Forrest in the "New York Times."

The total value of Argentina's foreign trade in the first ten months of this year was 2,366,747,000 pesos, compared with 2,366,816,000 pesos for the same period of 1938. The country's total exports, amounting to 1,288,367,000 pesos, showed an 11.3 per cent. increase over the corresponding period of 1938. The value of imports, however, was 1,078,380,000 pesos, a decline of 10.8 per cent. from the 1938 level. There was thus a favourable balance of 209,988,000 pesos, which is in contrast to an unfavourable balance of 52,018,000 pesos in the first ten months of the preceding year. It is noteworthy that imports for the current year showed a decline of only three-tenths of 1 per cent. in volume.

New Role for America

A significant fact is that the United States replaced Great Britain as Argentina's principal supplier during the month of October. In that month Argentina imported from the United States goods valued at 18,200,000 pesos, as against 14,390,000 pesos in October last year. In the same period imports from Great Britain aggregated only 12,600,000 pesos, compared with more than 20,000,000 pesos in the same month last year.

Germany showed the heaviest slump, as expected, exporting goods to Argentina with a total value of only 4,000,000 pesos, compared with 10,500,000 in October, 1938, and an average of 12,000,000 pesos in the preceding months of the current year.

Meanwhile Argentina's trade with Germany is dwindling fast. Shipments to that country were reported as being 2,000,000 pesos for October, but much of this probably represents previous shipments of orders for other destinations designated by Germany.

Imports From Britain Lead

In the first ten months of 1939 Great Britain was Argentina's principal source for goods, the total value of such purchases being 212,701,000 pesos, or about 20.5 per cent. of the total. The United States was second, with 166,910,000 pesos, or 16.1 per cent; Germany was third, with 10.7 per cent; Belgium, 6.9 per cent; France, 6.4 per cent, and Brazil, 5.7 per cent.

Great Britain also was Argentina's chief customer in the ten months' period, taking 34.1 per cent. of the country's total exports, or 438,683,000 pesos. The United States was second, purchasing goods valued at 136,537,000 pesos, or 10.6 per cent. of the total. The Netherlands bought 7.1 per cent, Germany 6.9 per cent, Belgian 6.1 per cent. and Brazil and France about 4 per cent. each.

The foregoing statistics on exports and imports are significant as disclosing that while Argentina built up a favourable balance of more than 200,000,000 pesos in all her foreign trade, her commerce with the United States, alone, in the ten-month period showed a small unfavourable balance. The trend of Argentine-United States trade for the rest of the year will be observed with much interest.

Increase in American Cotton Exports

Shipments to Japan Show Decrease

New York, Jan. 13.

Exports of cotton from the United States for the first five months of the current season, August to December, 1939, totalled 3,143,000 bales, and were valued at $166,848,000, showing increases of 1,241,000 bales and $69,035,000, respectively over the corresponding period of last year.

Much heavier shipments were made to the United Kingdom, Sweden, Canada, China, Spain, the Netherlands, Belgium, Italy and France, while on the other hand, shipments to Japan were smaller.

No shipments have been made to Germany since September, 1939.—Reuter.

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Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... Jan. 28
HIKAWA MARU ..... Feb. 9

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SAKITO MARU ..... Jan. 30

Japan-Australia Line
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KIFANO MARU ..... Jan. 22
KAMO MARU ..... Feb. 19

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*HARALDSVANG ..... Jan. 45
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OKITU MARU ..... Feb. 2
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ATAGO MARU ..... Jan. 26

For Japan
SUWA MARU ..... Jan. 26

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Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty on Sunday, January 21, at 11 a.m.

No visitors will be allowed on the tender nor on board unless in possession of a special pass issued by our Office

Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.

Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, from January 19 to January 20 at noon the latest.

No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.

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ms. IVARAN	—	—	Jan. 16	Feb. 11	Feb. 14	Feb. 17
ms. SORHOLT	—	Jan. 18	Jan. 22	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Feb. 21
ms. REINHOLT	Jan. 27	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Mar. 13	Mar. 16	Mar. 19
ms. DONA ANICETA	Feb. 18	Mar. 11	Mar. 14	Apr. 6	Apr. 9	Apr. 12
ms. DONA AURORA	Mar. 16	Apr. 3	Apr. 6	Apr. 29	May 2	May 5

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ms. AGRA	—	Jan. 28	Feb. 1	Feb. 4	Feb. 9	Mar. 19
ms. CANTON	Jan. 27	Feb. 20	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Feb. 27	Apr. 9

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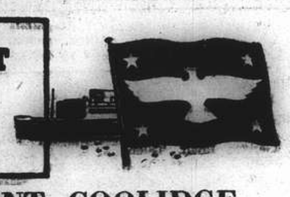

ss. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE

Due Shanghai TO-DAY, January 15

Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty at 6 p.m.
Sailing for SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via KOBE and HONOLULU
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty 10.15 a.m. TO-MORROW, January 16

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PRES. PIERCE	Feb. 26	PRES. PIERCE	Apr. 22

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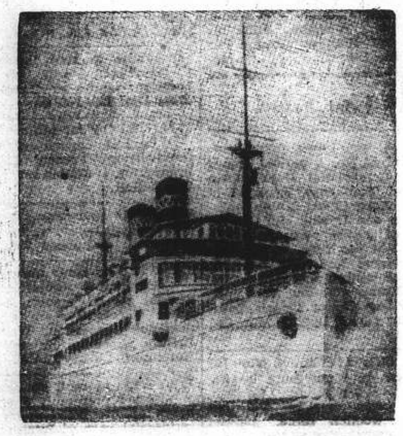

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VESSELS ARRIVING TO-DAY

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From MANILA: President Coolidge, with mail, due 5 p.m. Buoys 11-12. Passengers expected at Customs Jetty 6 p.m.

From MANILA: Hulda Maersk, due Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due p.m. Wayside Wharf.

DUE AT FUTURE DATES

All vessels are listed under their terminal part. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LISBON			From SINGAPORE		
Torrens	10/12	30/1	C. Verde	9/1	17/1
From TRIESTE			Fusijama	1/1	20/1
C. Verde	21/12	17/1	Tegelberg	15/1	22/1
Fusijama	21/11	20/1	**From SOERABAYA**		
Himalaya	21/12	7/2	Tjinegara	29/12	16/1
From KARACHI			Tjibadak	12/1	29/1
Sumatra	27/12	20/1	**From HONGKONG**		
			See "China Ports" below		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK			From SEATTLE		
A. Maersk	9/12	24/1	Collingsworth	13/1	7/2
Mokihana	—	10/2	**From PORTLAND**		
Sophocles	24/12	14/2	Agra	23/12	28/1
Ivaran	—	17/2	**From HONOLULU**		
Sorholt	30/12	21/2	Asama M.	5/1	10/2
Laura Maersk	10/1	25/2	**From NAGASAKI**		
From SAVANNAH			Nasasaki M.	19/1	20/1
Laura Maersk	15/1	25/2	**From KEELUNG**		
From PANAMA			Tyosa M.	16/1	18/1
Sophocles	4/1	14/2			
From LOS ANGELES					
A. Maersk	30/12	24/1			
Asama M.	1/1	10/2			
Tatuta M.	15/1	24/2			

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN			From MOMBASA		
Tegelberg	15/12	22/1	Tegelberg	2/1	22/1

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN			From AMOY		
Dairen M.	14/1	16/1	Tjinegara	13/1	16/1

VESSELS DISCHARGING

ATHOS II. From Marseilles via Ports arrived on January 11, 1940, and discharging her cargo at Hunt's Wharf, Shanghai. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees and claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Wednesday, January 17, 1940, at 9 a.m. at the wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected. Cie des Messageries Maritimes. 15-1

VIGRID. The Maersk Line m.s. Vigrid, from New York, Newport News, Norfolk, Tacoma, Vladivostok, Yokohama and Kobe via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Old Ningpo Wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes Davy on Thursday morning, January 18, at 9 a.m. Maersk Line, Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 15-1

SOMALI. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Somali, from London and Ports. —This steamer is berthing at Nos. 14-15 Buoys and her cargo will be discharged at the Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hongkew Wharf on Monday, January 22, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 16-1

VESSELS SAILING

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LIVERPOOL		**For NEW YORK**	
Hakozaki Maru	5/2	M. Maersk	1/2
For OSLO		Kansai Maru	5/2
Triton	29/1	L. Maersk	15/2
For GENOA		**For SAN FRANCISCO**	
C. Verde	21/1	P. Coolidge	16/1
for CALCUTTA		Agra	1/2
Haraldsvang	15/1	P. Taft	3/2
For BOMBAY		P. Cleveland	12/2
Okitu Maru	2/2	Asama Maru	17/2
For CAPETOWN		P. Pierce	26/2
Tegelberg	23/1	**For YOKOHAMA**	
For JAVA		Suwa Maru	23/1
Tjinegara	18/1	**For NAGASAKI**	
Tjibadak	1/2	Nagasaki Maru	16/1
For NEW YORK		**For DAIREN**	
H. Maersk	16/1	Tsingtao Maru	16/1
Tamesis	22/1	Dairen Maru	18/1
Sakito Maru	30/1	Hoten Maru	21/1
		Tsingtao Maru	24/1
		Dairen Maru	25/1
		Hoten Maru	29/1

VESSELS LEAVING

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to North CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

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JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STARITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

TJINEGARA Jan. 18. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, ILO ILO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjinegara sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, January 18, taking cargo to the Philippine Islands, Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V. Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 17-1

STRAITS AND EUROPE

TRITON Jan. 29. ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID, CASABLANCA and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.—Motorship Triton of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai for the above-mentioned ports on or about January 29. For freight or passage please apply to the agents Dodwell and Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 29-1

AMERICA

HULDA MAERSK Jan. 15. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Maersk Line, Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 15-1

TAMESIS Jan. 22. For LOS ANGELES and NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL.—Barber-Wilhelmsen Line motor vessel Tamesis sails from Shanghai on January 22, accepting cargo for all Overland Points. Dodwell & Co., Ltd:—Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 22-1

KANSAI M. Feb. 5. FOR LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE.—For freight apply to O. S. K. Line, 20 Canton Road. Room No. 316 Tel. 15324. 5-2

SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA

TEGELBERG Jan. 23. FOR MAURITIUS, REUNION, TAMATAVE, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, CAPETOWN, MOSSEL BAY, PORT ELIZABETH, EAST LONDON, ZANZIBAR and MOMBASA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SAIGON, BANGKOK (Koh-Si-Chang) SINGAPORE and BATAVIA.—The K.P.M. Line ms. Tegelberg sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Tuesday, January 23. Cargo accepted for all ports in South and East Africa, also East Coast of South America. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V. Agents, K.P.M. Line, Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 23-1

Going Home?

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POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

MONDAY, January 15.		Reg.	Ord.
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai		8.30	9.00
Yungkia Wenchow		8.30	9.00
Hongkong		11.00	11.30
Chefoo and Tientsin		11.00	11.30
Amoy and Swatow		11.00	11.30
Central America and Canal Zone	AZ	—	—
H'kong Canton Aust. N.Z. and Manila	X	16.30	17.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
TUESDAY, January 16.			
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen		*20.00	7.15
Japan Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	B	*20.00	7.30
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia		*20.00	8.00
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	X	8.30	9.00
Hongkong		12.30	13.00
Aust. N.Z. and Straits	C	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton		15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
Hongkong		19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 15th.
B Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 15th.
C Parcel mail for Straits, closes at 12.00 on 16th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on January 18, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due London on January 31.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on January 18, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on Jan. 30.

Air France per steamer on January 18, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary.

Neth (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 3 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao Tunghsan, Shihkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.20 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe via Siberia are despatched on every Tuesday and Friday per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Pacific, Jan. 16, due L'don Feb. 19.
Per steamer via Suez, Jan. 21, due L'don Feb. 18.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Monday, January 15, 1940 (7th day of 12th moon)	SICCAWEI Jan. 13 16.00	Jan. 13 21.00	Jan. 14 4.00	Jan. 14 9.00
Barometer inches	30.09	30.14	30.14	30.21
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.15	+0.17	+0.12	+0.10
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	+0.07	+0.03	+0.05	+0.07
Wind (direction)	NW	N/E	NNE	N
" (miles per hour)	8.7	6.8	6.8	3.7
Temperature (Fahr.)	49.6°	44.1°	39.2°	41.4°
Humidity %	74	88	89	80
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	7	0	2
Rainfall inches			—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report January 13	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.09	+0.10	30.32
Temp. Min. 43.3 Max. 53.2	49.3	—3.0	38.3
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	0.28	0.13	0.59

Time and Tide	15/1	16/1	17/1	18/1	19/1
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.55	6.54	6.54	6.53	6.53
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.13	17.14	17.14	17.15	17.16
Moon rises at Shanghai	9.57	10.29	11.03	11.39	12.18
Moon sets at Shanghai	22.23	23.16		24.08	1.03
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	14.06	14.42	15.30	16.35	18.00
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	6.22	7.07	8.04	9.14	10.21
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	15.39	16.10	16.55	17.53	7.12
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	6.60	6.79	6.36	6.27	5.92

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Lexa Maersk	Japan	Maersk L.
J'ne Justesen	C'wangtao	K.M.A.
H. Kiangnan	T'senkong	Foo Hwa
Keizan M.	Dairen	Showa S.S.
Com. Paolini	Ningpo	I.C.R.N.
Meinan	Ningpo	S.V.O.C.
Bonho	T'lungkong	Dong Shing
Tsingtao M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Heini	T'lungkong	G.F.E.
Hakusan M.	—	T.K.K.
Liesel	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Anwoo	T'senkong	Dah Hsing
Hakka M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Hungyun M.	T'lungkong	T.K.K.
Sanko M.	Keelung	M.B.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Athos II	Fr.	M.M.
Gran	Pan.	Wallem
Tangshan M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Kasiwa M.	Jap.	K.U.K.
Nitto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sygna	Nor.	K.M.A.
Aso M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Matuyama M.	Jap.	Showa S.S.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Pigeon 6	Am.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	Garden P.

TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
NAGASAKI MARU	Jan. 15 (Wayside Wharf)	Jan. 16 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	Jan. 20	Jan. 21 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

	(Wayside Wharf)	(Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Jan. 19	Jan. 22 at 5.30 a.m.

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board before midnight of 21st.)

KASIMA MARU	Jan. 23	Jan. 30
TAIYO MARU	Jan. 29	Feb. 1

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephone 45297, 42350, 42359

TŌA KAIUN KAISYA

5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Jan. 14	Jan. 16 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Jan. 16	Jan. 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Jan. 19	Jan. 21 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Jan. 22	Jan. 24 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Jan. 24	Jan. 26 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Jan. 27	Jan. 29 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
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ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Jan. 16

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The News of the Week

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THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD

17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055

America and the War

Help is Made Available to Allies; Sympathy Towards Aims of Democracies Steadily Growing

WHEN the Americans exalted the word propaganda, they released a weapon so powerful that it can make or break the careers of leaders of the state and even affect the fortunes of a nation. Propaganda was looked upon as bad manners thirty years ago. I can remember an old Victorian friend who considered it vulgar to have his name in a newspaper. Now, people look upon it as a misfortune if they do not almost live in print. Their newspaper cuttings often form the barometer of their success, writes Hector Bolitho.

The Balkans have been the germinating ground for quantities of propaganda. Cinemas, newspapers, lecture platforms and schools have all been cajoled by outside powers who wish to impose their political philosophies upon smaller countries. I admit that in these visitations, the British have been lagging far behind. As a people we are still shy of propaganda, and British writers have refrained from adding to the plague of words under which the Balkans have suffered. But there are two aspects of the present situation of which I wish to write because they seem to be overlooked by the people of the smaller powers. (If I am to believe what I read from the Hungarian, Jugoslav and Bulgarian newspapers.) Balkan commentators do not seem to realize the full value of the help which is being given to the Allies through the repeal of the Neutrality Act in the United States and by the colossal scheme for training thousands of Royal Air Force pilots in Australia and Canada.

Effect of Embargo Repeal

We must first consider the effect of the repeal of the arms embargo in America. A leading statesman said to an English writer in Washington some months ago, "It is better for the United States that England should spend her money on armaments than to use it for paying her debts to us." This far-sighted, liberal view has prevailed. Through the President's courage and the natural sense of justice in the American people, the United States have become Britain's allies in Economic warfare, even if they continue to proclaim their neutrality as a nation.

The depressing effect of the repeal on Germany was revealed in a broadcast from Zeesen in which the speaker said:—

"We are compelled to state that Washington has given England and France, not only all possible assistance in the supply of arms, but also is initiating a system of support for British warships to carry out raids."

America's Maritime Commission has shown itself equally willing to bend the law, without breaking it, to our advantage. On November 7, the Commission granted permission to the United States Lines to transfer eleven Trans-Atlantic ships to Panama registry. Under the Panama flag the ships will be able to bring arms to Britain and France—forbidden to American-registered vessels by the new Neutrality Act. Foreign crews will man the ships, because American sailors must not take part in shipping arms and ammunition to warring nations.

"The first question that follows the announcement of the repeal is, "How far will the United States be able to help Great Britain?"

Two circumstances must be considered as favourable to British and French needs. The American factories are now in a better position to supply orders than they were at the beginning of the war. No more than 1,500 new aircraft will be needed by America during the next twelve months so that the remainder of her big output will be available for the Allies.

Wonders of Industry

Those who have seen such wonders as the assembly belt of the Ford works in Detroit and who realize the vision and courage of United States engineers, will be able to imagine how profitably the Americans have used these months of waiting, to swell their output. Aircraft factories as far west as California had big stores of aircraft waiting for transport to New York on the day the embargo was lifted. On the docks of New York itself, there were shipments of bombers, waiting for news of the repeal to arrive from Washington. Many of these aircraft have already crossed the Atlantic.

The United States manufacturers show that they anticipated the repeal long before the decision was announced from Washington. The production rate of aircraft and the capacity of aeroplane engine factories had already been increased. According to the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce, aeroplane engine factories in the period January 1, 1938, to July 1, 1939, increased their floor space by 32 per cent., and in the first six months of this year, by another 20 per cent. In the last few months, the firms have begun to extend the area by a further 600,000 square feet. According to a writer in "The Engineer," of November 24, 1939, it is believed that the United States industry is able to build aircraft engines at the rate of 16,000 per year, and by December 1, of this year, the output should rise to an annual production of 25,000 engines, each of at least 1,000 H. P. These are in addition to numerous less powerful engines.

Canada's Output

A large number of aircraft manufactured in the United States are transferred across the border into Canada where thousands of British pilots are being trained. The actual transfer from American to Canadian soil occurs at a place some 3,500 ft. above sea level, and there landing fields have been built on either side of the border, linked by a straight road 800 yards long. As Canadian airmen cannot cross the frontier without the risk of internment, the aeroplanes are taxied from the American field for 500 yards before being attached to a cable, by which they are drawn into Canada. The process is made easier by a slight decline in the ground. After reaching Canadian soil the machines are taxied to the Alberta landing field and are then flown to their destinations.

This method does not break the restriction contained in the U. S. Neutrality Act against delivery of belligerent armament being made by American subjects. It also surmounts the clause whereby title must be taken for the goods before they leave the United States. Because Canada offers such satisfactory facilities for delivery, she is likely to become a clearing ground for all British and French purchases in the United States.

We see from the above evidence something of what the Americans are doing to help the Allies. We might go further and try to discover what they are thinking. One may as well ask all Europe to express itself in one single-minded conviction as expect the United States to have a national "point of view." The country is as wide as the distance between Paris and Baghdad and as deep as the distance between London and Warsaw. The group of Great Lakes are so immense that both Bulgaria and Greece could be sunk in them.

Points of View

The United States are too vast to meet under one flag of opinion.

The prosperous automobile manufacturer of Michigan has one point of view: the proud Virginian, tracing his ancestry to a British family that came to the James River in Shakespeare's day, has another. The great mass of share croppers in Tennessee live in poverty and ignorance such as are found in the northern stretches of Poland. They know nothing of British and European affairs. The people of the Middle West are another race: also the farmers of Texas and the San Franciscan merchants, with their interests naturally focussed on the Pacific rather than the Atlantic. It is wrong to pounce upon isolated expressions of opinion about the war from the U.S.A., and seek in them for a national point-of-view. But it is possible, already, to note the change of sentiment among Americans and the increased understanding of the motives of the Allies. It is not easy to convince a cowboy in Arizona or a school teacher in Oregon that his own eventual safety is involved when the British say that they are fighting for Democracy but there are signs that sympathy for the Allies is growing. The stories of the sinking of neutral ships, the invasion of Poland and the shooting of the students in Czechoslovakia are stirring the healthy sympathies of the Americans.

German Americans remain vindictive, but even they write more soberly than at the beginning of the war, and they seem less certain of German success. A German doctor in New York wrote the following illuminating comment on this new train of thought:—

"We have the feeling that if England were in real danger, America would join in on her side....Queerly enough all Germans under-estimate the British Empire. On all sides one hears, "The Colonies won't stand by England" or "There will be revolution in India or Ireland." Not a bit of it! In our neighbour, Canada, thousands of the most modern American aeroplanes are being manufactured day and night, and thousands of pilots are being trained. Even if Germany has nearly 100 million citizens, the British Empire has 500 million, as well as her enormous gold reserves and the sympathies of the U.S.A."

Newspapers from all over the country show the trend in our direction: at least they reveal increasing hatred of the Nazi methods. The "New York Times" wrote of the shooting of the Czech students:—

"Twelve Czechs are dead. In death they tell us that a little people who are proud of their race and nationality continue to believe that destiny will reward their courage and patience. Imperialism which ignores that simple stubborn faith may triumph for a day. In its triumph it sows the seeds of its destruction."

A writer in the "Sunday Times" said:—

"The Germans have given the Czechs a sacred cause which they will never forget. When the time comes, the Czechs will rise, and the young men who have just died will march at the head of their battalions."

In Omaha, in the heart of the States, the "World Herald" says that, "Sentiment for England and France is so strong that it will require a conscious effort for us to remain neutral."

War Office Denies German Story

Hore-Belisha Resignation Canard Exploded

London, Jan. 14.

The War Office yesterday issued a denial of German reports alleging that Mr. Leslie Hore-Belisha resigned from the post of War Minister because Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, on his recent visit to France was surprised by the poor quality of British equipment and discipline.

Such reports, the War Office states, are entirely the invention of German propagandists.

The Premier, it is recalled, in a message before he returned to London from the war zone, said how deeply he was impressed by everything he had seen of the troops and air components, adding he was amazed at the progress which had been made.—Reuter.

Japanese Report on Mandates

Contact with League Still Maintained

Geneva, Jan. 14.

The Mandates Commission section of the League of Nations has received the Japanese Government's report for 1938 on the administration of islands under Japanese mandate.

Some significance is attached to the fact that Japan, although she has withdrawn from the League, is still maintaining contact with League organizations.

The islands under Japanese mandate are in the South Seas, and comprise the Mariana, Marshall and Caroline groups. They have a total area of 2,148 square kilometres.—Reuter.

Egypt Ready to Aid Finland

Geneva, Jan. 13.

The Egyptian Government has notified the Secretariat of the League of Nations that in accordance with the recommendation of the League Assembly on December 14 Egypt is prepared to grant Finland as much assistance as possible.—Havas.

Central British War Fund (Shanghai)

The following subscriptions and donations received during the past week are gratefully acknowledged:—

Balance brought forward	$458,447.65
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Anonymous	50.00
Anonymous	50.00
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	$483,217.6

Balance brought forward	£6,159. 8.11
*Cook, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. M.	1. 0. 0
*Broom, W.	1. 0. 0
*Gouda, A. H.	1. 0. 0
*Rosser, P. M.	1. 0. 0
*Anonymous	10. 0
*Anonymous U.S.$10 at 3.95	2.10. 8
Anonymous	5. 0. 0
*A Welchman, December and January Subscriptions	16. 0. 0
Wilkie, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. A.	5. 0. 0
	£6,192. 9. 7

*—Monthly contributions.
†—Quarterly contributions.

Canton in Flourishing Condition

City Shows Few Signs of Fighting, Briton Says

Canton, Jan. 13.

Contrary to his expectations, Canton proved to be a flourishing city bearing scarcely any traces of the recent hostilities, Group Capt. W. E. G. Bryant, Air Attache to the British Embassy in Japan, told Japanese newspaper men here yesterday afternoon.

It was difficult to realize, he said, that Canton had passed through a baptism of fire not long ago.

Judging from what he had read in newspapers and heard by word of mouth reports, he had thought Canton was a deserted place containing few Chinese, he recalled.

Capt. Bryant was impressed by the sanitary facilities and educational institutions in the city.

It was inevitable, he admitted, that third-party nationals would suffer inconveniences to some extent while Japanese military operations were going on. He said it was his opinion that Japan was making an effort to recognize the interests of third-party nationals.

The British Air Attaché expressed a hope that foreign vessels would soon be permitted to operate on the Pearl River.—Domei.

SOLUTION OF SUNDAY CROSS WORD No. 532

P	R	O	F	A	N	I	T	Y	■	P	■	F
■	■	P	■	S	■	N	■	I	■	E	■	L
R	E	P	■	S	E	C	R	E	T	A	R	Y
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G	A	R	I	S	H	■	A	D	V	I	C	E
R	■	T	■	S	A	M	O	S	■	N	■	I
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E	L	E	V	E	N	■	A	R	A	R	A	T
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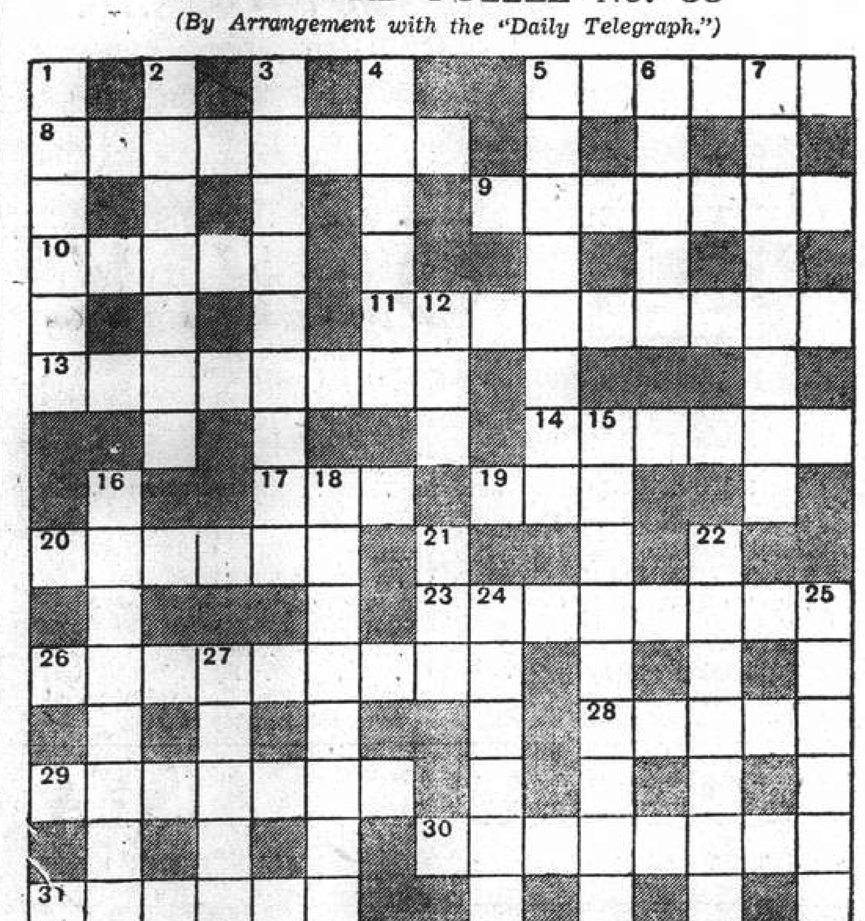
CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 88

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

5 Shilling receptacle for weavers
8 A pest to gardeners
9 A notion starts in the perfect manner
10 Spring helps him fill his larder
11 Waver sick at heart
13 Another little drink (two words)
14 Something even the dullest can grasp
17 For around it is the steward
19 Her following makes an artist
20 He may have died for some cause (naturally!)
23 Room don't upset for it
26 A sweet singer
28 The start of the round?
29 Show that ends with a song
30 His family tree was probably a chestnut
31 Remain in close conjunction

DOWN

1 No, this kind of grass is not nervy
2 This sort of vessel would not be safe in the breakers
3 Beheaded it is a battle of wits, but this is more deadly
4 Its inhabitants have been deprived of their freedom, alas
5 Not pitch dark, but may stop the cricket (two words)
6 Disorderly episode
7 Mention of a strike (two words)
12 The best place for litter
15 Musical instrument
16 4 down is his cage
18 Card game
21 It would be cheerful in my surroundings
22 Prudent
24 Hardly popular
25 When it comes to this Hitler does not mind a tear or two without any tears
27 Kind of wood

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Groundless; 8, Fleet; 9, Ridinghood; 10, Bells; 13, Prone; 16, Mashie; 17, Monaco; 18, Rhine; 19, Fabric; 20, Retain; 21, Eliza; 22, Sampan; 23, Levant; 24, Trend; 27, Beads; 31, Supplicate; 32, First; 33, Henceforth. DOWN: 1, Garm; 2, Oudh; 3, None; 4, Lehar; 5, Spoon; 6, Alternative; 7, Reflections; 11, Camparaderie; 12, Chiropodist; 13, Per cent.; 14, Orifice; 15, Emerald; 25, Rouge; 26, N.S.P.C.C.; 28, Kief; 29, Fair; 30, Mesh.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

YOU can obtain a British degree in accountancy or secretaryship in Shanghai. Send for free prospectus. British School of Accountancy, 264, Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -8962

WANTED, young Chinese girl stenographer, good knowledge of English essential. Address Box 374, NCDN. -759

CHINESE book-keeper wanted by foreign firm. Perfect knowledge of English and book-keeping essential. Please state qualifications and salary required. Address Box 404, NCDN. -832

WANTED by foreign export firm a male Chinese, experienced typist/filing. Reasonable salary. Apply own handwriting in English, Post Office Box 1266 or Telephone 10271. 10242

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

GENTLEMAN speaking French, English, Spanish, German, 20 years in Far East, seeks position. Import, export. First offers Post Office Box 4085. -652

EXPERIENCED steno-tyist, willing work mornings/afternoons. Address Box 396, NCDN. -817

YOUNG refugee girl seeks position with one-two children, speaks English, is proficient in gymnastics. Box 323, NCDN. -658

COMPETENT, experienced, and well-educated lady stenographer, seeks position in well-established firm. Box 317, NCDN. -643

Business Opportunities

OWING owner's urgent departure, fully-equipped dressmaking salon for sale. Good running business. Rent very moderate, lease, good location. Box 5636, NCDN. -760

FOR SALE. Attention of soap factories. Owner left Shanghai, Glycerin and fats splitting factory (Twitchell process). High class metal apparatus. Cheap rent. Reasonable price. Address Box 335, NCDN. -716

BRITISH lady, travelling Singapore, willing to find agents for guaranteed Shanghai firms. Only genuine offers will be considered. Address Box 321, NCDN. -651

SPACE available in Haiphong godown fully guaranteed transit via Indo-China in one month for any quantity of cargo. Box 329, NCDN. -684

CLAIMS and debts attended to on commission basis. Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 10013

TRADE enquiries, financial status reports, insurance (all classes). Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 10011

ARMOURED cars with armed foreign guards, for transporting treasure. Clarkes Agency, 86 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 10012

Educational

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, book-keeping, coding, filing. Students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. 10125

VIOLIN lessons, Professor A. Wittenberg, teacher of Music Department University. 394 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 76117. -124

PIANO lessons, chord system, easy method for adults, A1 references. $20 monthly twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -348

FIGUEIREDO'S School of shorthand and typewriting. Progressive, painstaking, thorough, irreproachable. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10009

LESSONS in practical Ioga-treatment of chronic, functional disorders and paralysis. L. V. Grosse (neutral), 651 Weihaiwei Road, Telephone 35133. -429

Miscellaneous

CARPETS cleaned chemically. 10 cents per square foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company, telephone 12170. -77

READ British and American Magazines, delivered anywhere twice or three times weekly $4 monthly, second run $2, also Pocket Library, Penguins, Crime Club etc. Telephone 14189 for list or call 267 Kiangse Road. The Home Magazine Library. 10076

Lost

NOTICE is hereby given that Warehouse Warrant No. A 0005066, issued by National Commercial Bank North Soochow Road Warehouse, Shanghai, in the name of Hong Chang Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Mill Co., for 30 packages of cotton yarn, marked 6 counts Hong Pao Yee Yarn 六支紅寶彝紗 has been declared lost. The public is hereby warned against accepting same, as it shall become null and void upon discovery. Hong Chang Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Mill Co., Ltd. 鴻章紗廠啓 -823

LOST, two Bills of Lading Nos 151 and 152 ex ss. Kwei Sang leaving Shanghai on 6/6/1939 for Swatow, covering 5 bales woollen Venetian and 5 bales woollen serge, marked Y.K. in diamond. Notification of loss has been sent Steamship & Co. It is notified that delivery be made upon presentation of duplicate of Bills of Lading. Should the original Bills of Lading be found, they are considered as null and void. Changsha Yung Kee & Company, Shanghai Branch. -708

Personal

YOUNG Chinese gentleman, LL.B. wants to meet educated young Japanese lady for friendship and exchange language. Box 385, NCDN. -788

Mortgages and Loans

FOREIGN going concern wants loan $10,000 for two years. Profit $1,200 annually, guarantee offered. Box 282, NCDN. -593

ENGLISH lady requires loan $3,000 repayable in American dollars. Monthly repayments. Guarantee given. Good interest paid. Box 348, NCDN. -783

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TRIUMPH portable typewriter, new. Telephone 74179. Feld. -765

BARGAIN sale of newest styles of folding Singer sewing machines. 133 Hamilton House, 170 Kiangse Road. -818

BABY bed, $55. American make, excellent condition. Entirely mosquito-proof, light and airy, kapoc mattress. Telephone 30908 or Box 398, NCDN. 10243

UNDERWOOD typewriter, 10 inches, new, A1 condition, US$20 for quick sale. 2094 Avenue Haig, near Zikawei. -761

SHIRTS made to measure. Superior "double-thread" broadcloth $15.50, "Tootal" $24, "Clydella" Wool $35, Razon's Central Road. 10246

BEAUTIFUL antic and modern paintings, attractive porcelain, rarities, antiquities, objets d'art of genuine value. 12 Rue du Consulat. Room 501, Telephone 87801. -641

NICK'S Secondhand Furniture Shop, we pay best price for furniture, carpets, pianos, frigidaires and household effects. Telephone 73937, 146A Route des Soeurs, 3 inside. -802

LEHMANN machine with three steel rolls. Perfect condition. Suitable for confectioneries, painting works. 245/41 Pingliang Road, Wayside, or 805 Avenue Joffre, Vinokooroff, Telephone 77153. -781

FINE selection of oil-paintings, some excellent Persian carpets (Bokhara), for sale. Dr. Samet, 2 Avenue Petain. -721

UNDERWOOD portable typewriter for sale. Standard four keyboard; like new. Bargain. Telephone 34890. -714

WONDERFUL porcelain, crystalware and glassware. 181 Avenue Dubail, Apartment 2. -670

PAIR riding boots, black, size 8½, trees complete; ladies ditto size 4½. Telephone 33251, call Apartment 12, 30 Nanyang Road. 10236

HIGH-GRADE paints and varnishes, spray guns, shaftings, hangers and steel beams for sale at reasonable prices. Apply Simmons Co., 61 Yantszepoo Road, 5th floor. 8-10 a.m. -682

AVAILABLE for sale 1,000 tons monthly, anthracite coal f.o.b. Haiphong, lower than market price, sample and analysis available in Shanghai. Box 328, NCDN. -684

RARE occasion, antiques, rarities, the similar have never been seen, also attractive crystalware and porcelain. Dr. Weiss, 150 Tifeng Road, House 15, Flat 2. -659

SECONDHAND furniture store. Buying and selling, new and secondhand furniture, household effects, cut-glass, carpets, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -19

CROWN Hosiery. Just received large assortment of crepe-chiffon and service-weight stocking. 239 Cardinal Mercier. 10183

ENGLISH billiard table, 6ft x 12ft, excellent condition. Address inquiries to Box 312, NCDN. 10218

FOR SALE, violin "Virtuoso," perfect tune, $1,000. Apply at the Office New Royal Hotel, Telephone 21933. -472

ALL woollen travelling rugs for sale in assorted designs at $25 each cash. Quantity discounts by arrangement. H. C. Dixon & Son, Ltd. Lane 126/10 Szechuen Road. 10171

SHIRTS correctly made to measure. English poplins and pure silk from $14.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10186

TYPEWRITER, Ideal, 10-in. carriage, latest model practically brand-new, US$60. No brokers. Address Box 314, NCDN. -578

WOOL-JERSEY dresses and suits made in Vienna. Only 60 left. Smart style and colours. All sizes. For sports and dress occasions. Call Apartment E2, House 3, 1248 Lafayette, Telephone 76265. -674

SECONDHAND telegraph code Acme, Bentley's, for sale. Great China Secondhand Book Store, Room 117, 429 Kiukiang Road. -468

BARGAIN, real silver and plated sets, crystalware, porcelain, bronzes, Philips radio, lady's fur-coat, vacuum cleaner, etc. 494 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace, Room 6, Telephone 61114. -88

VISIT us and you will find all things you like at Emigrant Sellers, 726 East Seward Road. -20

Wanted to Rent

WANTED by old Shanghai resident five to ten-roomed house with garden. Low rental, long lease. P. O. Box 1010. -785

WANTED five or six-roomed house, residential district, low rental, long lease. Telephone 75523. -729

FURNISHED or unfurnished house required by Englishman and wife, willing to pay additional rent for good garden. Box 326, NCDN. -676

WANTED to rent three/four-roomed apartment, will buy furniture. Location: centre of Concession. Address Box 225, NCDN. -464

WANTED by foreign couple two/three roomed apartment/flat, modern conveniences. French Concession or International Settlement. Address Box 201, NCDN. -403

WANTED apartment, two/four rooms or small house, willing to pay highest price. Telephone 72782. -692

WANTED to rent: unfurnished house, minimum 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, garage, garden, modern sanitation and usual offices. Western district Settlement or Concession. Write Hutchison, British Embassy or telephone Mrs. Hutchison, Cathay Hotel. 10234

WANTED to rent, apartment, not less than 4 preferably 5 or 6 rooms or house of 6 or more rooms, in western residential part of International Settlement; occupation soonest possible. Address Box 4966, NCDN. 10008

WANTED house or apartment by responsible foreigner. Willing take furniture over and pay key-money. Telephone 74850 -13

Office Cars

SEAT vacant. Roi Albert. Joffre/Museum Road. Four trips 8.30—4.30. Reply Box 387, NCDN. -794

Boats

FOR SALE, speedboat, 17 feet, Gray Phantom engine 80 h.p., in perfect condition. Address Box 331, NCDN. 10237

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -693

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, 1937 streamlined Citroen, 4-door sedan, owner-driven, low petrol consumption, excellent condition. Only US$330. Address Box 377, NCDN. -766

WE buy and sell used cars and trucks, for best prices consult us. Auto Trading Co., 613 Szechuen Road, Telephone 17289-19351. -145

FIAT 1500. 4-door sedan, 1939 model. Like new. Low petrol consumption. Owner leaving. Telephone offers 77495 from 9 to 12 noon. No brokers. -780

CITROEN 1932 model, very good condition, owner-driven. Telephone 74179. Feld. No dealers. -765

1935 Buick de luxe four-door sedan in perfect condition. American Motors, 444 Avenue Foch, Telephone 35646. 10251

AUSTIN Seven two-door coach, very good running order, $1,700 or nearest offer. No brokers. Telephone 18909, business hours. -803

STEWART truck 1935 in perfect running condition at reasonable price. Box 350, NCDN. -758

1937 Ford V8, 60 H.P. Four-door Saloon. Excellent condition. For quick sale US$700. Telephone 16660 or write Box 391, NCDN. -810

FORD V8 roadster, good condition, recently overhauled. Also suitable for light delivery wagon. Telephone 75523. -728

MORRIS Minor for sale, low petrol consumption, good running order. $1,000. Address Box 318, NCDN. -644

WANTED, a recent model, used closed car, for cash from private owner. Apply stating lowest price. Box 330, NCDN. 10230

1937 FORD-85-De Luxe, cash sale or willing trade with slight cash balance, for 1936 Pontiac, Oldsmobile. What offers? Address Box 270, NCDN. 10189

WE have in stock a complete line of used cars. We also buy, exchange and lend money on cars. American Motors, Fed Inc. U.S.A. 444 Avenue Foch. Telephone 35646. 10014

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -10874

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before January 20, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 5323, 5340, 5344, 5353, 5366, 5372, 5375, 5376, 5420, 5423, 5430, 5435, 5463, 5500, 5504, 5512, 5552, 5609, 5617, 5622, 5636.

Rooms with Board

THE GARDENS Guest House, spacious, quiet, comfortable. Excellent board-residence for families. Large garden, 90, Route des Soeurs. 10064

WANTED buy secondhand carpets, trunks, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, ask Mr. Bers, 8-10 a.m 1-3, 6-8 p.m. 10140

COMFORTABLE flat or single rooms, suitable for bachelors in annex to large residence with garden and tennis court. Home cooking. Mrs. C. Sim, Telephone 21850. -791

ATTIC flat of two rooms facing south, two bathrooms. Also large room facing south, private bathroom. British preferred. Mrs. Eriksen, 335 Rue Bourgeat. -740

Rooms Without Board

FRENCH Concession. Well furnished large three roomed flat. Bath room, box room, steam heated, etc. All modern conveniences, court. Telephone 71614.

$90, LARGE room, steam heating, no refugee. Telephone 74653. 421 Roi Albert, Intersavin Apartment 1A. -841

LARGE furnished room, central heating, permanent hot water. Responsible single party only. Tram-stop. 1831 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3, after 11 a.m. -796

ONE furnished room, all conveniences, for single person. Board optional. Corner Ferguson/Avenue Joffre. Telephone 79445. -800

LARGE, furnished room. Apartment Avenue Joffre. Facing south. Steam heated. Hot water. Modern conveniences. Telephone 78152. -631

COMFORTABLE, steamheated, sunny, south room for single gentleman in small private British family. Telephone 73544 or Box 336, NCDN. 10225

TO LET, modern, newly furnished room with steamheating and all conveniences in quiet apartment to single person only. Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 33833 or address Box 333, NCDN. -706

ONE sunny, well-furnished room, to let for single man or woman. 52 Route de Sieyes, corner Albert. -741

LARGE rooms to let. South and North Szechuen Roads. Modern conveniences. Apply 681 Szechuen Road. -877

Unfurnished Houses

SEVEN-roomed flat with two bathrooms, kitchen, closets, garden, near Jessfield Park, to be taken over at reasonable price. Rent $200 including tax and water. No heating. Telephone 72841, between 10-3. -710

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED desk space in town. State location and terms. Address Box 370, NCDN. -718

OFFICE space available. Can be used as room. Central district. Apply 631 Szechuen Road. -577

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

360 RUE Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Soeurs. Massage, from 2 to 8. -139

MASSAGE, manicure, pedicure, 9. Central Arcade, upstairs, Corner Szechuen Road, entrance from Ezra Road. Telephone 11984. -667

LADY gives massage from 9 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. -400

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 10088

Radios

RADIO OK? For minor repairs, cleaning, balancing $3. Telephone 43383. Chang's Radio Corporation. 102 North Chekiang Road. -352

AMERICAN and European radios repaired by qualified foreign engineers. Antennas installed. For service telephone 78644. Radio and Electrical Ind., 145 Route Sayzoong. -542

QUALITY radio service. RCA equipped and personnelled. Radio Corporation of Asia. 361-3 Avenue Foch. Telephone 87777. -404

EARL cabinet-type radio, eight tubes. Telephone 74179. Feld. -765

RCA Radio and phonograph with automatic record changer, 102 records, 9 albums, $960. New Detrola, all-wave, 5 tubes, $275. Zenith model 1934, 10 tubes, $425. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, Telephone 19225. 10015

Chinese Servants

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -694

COULD any one recommend good cook-boy who is also willing to do general house work of a small house? Box 379, NCDN. -773

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -10808

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, two-roomed, modern, fully-furnished apartment; verandah, bathroom, kitchen; taxes, hot water, steam heat, crockery, cutlery etc., inclusive rent $260. Suitable for one or two persons. Tifeng Road. Telephone 20666. 10261

TWO-roomed flat, two baths, kitchen. No keymoney. Best location French. Apply General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road. -798

FOR immediate occupation, one, two, three, four-roomed apartments, furnished/unfurnished. Houses, flats. European Traders Co., 367 Kiangse Road, Telephone 11667. -732

Houses and Land

ANYONE who wants to sell houses and lands located in Hongkew, please apply to Tanaka Interpreter-Negotiator Service, Kung Yik Fong, North Szechuen Road, Telephone 46522. 10264

TRANSACTIONS on land, houses, apartments, rooms, offices, godowns, etc. Bought, sold, rented. Apply Trust Trading Co., 14, Museum Rd., Room 41a, Telephone 16175. -176

WANTED small house with about four feng of land in French Concession, all conveniences or land without house. No broker. Address Box 407, NCDN. -856

FOR rent 19 years residence (Route Delastre), 18 rooms. Price $40,000, which amount must be returned after 19 years with bank's guarantee. Residence can be sublet for $6,000 per year as income. Agency "Korlin" 146A/1 Route des Sœurs, telephone 78499. -829

WANTED to buy a house, six/seven rooms, good residential district or two/three mow of land for building. Address Box 228, NCDN. 10166

WANTED to rent for small house half to one mow land, ten to fifteen years, French Concession. Telephone 75523. -730

FOR SALE, house of 12 apartments on Avenue Joffre. Annual nett income $17,000. Price $110,000. Term: 23 years. Agency Korlin, 146A/1 Route des Sœurs, Telephone 78499. -707

WANTED to buy about three mows of land in French Concession. Address Box 165, NCDN. -316

FOR SALE, various land lots and houses. Apply Agency Korlin, 146A/1, Route des Sœurs, Telephone 78499. -11

Wanted to Purchase

WE offer cash for used radios and radiograms. Address Box 246, NCDN. or telephone 38488, 12-2 p.m. -407

WANTED bicycle, must be in good condition. Suitable for girl 8-10 years. Address Box 250, NCDN. -821

WANTED, old maps of China and the Far East. Write Box 392, NCDN. 10250

ANY KIND second-hand things, any condition. Will pay fair price. 510 Peking Road, Telephone 96967. -804

WANTED 16 or 17-gauge zinc plates-(sheet). Quotations stating size, quality and lowest price ex godown Shanghai to Box 405, NCDN. 10255

A.B.C. CODE 6th wanted to buy. Please ring up 16446. -725

WANTED to buy: second-hand carpets, clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, 1129 Bubbling Well, House 51, Mr. Corts. -10080

Furnished Houses

RESIDENCE, partly furnished, western district. Contract three years. Rent $300. Garden, garage. Apply 1272 Avenue Joffre. -695

Animals

JOIN the China Kennel Club ($5) and register your dog ($2.50). Non-members registration $5. Room 3, 24 The Bund. 10010

STRAYED from 107 Tunsin Road: grey police dog, answering to "Harras." Any information H. Boysen, Park Hotel or F. Rudloff, Telephone 20482. Reward if necessary. -782

FOR SALE, bull pups. Telephone 37802 between 12.30 and 1.30 p.m. -778

LOST, Friday last, near Route Ferguson, small dog (half Pekingese), yellow hair, name Ajax. Reward. Telephone 22387. -816

PONY insurance is obtainable on moderate terms from Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance), Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 16595. 10212

Medical

WE THRIVE ON DIRT

G. H. PARKES & CO.

TELEPHONE 72248